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FLORIDA DIFFERENTIATED ACCOUNTABILITY PROGRAM 2012-2013 SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

School Name: EAST NAPLES MIDDLE SCHOOL

District Name: Collier

Principal: Mr. Joseph J. Mikulski

SAC Chair: Ms. Susan Edwards

Superintendent: Dr. Kamela Patton

Date of School Board Approval: pending

Last Modified on: 10/19/2012



Gerard Robinson, Commissioner Florida Department of Education 325 West Gaines Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399

Dr. Mike Grego, Chancellor K-12 Public Schools Florida Department of Education 325 West Gaines Street Tallahassee, Florida 32399

PART I: CURRENT SCHOOL STATUS

STUDENT ACHIEVEMENT DATA

Note: The following links will open in a separate browser window.

School Grades Trend Data

Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT)/Statewide Assessment Trend Data

High School Feedback Report

K-12 Comprehensive Research Based Reading Plan

ADMINISTRATORS

List your school's administrators and briefly describe their certification(s), number of years at the current school, number of years as an administrator, and their prior performance record with increasing student achievement at each school. Include history of school grades, FCAT/Statewide assessment performance (percentage data for achievement levels, learning gains, Lowest 25%), and Ambitious but achievable annual measurable objective (AMO) progress.

Position	Name	Degree(s)/ Certification(s)	# of Years at Current School	# of Years as an Administrator	Prior Performance Record (include prior School Grades, FCAT/Statewide Assessment Achievement Levels, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and AMO Progress along with the associated school year)
Principal	Joseph J. Mikulski	Elementary Education, (grades 1 - 6) English For Speakers Of Other Languages (ESOL), Endorsement Educational Leadership, (all Levels) School Principal, (all Levels) BS - Elementary Education MS - Educational Leadership	2	5	School Grades: 2011-12- A 597 points East Naples Middle School (Collier) 2010-11- A 546 points East Naples Middle School (Collier) 2009-10- C 457 points Lake Trafford Elementary (Collier) High Standards: 2011-12 Reading- 55% Math- 52% Writing- 73% Science- 42% 2010-11 Reading- 67% Math- 64% Writing- 89% Science- 45% 2009-10 Reading- 60% Math- 60% Writing- 85% Science- 23% Learning Gains: 2011-12 Reading- 70% Math- 74% 2010-11 Reading- 66% Math- 72% 2009-10 Reading- 56% Math- 51% Lowest 25%: 2011-12 Reading- 76% Math- 73%

					2010-11 Reading- 71% Math- 73% 2009-10 Reading- 68% Math- 54%
Assis Principal	Pamela A. Vickaryous	Certifications: Elementary Education, (grades 1 - 6) English For Speakers of Other Languages ESOL, Endorsement Reading	1	4	School Grades: 2011-12- A 562 points Manatee Elementary (Collier) 2010-11- C 468 points Manatee Elementary (Collier) 2009-10- B 516 points Manatee Elementary (Collier) High Standards: 2011-12 Reading- 57% Math- 59% Writing- 81% Science- 52% 2010-11 Reading- 65% Math- 67% Writing- 76% Science- 39% 2009-10 Reading- 71% Math- 67% Writing- 92% Science- 31%
		Endorsement Degrees: BS - Elementary Education; MS- Educational Leadership			Learning Gains: 2011-12 Reading- 77% Math- 85% 2010-11 Reading- 58% Math- 49% 2009-10 Reading- 72% Math- 60% Lowest 25%: 2011-12 Reading- 91% Math- 91% 2010-11 Reading- 68% Math- 46% 2009-10 Reading- 68% Math- 55%

INSTRUCTIONAL COACHES

List your school's instructional coaches and briefly describe their certification(s), number of years at the current school, number of years as an instructional coach, and their prior performance record with increasing student achievement at each school. Include history of school grades, FCAT/Statewide assessment performance (Percentage data for achievement levels, learning gains, Lowest 25%), and AMO progress. Instructional coaches described in this section are only those who are fully released or part-time teachers in reading, mathematics, or science and work only at the school site.

Subject Area	Name	Degree(s)/ Certification(s)	# of Years at Current School	# of Years as an Instructional Coach	Prior Performance Record (include prior School Grades, FCAT/Statewide Assessment Achievement Levels, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and AMO progress along with the associated school year)
Intervention Support Specialist	Nancy Smith	BA: Elementary Education MED: Instructional Leadership Elementary Education, (grades 1 - 6) English For Speakers Of Other Languages (ESOL), Endorsement Exceptional Student Education, (grades K - 12) Prekindergarten/Primary Education, (age 3 - Grade 3) School Principal, (all Levels)	2	10	Twenty nine years in Collier County Schools as teacher, Program Specialist, Ass't Principal, Reading Coach, RtI/PBS Coach and Intervention Support Specialist. In year 2009-10, EPE moved from an F to a D grade. In 2010-2011 EPE moved from a D to C grade where I served as RtI/PBS Specialist.
Math	Alan Dozer	Elementary Education, (grades 1 - 6) Middle Grades Integrated Curriculum, (grades 5 - 9)	3	5	Eight years teaching experience in a high risk school in Collier County and two years as Math Intervention Specialist. The school met AYP in 4 out of the 5 categories in 2009-10 school year.
Reading	Dana Tracy	BA/Elementary Education, (grades 1 - 6) M.E.d/Reading, (grades K - 12) Certifications: English For	4	3	Twelve years as an elementary teacher in an "A" school. This school made AYP during those years. Intensive reading teacher for one year.

	Speakers Of Other Languages (ESOL), Endorsement		Three years as Reading Coach at ENMS.
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EFFECTIVE AND HIGHLY EFFECTIVE TEACHERS

Describe the school-based strategies that will be used to recruit and retain high quality, effective teachers to the school.

	Description of Strategy	Person Responsible	Projected Completion Date	Not Applicable (If not, please explain why)
11	2. Careful selection of mentor/mentee teams ensures that first and second year teachers have a strong support team.	Principal/Assistant Principal	Ongoing	
2	3. Regularly scheduled Professional Learning Communities with mentor/mentee teams and administration focuses on staff development unique to first and second year teachers.	Principal/Assistant Principal	Ongoing	
3	environment.	Principal/Assistant Principal		
4	High quality, highly qualified teacher are recruited through district screening tools and a structured interview process.	Principal/Assistant Principal	Ongoing	

Non-Highly Effective Instructors

Provide the number of instructional staff and paraprofessionals that are teaching out-of-field and/or who received less than an effective rating (instructional staff only).

*When using percentages, include the number of teachers the percentage represents (e.g., 70% [35]).

Number of staff and paraprofessional that are teaching out- of-field/ and who are not highly effective.	Provide the strategies that are being implemented to support the staff in becoming highly effective
0%	N/A

Staff Demographics

Please complete the following demographic information about the instructional staff in the school.

*When using percentages, include the number of teachers the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

Total Number of Instructional Staff	% of First-Year Teachers		% of Teachers with 6-14 Years of Experience	% of Teachers with 15+ Years of Experience	% of Teachers with Advanced Degrees	% Highly Effective Teachers	% Reading Endorsed Teachers		% ESOL Endorsed Teachers
73	5.5%(4)	32.9%(24)	39.7%(29)	21.9%(16)	30.1%(22)	137.0% (100)	17.8%(13)	0.0%(0)	41.1%(30)

Teacher Mentoring Program/Plan

Please describe the school's teacher mentoring program/plan by including the names of mentors, the name(s) of mentees, rationale for the pairing, and the planned mentoring activities.

Mentor Name	Mentee Assigned	Rationale for Pairing	Planned Mentoring Activities
Tamara Zink	Jorge Nieves	Experienced teacher/teacher new to ENMS	Bi-monthly teacher connection, technology inservices, content/subject matter discussions, MTSS discussions, CTEM, Collier County procedures/practices and other teacher requested trainings.
			Bi-monthly teacher connection, technology inservices,

Dehorah Graham	Michelle Benton	Experienced teacher/teacher new to ENMS	content/subject matter discussions, MTSS discussions, CTEM, Collier County procedures/practices and other teacher requested trainings.
Kerry Garrett	Tanya Rutizer		Bi-monthly teacher connection, technology inservices, content/subject matter discussions, MTSS discussions, CTEM, Collier County procedures/practices and other teacher requested trainings.
Carolyn Politimho	Darla Williams	Experienced teacher/teacher	Bi-monthly teacher connection, technology inservices, content/subject matter discussions, MTSS discussions, CTEM, Collier County procedures/practices and other teacher requested trainings.

ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS

Coordination and Integration

Note: For Title I schools only

Please describe how federal, state, and local services and programs will be coordinated and integrated in the school. Include other Title programs, Migrant and Homeless, Supplemental Academic Instruction funds, as well as violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start, adult education, career and technical education, and/or job training, as applicable.

Title I, Part A

Title I. Part A

- The Collier County School district provides a systematic and strategic approach to providing services through the District Strategic Plan, 3 Year Academic Plan, the K-12 Comprehensive Reading Plan and District Collaborative Planning process. Goals and objectives of each program and department are aligned with these overarching district plans. Additionally:
- Title I Parts A, C, D, and School Improvement (1003a and 1003g), Title II Part A and Title III are managed out of the same Federal and State Grants and English Language Learner Office in Collier County. They share administrative staff so that oversight, coordination, budgeting, staffing, and monitoring are efficiently and effectively coordinated. In addition to informal communications, monthly formal administrative meetings are held to discuss program needs, issues and coordinate efforts.
- Support staff of the Title I Part A, Title I Part C, Title I Part D, and Title X programs meet regularly to coordinate efforts and receive joint staff development for improving their services.
- Regularly scheduled Curriculum and Instruction department meetings are scheduled that include district level program coordinators, including IDEA, Perkins, Head Start, Supplemental Academic Instruction, Advanced Placement Initiative, Career and Technical Education.
- LEA, Title I Basic, Title I Migrant, Title X coordinate services to assist homeless parents of homeless children, and shelters representing the homeless children to resolve problems concerning registration and educational services at Title I schools. The LEA provides services in coordination with the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.
- Title I and District joint funding of the Homeless Liaison staff position and use of additional Title I Part A funds to provide after school tutorials for homeless students in non-Title I schools.
- Title I Part A, Title II Part A and RTTT fund exam reimbursements to ensure staff meet HQT Requirements.
- Title I Part A funds used in collaboration with Title I SIG 1003g, Title II Part A and Reading to fund Academic Coaches at Elementary, Middle and High schools, depending on school DA status and professional learning needs of school faculty.
- · As applicable, depending on school:
- District Resource Team meetings will provide forum for coordination and integration of resources to support unique needs of school sites.

Title I, Part C- Migrant			
Title I, Part D			

Title II

- Title II, Part A collaborates with Collier County Public School's Human Resources in providing funds that are used to reimburse teachers striving to meet Highly Qualified
- Teacher requirements through subject area tests. This helps ensure that all teachers meet HQT requirements and provide high quality instruction.
- Title II funds will support schools with instructional coaching, lesson planning and professional learning by funding several teachers on special assignment in areas of Math and Science; these staff will integrate with the instructional staff at school sites to ensure high quality instruction differentiated to address unique student needs.
- Coordination of professional learning activities, including those funded by Title II, occurs through the following activities: o Individual schools conduct annual staff development surveys to determine staff development needs. A district comprehensive Staff Development Plan and consolidated planning coordinates all available district resources.
- o Staff development within a school (including the use of Title I money) is coordinated through the SIP/Title I Plan and comprehensive needs assessment.
- o Title I and II in-service is coordinated through Learning Support Services departmental curriculum staff.
- o The Director of Federal and State Grants, Executive Director of Federal and State Grants and ELL, the Chief Academic Officer review the professional development allocations in the Title I plans and in the Title II project.
- o Reading coaches receive ongoing professional development through their bi-monthly literacy team meetings. The teacher's individual plan (IPDP) is based upon an assessment of student learning needs, and this analysis of student achievement data in reading is essential to the creation of each teacher's professional development plan.
- o The district will provide ongoing professional development and support for principals on classroom walk-through strategies, including how to give feedback to teachers.

Title III

Title III

Title I and Title III administrators have met to collaborate by providing Title I schools the optimum resources necessary to bring improve academic instruction. This has allowed them to maximize productivity while also eliminating duplicity of services, use of personnel and instructional materials. There are five major areas of collaboration: 1) tutoring, 2) teacher training, 3) parental involvement activities, 4) highly qualified personnel and 5) before and after school programs to address the needs of our most needy students in order to improve student achievement and development while meeting the Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives (AMAOs). Upon reviewing and analyzing the English Language Learners' (ELLs) data, found key factors that prevented the District from achieving the Annual Measurable Achievement Objectives (AMAOs). Among those factors are included two groups:

Group 1 presented the following challenges:

- 1) Lack of previous education or limited education,
- 2) Lack of literacy in heritage language
- 3) Lack of academic skills in ELLs' heritage language,
- 4) Lack of consistency in attending school in home country and/or in the United States, and
- 5) Lack of parental support in the home.

Group 2 presented the following challenges:

- 1) Uninterrupted education.
- 2) Average literacy in heritage language.
- 3) Less than average academic proficiency in heritage language.
- 4) Consistency in attending school, and
- 5) Some parental support in the home.
- (See District School Improvement Plan for English Language Learners.)

Title X- Homeless

Title X- Homeless

The Collier County School District, through a No Child Left Behind grant, provides support services and resources for homeless students and their families. A homeless liaison works with school staff, Title I Migrant staff, and community agencies, and local shelters to identify eligible students, expedite school registration and bus transportation, as well as provide school supplies, shoes and uniforms. The homeless liaison aids in securing before and after school care for students when appropriate. The liaison also monitors enrollment data, attendance records, and grades for all homeless students through the district database and school contacts. Coordination services are provided by the LEA as they relate to the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.

The support staff from the Title I Part A, Title I Part C, Title I Part D, and Title X programs regularly meets to coordinate services as well as participate in staff development. Homeless students and their parents are served by LEA, Title I Basic, Title I Migrant personnel and shelters to address issues concerning the registration and educational services at Title I schools. Title I and district funding provides for after school tutorials for homeless students in non-title I schools.

Suppl	lemental	Academic	Instruction	(SAI)
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Nutrition Programs

Nutrition Programs: The District is offering breakfast at no charge to all students through the USDA Provision 2 breakfast program. All reduced students are receiving lunch at no charge. The NSLP Fresh Fruit and Vegetable program is being offered in twelve elementary schools. We are continuing to institute the OrganWise program through the University of Florida in qualifying elementary schools.

Housing Programs

Housing Programs - NA

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Head Start

Head Start: The Head Start Program in Collier County Public Schools serves 712 four-year-olds in targeted elementary sites based on the needs of the parents and students. The Head Start Program includes students identified for ESE services, Voluntary Prekindergarten (VPK) students, and students identified as Title I and Migrant. By coordinating efforts and funding, the all-encompassing Head Start Program is able to serve approximately 300 additional eligible students than the funding from Head Start alone supports.

Head Start provides comprehensive services to eligible families and their children. These comprehensive services include education, social services, parent involvement, and health services. These services are coordinated with the requirements of the other funding sources as a seamless service for parents and our 4-year-old students. The Head Start Program is a vital part of our school community and these students are included in all academic and extra-curricular/enrichment programs as appropriate.

Adult Education

Career and Technical Education

Career and Technical Education

Please describe how federal, state, and local services and programs will be coordinated and integrated in the school. Include other Title programs, Migrant and Homeless, Supplemental Academic Instruction funds, as well as violence prevention programs, nutrition programs, housing programs, Head Start, adult education, career and technical education, and/or job training, as applicable.

Career and Technical Education

Career Education students are offered the opportunity to earn a third party industry-approved certification which is designed to demonstrate to potential employers the technical skills and abilities for the students. Students also have the opportunity to earn the Florida Ready-to-Work Credential which is designed to demonstrate to future employers the reading and mathematics skills of the students. The purpose of both credentials is to integrate Real-world skills and abilities to the instructional objectives for both career and academic courses. In addition all CE programs offer the opportunity to include both On-the-Job Training and or Executive Internships to further show the relationships between high school programs and real world skills.

Job Training

Job Training

Students are offered Job Training programs through a variety of programs. All CE programs offer On-The-Job Training programs for situations where students are paid. Non-Paid opportunities are offered as Executive Internships. Students may also enroll for the Volunteer class which is offered in many school locations.

In addition to the Career and Technical courses available to all students, the Collier Skill Training for Employment Program (CO-STEP) is designed to meet the unique needs of students with disabilities. This program provides individualized instruction, training, and counseling services to assist students with disabilities in successfully developing marketable skills in career and technical coursework as well as on-the-job training in the community.

Other

Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)/Response to Instruction/Intervention (RtI)

School-based MTSS/RtI Team

Identify the school-based MTSS leadership team.

The East Naples Middle School Rtl Leadership Team consists:

Mr. Joe Mikulski- Principal

Mrs. Pamela Vickaryous- Assistant Principal

Mrs. Michelle Gordon- Dean of Students

Mrs. Dana Tracy- Reading Coach

Mr. Alan Dozer- Math Intervention Specialist

Ms. Nancy Smith- Intervention Support Specialist

Mrs. Carol Brehm- School Counselor

Ms. Susan Edwards- School Counselor

Ms. Rose Gonzalez- School Counselor

Describe how the school-based MTSS Leadership Team functions (e.g., meeting processes and roles/functions). How does it work with other school teams to organize/coordinate MTSS efforts?

The MTSS Leaderhip Team meets weekly. The meeting focuses on the areas of concern identified by student data and other informal data. The data teams meet weekly with the AP/CI to discuss progress monitoring and best instructional practices. The instructional coaches meet weekly to discuss student data and assist the teams in forming instructional hypothesis within the problem solving process as to effective instructional practices that will meet student needs. All meeting notes are entered into the local data warehouse. All data teams interface with each other to incorporate the whole child. Classroom teachers implement effective instructional strategies based on data and with the assistance of academic coaches. School Counselors meet with PLC data teams of teachers and individually with students to ensure social/emotional issues as well of scheduling issues are addressed to encourage student success. Principal/AP provide leadership and monitor the data teams through active participation in the problem solving process and following with the progress monitoring necessary for student success. Instructional coaches assist teachers with Highly-effective instructional strategies that are designed for student achievement. In addition, the coaches will model, mentor and co-teach to insure that the instructional staff is maintaining fidelity with the strategy implementation.

Describe the role of the school-based MTSS Leadership Team in the development and implementation of the school improvement plan. Describe how the RtI Problem-solving process is used in developing and implementing the SIP?

The RtI Leadership Team provides teachers with the data trends that can assist in the designing of effective lessons and strategies that will improve student achievement. The team uses the data to guide in the problem solving process which includes progress monitoring. These data trends are the basis of the SIP goals and strategies for improvement.

MTSS Implementation

Describe the data source(s) and the data management system(s) used to summarize data at each tier for reading, mathematics, science, writing, and behavior.

Tier I

Reading-FAIR data from PMRN; District Benchmark tests

Math-District formative tests from district data warehouse;

Social Studies- formative tests from district data warehouse;

Science-District formative tests from district data warehouse;

Writing-Baseline and monthly prompts; 6th grade using PARCC writing prompts

Behavior-Referral data from Student Pass both Positive and Negative Referrals (district database)

Tier II and Tier III

Reading, Math, Science, Social Studies, Writing, Behavior-ongoing progress monitoring from formative assessments; data entered and monitored in district data warehouse.

NOTE: lesson plans when used as a process to determine effectiveness of strategy are monitored by the principal and assistant principal. These plans are housed in ANGEL - our web-based school PLC information repository. Lesson plans are monitored not less than twice per month.

Our Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) meet as a grade level weekly to review and analyze formative data, as well as design instructional activities to target students with demonstrated weaknesses. The principal and assistant principal meet weekly with the teams to review data, discuss challenges, reflect on education practices, and provide suggestions/listen to suggestions for student improvement.

Our Intervention Support Specialist assists school teams that meet in professional learning communities throughout the RTI process. During these RTI meetings, the teams discuss teaching and learning. Teams examine the standards to be taught, share best practices, engage in building common formative assessments and review data. As a team they have strengthened their core teaching and have established that 80% of their students will meet the requirements. Re-teaching will occur as needed for the Tier 1 students. Data Warehouse has been designed to record the minutes from these meetings as well as to follow the progress of groups and individual students. This Tier 1 data will be used during PLCs to follow the rate of student progress over time. Teachers share results and best practices.

As students fail to meet with success in Tier 1, students are referred to the school's RtI team and Tier 2 strategies. The Data Warehouse data management system continues to follow the student's progress as monitored by the PMP. Online assessments and other data points are tracked on the charts and graphs in the Data Warehouse.

Describe the plan to train staff on MTSS.

All instructional staff were invited to attend a two-day seminar prior to the teacher pre-planning week. The seminar focused on differentiated instruction and was provided by our school's partnership with the University of Florida Lastinger Program. In addition, staff will take part in mini-inservices during planning meetings at least quarterly and the MTSS instructional strategies will be addressed and shared among the professionals. Teachers will be observed through the Collier Teacher Evaluation Model and provided feedback in order to enhance their instruction. The Literacy Leadership Team will also receive additional inservice and will provide support to their team members. Monthly newsletters will be shared with the staff prepared by the Intervention Support Specialist designed to assist teachers to begin honing skills for instruction.

Describe the plan to support MTSS.

MTSS will be supported in bi-monthly data teams within departments to share data. Best practices and design detailed differentiated lessons. The data teams will also discuss trends and plan additional support for those students needing more assistance. This also will include those students that need rigor, and advanced opportunities to advance to the next level. Within these meetings current PMP's will be discussed. Close attention will be paid to the progress of our at-risk learners.

Literacy Leadership Team (LLT)

-School-Based Literacy Leadership Team-

Identify the school-based Literacy Leadership Team (LLT).

East Naples Middle School Literacy Leadership Team

Joe Mikulski, Principal; Pamela Vickaryous, A.P.C.; Michelle Gordon, Dean; Kerry Garrett, Math; Tamara Zink, S. Studies; Carol Williams, Reading; Carly Cross, Science; Deborah Graham, Math; Kayla Fulghum, Math; Amy Diemert, Science; Veronica Clark, Science; Alan Dozer, Math Coach; Dana Tracy, Reading Coach; Nancy Smith, Intervention Support Specialist; Oben Jones, Technology; Jennifer Gersten, P.E.; Nancy Smith, Speech; Sharon Schaefer, Math; Melissa Roxberry, Social Studies; Carol Brehm, School Counselor; Karen McLean, Media

Describe how the school-based LLT functions (e.g., meeting processes and roles/functions).

The Literacy Leadership Team meets monthly to discuss progress of school's literacy and share common practices. Data will be shared from the various grade level assessments to determine which intervention protocols could be followed with fidelity. The team reviews formative assessment data, students' responses to intervention, and links them to instructional decisions. The team collaborates regularly with the aim of problem solving, sharing effective instructional practices, and evaluating implementation. All meetings are documented in the Collier County Data Warehouse.

What will be the major initiatives of the LLT this year?

The major initiatives of the Literacy Leadership Team this year are to support the strengthening of core instruction by providing leadership in the use of rigorous instruction, relevant engaging lessons, and building reading stamina. Support for the initiatives will be given through:

Continued implementation of academic vocabulary

Cornell Notes

T.H.I.E.V.E.S.

CTEM Implementation

On-line testing practice for 6th graders
Increased number of Reading Renaissance minutes
School-wide Tier I and Tier II intervention
Whole school research process
Lesson Plans
Differentiation
Webb's Depth of Knowledge Questions

Writing Response/ Journaling Implementation Close Reading with a variety of text complexities

Public School Choice

Supplemental Educational Services (SES) Notification View uploaded file (Uploaded on 9/14/2012)

*Elementary Title I Schools Only: Pre-School Transition

Describe plans for assisting preschool children in transition from early childhood programs to local elementary school programs as applicable.

N/A

*Grades 6-12 Only

Sec. 1003.413(b) F.S.

For schools with Grades 6-12, describe the plan to ensure that teaching reading strategies is the responsibility of every teacher.

Reading education is prepared and taught in all content areas and related arts. Every teacher advances this by Modeling, Prereading, during reading, and after reading strategies. Teachers of reading (content and related arts) embrace the following strategies when utilizing reading material:

- 1. Activating background knowledge and making connections between new and known information.
- 2. Self-questioning the text to clarify meaning.
- ${\it 3. Drawing inferences from the text using background knowledge and clues from the text.}\\$
- 4. Determining importance in text to separate details from main idea.
- 5. Employing fix-up strategies to repair confusion.
- 6. Utilizing sensory images to enhance comprehension and visual reading.
- 7. Synthesizing and extended thinking activities.

The following cross-curriculum reading programs, are but a small number of examples, addressing cross-curriculum reading programs at ENMS:

T.H.I.E.V.E.S., Webb's Depth of Knowledge Questions, Writing Response/Journaling, Intertextual Triads, Close Reading Procedures, Cornell Notes, Thinking Maps, McRell, Criss, Thinking Aloud, Shared Reading, Graphic Organizers, Cognitive Strategy Instruction and Applied Differentiated Instruction.

Authentic and content specific literacy is the responsibility of all teachers. Although not every teacher is a reading teacher per se, all teachers are indeed comprehension teachers who convey information to their students via the written word. In the effort to support literacy across disciplines, all secondary content area teachers in Collier County Public Schools teach the literacy standards of the Common Core State Standards and utilize Collaborative Comprehension Strategies that guide students in pre-reading, comprehension monitoring, and summative question generating when encountering text. In addition, CCPS offers NGCAR-PD courses in order to build teachers' capacity to provide scaffolded literacy instruction to striving readers.

As a result of classroom walkthroughs and observations, the LLT will ensure teachers of students taking the Florida Alternate Assessment are utilizing general guidelines for literacy instruction: (1) recognizing the link between communication and literacy; (2) maintaining high expectations for students to acquire literacy; (3) making literacy materials and activities accessible; (4) following the interest of the child; and (5) engaging the student in direct and systematic instruction.

*High Schools Only

Note: Required for High School - Sec. 1003.413(g)(j) F.S.

How does the school incorporate applied and integrated courses to help students see the relationships between subjects and relevance to their future?

N/A

How does the school incorporate students' academic and career planning, as well as promote student course s	elections, so that
students' course of study is personally meaningful?	

N/A

Postsecondary Transition

Note: Required for High School - Sec. 1008.37(4), F.S.

Describe strategies for improving student readiness for the public postsecondary level based on annual analysis of the <u>High School Feedback Report</u>

N/A

PART II: EXPECTED IMPROVEMENTS

Reading Goals

27%(259 students)

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:

1a. FCAT2.0: Students scoring at Achievement Level 3 in reading.

By the end of FY 13, 28% of students will score a level 3 on the FCAT Reading test.

2012 Current Level of Performance:

2013 Expected Level of Performance:

Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement

28%(305 students)

	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
7	incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will receive professional learning opportunities by instructional coaches in order to deepen their understanding of writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase the percent of Level 3 students.	Assistant Principal; Dean of Students; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need.	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments
	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice	order to inform planning and instructional	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0;
	across all classrooms.	uecisiuris.	INSS;	may require reteaching	TCAT 2.0,

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

2	Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held with students for the purpose of goal setting and reviewing individualized data: admin. to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will implement best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.	Classroom Teachers; Students	of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
3	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the	Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM);

		3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (in Reading/ Language Arts) across a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell notes will also be used in classrooms.		coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
4	1. Rigor	develop higher-order questions that are text dependent and require students to utilize close reading and re-reading of complex texts. Questions should be designed in such a way as to lead students into	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Classroom Teacher; INSS; Students;	Lesson Plans; Classroom Observations; CTEM Coaching Cycle	CTEM; PLC Meetings & Notes; Common Formative an Summative assessments;
5	2. Interactive:	2.a. Interactive: During PLCs, teacher will triangulate data to determine appropriate opportunities for extension and acceleration of Level 3 Reading students.	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Classroom Teacher; INSS; Students;	Lesson Plans; Classroom Observation; PLC Meetings & Notes; Coaching Cycle	CTEM; Lesson Plans; PLC Meetings & Notes; Common Formative an Summative assessments;
6					
of im 1b. F Stud	d on the analysis of stude provement for the following Torida Alternate Assess ents scoring at Levels 4 ling Goal #1b:	ng group: sment:	I reference to "Gu	iding Questions", identify a	and define areas in need
2012	2 Current Level of Perfo			ected Level of Performan	ce:
	F	Problem-Solving Proces	s to Increase St	udent Achievement	
Anti	cipated Barrier Stra	ategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
		No	Data Submitted		

2a. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring at or above Achievement Level 4 in reading. Reading Goal #2a:	By the end of FY 13, 31% of students will score above a level 3 on the FCAT Reading test.
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
28% (263 students)	31% (338 students)

1	I	I	T	I
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking	dependent and require students to utilize close	Classroom Teachers;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using CTEM observation notes. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments: Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/esslips; Common Formative Assessments; TEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments
2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	1	Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes	Common Formative a Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Potests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led

2		in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: During PLC's teacher will triangulate data to determine appropriate opportunities for extension and acceleration to enrich/extend the level of student comprehension. 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.	,	will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Conferences in 6th Grade
3	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly.	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

		close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.			observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	ו
4	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will guide students to independently write and respond to higher-level text dependent questions. Students will collaborate with peers in a small group or whole group format to express their critical thinking skills while using evidence points from texts to support their learning.	Assistant nd Principal; Reading Coach, Classroom Teachers, vill Students, INSS eess		Lesson Plans; Classroom Observation; CTEM	CTEM; Journaling/ Notebooking; Short & Extended Response items
5	2. Interactive:	2.a. Interactive: Teachers will guide students to write data- driven goals in order to focus on areas in need of improvement.		t ; Reading Classroom s, s, INSS,	Data Notebooks; Student Profile Sheets;	Data Warehouse Reports; CTEM; Assessment Data
Base	ed on the analysis of	student achievement data, and	d referenc	ce to "Gui	ding Questions", identify	and define areas in nee
	nprovement for the fo					
ZD.	Florida Alternate As		I			
read		above Achievement Level 7	in			
read Rea	dents scoring at or a ding.	above Achievement Level 7)13 Expe	cted Level of Performar	nce:
read Rea	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b:	above Achievement Level 7	20			nce:
Rea	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b:	above Achievement Level 7 Performance:	20	rease Stu or I sible I		evaluation Tool
Rea	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b: 2 Current Level of P	Performance: Problem-Solving Proces Strategy	Person (Position Respons for	rease Stu or [n sible [ing	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of	
Rea	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b: 2 Current Level of P	Performance: Problem-Solving Proces Strategy	Person of Position Responsion Monitori	rease Stu or [n sible [ing	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of	
Read 201 Ant	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b: 2 Current Level of P	Performance: Problem-Solving Proces Strategy No	Person of Position Responsifor Monitorial Data Sub	or I sible I ing	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
Read 201 Ant Base of in 3a. gair	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b: 2 Current Level of P icipated Barrier ed on the analysis of approvement for the for the formula	Performance: Problem-Solving Proces Strategy No	Person of Position Responsifor Monitoria Data Sub	or Insible Ing	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
Read 201 Ant Base of in 3a. gair	dents scoring at or a ding. ding Goal #2b: 2 Current Level of P icipated Barrier ed on the analysis of approvement for the for the formula formula for the formula formula for the formula formula for the formula	Performance: Problem-Solving Proces Strategy No	Person of Position Responsifor Monitoria Data Sub	or Insible Ing	of FY 13, 73% of students	Evaluation Tool and define areas in need

T			Person or	Process Used to	
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Position Responsible for Monitoring	Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include	Principal;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans	CTEM;
i	ncorporate questioning	higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans		and provide feedback for teachers;	·
ŀ	strategies designed to promote critical, ndependent, and	using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful	Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessmer
	creative thinking	and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS.	Math Coach;	Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC	
		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will receive Professional	INSS; SIOP Coach;	Notes in Data Warehouse;	Student Data Chats Webb's Depth of
		Learning Opportunities on writing and utilizing	Classroom	and walkthroughs	Knowledge and C & Non-negotiables
		higher-order questions. Maintain high	Teachers;	focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to	electronic form; Students'
		expectations for all students to appropriately respond to		teachers;	notebooks/journals/ slips;
		higher-order questions, providing scaffolded support, and structure		Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through	Common Formative Assessments;
		as appropriate for low expectancy students,		discussion and higher- order questioning; adjust	·
		enabling their success in meeting rigorous expectations.		instruction based on need.	assessments
		1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation.		Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions	
		1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase student achievement.		and plan for staff development.	
		1.e. Rigor: Through differentiated instruction and multi-tiered supports, Teacher will scaffold support for meeting high expectations. Intensive classes will be provided to meet the specific needs of students through small group			
		instruction. Technology programs will be used to promote critical thinking and lead students toward independent practice.			
; [2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction:	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting,	Principal; Assistant Principal;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies.	Common Formative Summative assessments; Administrator's
- [and analyzing data to		Collect data using	Evaluations (CTEM)

2	Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs		Classroom Teachers; Students	common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
3	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

		writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms.		PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
4	2. Interactive Learning Strategies: Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills.	2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, including the Fryer Model and Word Maps, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies 2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies	Teachers Principal APC SIOP Coach	Classroom Walk Thru Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	Benchmark tests Common Assessments
5		2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies: Provide increased direct instruction of process of reading texts 2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies	Teachers Principal	Classroom Walkthroughs; Ongoing Progress Monitoring; Coaching Cycle	FAIR; Benchmark tests; Common Assessments;

of improvement for the following group:

3b. Florida Alternate Assessment:
Percentage of students making Learning Gains in reading.

Reading Goal #3b:

2012 Current Level of Performance:

2013 Expected Level of Performance:

Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool	
No Data Submitted					

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:

4. FCAT 2.0: Percentage of students in Lowest 25% making learning gains in reading.

Reading Goal #4:

2012 Current Level of Performance:

2013 Expected Level of Performance:

76% (167 students)

By the end of FY 13, 78% of students in the Lowest 25% will make learning gains on the FCAT Reading test.

2013 Expected Level of Performance:

Anticipated Barrie	er Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Too
1. Rigor: Lessons do not routin incorporate questionir strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	g weekly/daily lesson plans	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; SIOP Coach; INSS	Monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations focused on Higher-Order Questions; CTEM- Using the teacher evalution system to collect data on engaging students by using higher-order questioning Coaching Cycle	Benchmark Tests
2. Interactive Learnin Strategies and	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for	Principal;	Lesson Plans;	СТЕМ;

2	Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	reflect differentiated instruction based on	Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students;	J	Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments
		academic coaches and PLC's. 2.d. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference)			
	for writing outside of	accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students bi-weekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM);
3		3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell		identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss	

		Notes will also be used in all classrooms.		observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
4	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills.	2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, such as Frayer Model and vocabulary maps, THIEVES Pre Reading Strategy, Cornell Notes, Close Reading strategies and Marzano vocabulary strategies 2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies	Principal APC SIOP Coach	Classroom Walk Thru Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	Benchmark tests Common Assessments
5	Students lack the appropriate reading strategies to gain	Strategies: Interactive Strategies: Teachers will utilize	APC SIOP Coach	Classroom Walk Thru Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	FAIR Benchmark tests Common Assessments

Reading Goal # 5A. Ambitious but Achievable Annual By the end of FY 13, 67% of students will meet annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs). In six year measurable objectives (AMOs) in Reading. school will reduce their achievement gap by 50%. 5A: Baseline data 2011-2012 2012-2013 2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016 2016-2017 2010-2011 55% Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup: 5B. Student subgroups by ethnicity (White, Black, Hispanic, Asian, American Indian) not making By the end of FY 13, 67% (730) of students will score at satisfactory progress in reading. least a level 3 on the FCAT Reading test. Reading Goal #5B: 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance:

Based on Ambitious but Achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs), AMO-2, Reading and Math Performance Target

White: 69% (210) Black: 47% (76) Hispanic: 48% (205) Asian: 79% (11) American Indian: 46% (6) White: 74% (258)
Black: 54% (103)
Hispanic: 63% (312)
Asian: 93% (10)
American Indian: 53% (8)

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning	plan for and include		Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers;	CTEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0;
promote critical, independent, and creative thinking	Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will	Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	Common Assessment Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/e slips; Common Formative Assessments;
Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions.	Classroom Teachers;	Coaching Cycle Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the	Common Formative a Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/P tests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade

	appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to address specific at- risk subgroups. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.		debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

		a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms.			
	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Monitor students' ability to respond to higher-order questions with textual	Principal; Assistant	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for	CTEM/ Administrator Evaluation; Benchmark tests;
		evidence to support the response. Assess whether the question produced the strategic and/or extended thinking necessary to successfully master the standard/benchmark.	Principal; Reading Coach; Teachers; SIOP Coach;	teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse;	·
				Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers;	
4				Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higherorder questioning; adjust instruction based on need.	
				Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	
				Coaching Cycle	
	Interactive Strategies:	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Teacher will	Principal;	Utilize research-based effective teaching	FAIR
	otratogree.	maintain data by sub-	Assistant	strategies.	Benchmark tests
		group in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As	Reading Coach;	Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post	Common Assessmen both Formative and Summative;
		data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, TE will	Teachers; SIOP Coach;	assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching	CTEM/ Administrator Evaluation;
		identify appropriate differentiated	ELL Facilitator;	of key concepts/skills.	Lesson Plans;
		instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 2.b. Interactive	ELL Tutors;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers.	PLC Meeting Minutes
5		Strategies: Monitor progress a minimum of once every 2 weeks by monitoring student		PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring.	
	participation in collaborative activities and maintaining assessment data. Disaggregate data by subgroup to determine additional supports that		Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for payt stops		
		may be needed to close the gap for a specific group.		for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction	

				with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
	2. Interactive Strategies:	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Increased	Reading Coach	Classroom Walk Thru	Benchmark tests
	Students lack the appropriate background	use of vocabulary graphic organizers, such as Frayer Model and	Teachers Principal	Ongoing Progress Monitoring	Common Assessments
	knowledge and experience in academic	vocabulary maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading	APC	Coaching Cycle	
6	vocabulary skills.	Strategy, Cornell Notes, Close Reading strategies and Marzano vocabulary strategies	SIOP Coach		
		2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies			
	2. Interactive Strategies:	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Teachers will	Reading Coach	Classroom Walk Thru	FAIR
	Students lack the	utilize benchmark assessments to develop	Teachers	Ongoing Progress Monitoring	Benchmark tests
	appropriate reading strategies to gain	and implement small group instruction	Principal	Ü	
	adequate comprehension of text and require	focused on direct instruction strategies to	APC		
7	strategic planning and instruction.	increase student reading ability.	SIOP Coach		
		2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti (Gator Time) block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies			

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

5C. English Language Learners (ELL) not making satisfactory progress in reading. Reading Goal #5C:	By the end of FY 13, 48% of students will score at least a level 3 on the FCAT Reading test.
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
42%(152 students)	48% (84 students)

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will	Principal;	Administration will	CTEM;
	plan for and include		monitor Lesson Plans	
9	higher-level questions in		and provide feedback for	Benchmark Tests;
	weekly/daily lesson plans	Principal;	teachers;	
3	using Webb's Depth of			FCAT 2.0;
promote critical,	3 \ /	Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on	
	questions are purposeful		3	Common Assessments:
creative thinking		Math Coach;	Higher-Order Questions	
	NGSSS or CCSS.		and Documenting PLC	
		INSS;		Student Data Chats;
	1.b. Rigor: Teachers will		Warehouse;	
	be provided Professional	STOP Coach;		Webb's Depth of

1		Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will utilize multiple ELL strategies to meet the needs of second language learners, scaffolding support for meeting high expectations.	Classroom Teachers; ELL Facilitator; ELL Tutors;	and walkthroughs	Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments
2	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs 3. Use of informational	2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and	Classroom Teachers; Students; ELL Facilitator; ELL Tutors;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings.	Conferences in 6th Grade

	to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities	all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and	Students; ELL Facilitator;	effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why	Evaluations (CTEM);
		Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content areas. These will be		the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans	
3		available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Teachers will utilize multiple ELL strategies to meet the needs of second language learners, scaffolding support for meeting high expectations. 3.g. Use of Informational Text: Students will		and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings.	
		engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms.			
	2. Interactive Strategies:	2.a Interactive Strategies: Increased	Reading Coach	Classroom Walkthroughs	Benchmark tests
	Ŭ.	use of vocabulary	Teachers	Ongoing Progress	Common Assessments
	knowledge and	vocabulary maps,	Principal	Monitoring Coaching Cycle	
		THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategy, Cornell Notes,	APC		
4		Close Reading strategies and Marzano vocabulary			

Interactive crategies:	2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti (Gator Time) block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies			
cudents lack the oppopriate reading rategies which cludes decoding and	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Teachers will provide additional decoding strategies and sight word practice in ELL classrooms. Teachers will utilize multiple ELL strategies to meet the needs of second language learners, scaffolding support for high expectations. 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies for ELL Students. 2.c. Interactive Strategies: ELL students will be provided extended academic time focusing on areas in need of improvement during the school after school program.	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; ELL teachers; ELL Facilitator; ELL Tutors; SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings.	
Rigor:	and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; ELL teachers; ELL Facilitator;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching	Common Formative Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM) PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0;
	dents lack the ropriate background wledge and erience in academic abulary skills and uire strategic	igor: dents lack the ropriate background wledge and erience in academic abulary skills and uire strategic ning and instruction. 1.a. Rigor: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary	igor: I.a. Rigor: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies 1.a. Rigor: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies 1.a. Rigor: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies	focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings. igor: 1.a. Rigor: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies Finding and instruction. focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings. Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills.

7	I I I I	school-wide 31 minute Rti block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies 1.c. Rigor: Implement co-teaching, small group instruction, and individualized instruction to maximize student achievement	SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to	
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Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

5D. Students with Disabilities (SWD) not making satisfactory progress in reading. Reading Goal #5D:	By the end of FY 13, 32% of students will score at least a level 3 on the FCAT Reading test.
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
24% (27 students)	32% (40 students)

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in	Principal;	Administration will monitor Lesson	CTEM;
Lessons do not routinely	weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions	Assistant Principal;	Plans and provide feedback for	Benchmark Tests;
incorporate	are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS	· ·		FCAT 2.0;
questioning strategies designed to promote critical,	or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided	Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on teachers	Common Assessments;
independent, and creative thinking	Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order	Math Coach;	planning for Higher-	Student Data Chats;
	questions.	INSS;	Documenting PLC Notes in Data	Webb's Depth of
	1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is	ESE Inclusion Teachers;	Warehouse;	Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables
	being observed during an evaluation	Classroom	Classroom Observations and	electronic form;
	1.d. Rigor: Teacher will accommodate classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group, or individually with students to support	Teachers;	walkthroughs focused on Higher- Order Questions with specific	Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips;
	improved instruction.		feedback provided to teachers;	Common Formative Assessments;
1	1.e. Rigor: Teachers collaborate in planning and share lesson plans to increase ESE teacher effectiveness.		Teacher's will check students' level of understanding	Common Summative assessments

			through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	
and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teacher will accommodate classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group, or individually with students to support improved instruction. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers collaborate in planning and share lesson plans using Angel to increase ESE teacher effectiveness. 2.f. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; ESE Inclusion Teachers; Classroom Teachers; Students	Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Text: Reading Coach will provide inservice on short and	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach;	Incorporate writing across the content	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments;

	writing outside of language arts instruction.	extended responses. 3.c. Use of Informational Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will accommodate/adapt classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group or individually with students to support improved reading skills(differentiated materials/instruction). Provide lesson plans in a central database (Angel) to increase ESE teacher remediation/differentiation/accommodation opportunities in daily instructional practices. 3.g. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading)a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.	Teachers; Classroom Teachers; Students	slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students bi-weekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. IEP Meetings and Writing Goals.	
,	Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience with academic vocabulary skills. This barrier requires strategic planning and explicit	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute MTSS block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies 2.c. Interactive Strategies: Implement co-teaching, small group instruction, and individualized instruction to maximize student achievement	Reading Coach Teachers Principal APC	Classroom Walk Thru Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	Benchmark tests Common Assessments

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup: 5E. Economically Disadvantaged students not making satisfactory progress in reading. By the end of FY 13, 54% of students will score at least a level 3 on the FCAT Reading test. Reading Goal #5E: 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance: 49% (348 students) 54% (454 students) Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement Person or Process Used to Position Determine **Evaluation Tool** Anticipated Barrier Strategy Responsible for Effectiveness of Monitoring Strategy 1. Rigor: 1.a. Rigor: Teachers will CTEM; Principal; Administration will plan for and include monitor Lesson Plans Lessons do not routinely higher-level questions in Assistant and provide feedback for Benchmark Tests; incorporate questioning weekly/daily lesson plans Principal; teachers; strategies designed to using Webb's Depth of FCAT 2.0; promote critical, Knowledge (DOK) so Reading Coach; PLC Meetings focused or independent, and questions are purposeful teachers planning for Common Assessments: creative thinking. and aligned to the Math Coach: Higher-Order Questions NGSSS or CCSS. and Documenting PLC INSS; Notes in Data Student Data Chats; 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will Warehouse: be provided Professional SIOP Coach; Webb's Depth of Learning Opportunities in Classroom Observations Knowledge and C & I writing and utilizing Classroom and walkthroughs Non-negotiables higher-order questions. Teachers: focused on Higher Order electronic form; Questions with specific 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans feedback provided to Students' will be viewed weekly as teachers: notebooks/journals/ex well as daily when slins: teacher is being Teacher's will check observed during an students' level of Common Formative evaluation understanding through Assessments: discussion and higher-1.d. Rigor: Teacher will order guestioning; adjust Common Summative differentiate instruction based on assessments instructional strategies, working in small group, Collect trend data on or individually with students to support implementation of student learning needs. Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using 1.e. Rigor: Teacher will maintain data by subthe electronic form. group in order to identify Analyze data to make issues specific to the instructional decisions risk-factors associated and plan for staff with the sub-group. As development. data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 2.a. Interactive: PLC's Common Formative an 2. Interactive Learning Principal; Utilize research-based Strategies and will meet bi-weekly for effective teaching Summative Differentiated the specific purpose of Assistant strategies. assessments; Instruction: examining, interpreting, Principal; and analyzing data to Collect data using Administrator's Data-driven planning, Reading Coach; inform planning and common assessments Evaluations (CTEM); instruction and instructional decisions. and comparing pre/post Math Coach; communication have not assessment results to PLC Meeting Notes;

	become uniform practice across all classrooms.	2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis		identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will	FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests;
		2.c. Interactive: School- level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference)	Students	monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring.	EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
2		2.d. Interactive: Teachers will maintain data by sub-group in order to identify issues specific to the risk- factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier.		Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
		2.e.Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.			
	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Text: Reading Coach will provide inservice on	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly.	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes;
		short and extended responses. 3.c. Use of Informational Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing		Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills.	Writing Data Chats;

3		samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Teachers will maintain data by subgroup in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell		Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
4	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience with academic vocabulary skills. This barrier requires strategic planning and explicit instruction in order to increase comprehension of text.	Notes will be used in all classrooms. 2.a. Interactive Strategies: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, to include the Frayer Model and Word Maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategies, Cornell Notes, Close Reading and Marzano vocabulary strategies 2.c. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute MTSS block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement co-teaching, small group instruction, and individualized instruction to maximize student achievement	APC	Classroom Walk Thru Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	Benchmark tests Common Assessments

Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
					CTEM:	

Webb's Depth of Knowledge and Rigorous Higher Order Questioning Close Reading in the Content	6-8	Reading Coach	All Content Area	Ongoing through PLCs, Teacher Connections, Early Release Days Ongoing through Teacher Connections, Early Release Days, and Staff Development	Implementation in Classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes Classroom Walkthroughs and	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach Principal; Assistant Principal;
Area				Days	Observations/ CTEM	Reading Coach
						Principal;
THIEVES: Pre-Reading Strategies	6-8	Reading Coach	All Content Area Teachers	Teacher Connection/ Morning Professional Learning Time	Classroom Walkthroughs and Observations/ CTEM	Assistant Principal;
		Deceline				Reading Coach
		Reading Coach;				
Data Analysis Training/		Math Coach;		Ongoing through PLCs,	PLC Minutes;	Principal;
Using Results from Data Warehouse	6-8	Assistant Principal;	All Teachers	Teacher Connections, Early Release Days	Data Chats with Teachers;	Assistant Principal;
warenouse		Dean of Students;			CTEM;	Reading Coach
		UF Consultant;			СТЕМ:	
University of Florida: Engaging All	6-8	Reading	All Teachers	Ongoing through PLCs and Pre-pre-service	Implementation in Classrooms;	Principal; Assistant
Learners and Differentiation		Coach;		week	Lesson Plans;	Principal;
Differentiation		Teacher Leaders;			PLC Minutes	Reading Coach
					СТЕМ:	
Intertextual	6-8	Language Arts District Coordinator	Language Arts Teachers	Pre-Service Training	Implementation in Classrooms;	Principal; Assistant
Triad training					Lesson Plans;	Principal;
					PLC Minutes	Reading Coach
					CTEM:	
Common Core	6-8	District Language Arts Coordinator	All Teachers	Pre-Service Training	Implementation in Classrooms;	Principal; Assistant
Overview			All redeficis		Lesson Plans;	Principal;
					PLC Minutes	Reading Coach
					CTEM:	
Writing in All	6-8	Dooding Coool	All Tagghers	Pre-Service Training; Ongoing through Teacher Connections	Implementation in Classrooms;	Principal; Assistant
Classrooms	0-0	Reading Coach	All reachers	and Early Release	Lesson Plans;	Principal;
				Days	PLC Minutes	Reading Coach
						Principal;
Cornell Notes	6-8	INSS Specialist	All Teachers	Ongoing through	Walkthroughs; Lesson Plans;	Assistant
		- Thos specialisti	, rodonors	Teacher Connections	Student Journals	Principal; Reading Coach
Took land					СТЕМ:	
Test Item Specifications Training and	6-8	6-8 Reading Coach;	All Teachers	Teacher Connections	Implementation in Classrooms;	Principal; Assistant
Analysis; Gridded					Lesson Plans;	Principal;
Response					PLC Minutes	Reading Coach

Evidence-based Program(s)/Mater	rial(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
Hire 2 Title I Basic funded Tutors to support ELL student needs.	2 Title I Basic Tutors	Title I	\$59,923.49
			Subtotal: \$59,923.49
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
		-	Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Development			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$59,923.49

End of Reading Goa

Comprehensive English Language Learning Assessment (CELLA) Goals

* When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents next to the percentage (e.g., 70% (35)).

Stude	ents speak in English and	understand spoken Engli	sh at grade level in	a manner similar to nor	n-ELL students.	
	Students scoring proficient in listening/speaking. CELLA Goal #1:			By the end of the 2012-13 academic year, the percentage of ELL students proficient in Listening/Speaking will increase by 8% as measured by spring CELLA scores. This means 63% (72 students) of students will score proficient.		
2012	Current Percent of Stu	dents Proficient in liste	ening/speaking:			
57%	57% (56 students) Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement					
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool	
1	1. Rigor: Students are not held accountable for giving critical, independent and creative responses to higher-order questions.	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-order questions in weekly lesson plans so that questions are purposeful and aligned to NGSSS and CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided professional learning opportunities to scaffold questioning strategies in order to increase the listening/speaking skills of ELL students.	Assistant Principal; SIOP Coach; INSS; Reading Coach; Classroom Teacher;	CTEM: PLCS Meeting Minutes that indicate focus on scaffolding instruction to improve ELL participation; Monthly classroom walkthroughs to observe use of cooperative learning structures.	CTEM data. Spring CELLA assessment.	

2	2. Interactive Strategies: Data Driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently, instruction, interventions and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs.	1.c. Rigor: During classroom observations, administrators will look for higher-order questions and opportunities for ELL learners to engage in collaborative learning opportunities. 2.a. Interactive Strategies: Through the implementation of common core standards, ELL students will be exposed to rigorous grade level expectations in the areas of Listening/ Speaking. 2.b. Interactive Strategies: ELL students will prepare dialogues and participate in collaborative conversations.	Principal; Assistant Principal;	CTEM: PLCS Meeting Minutes that indicate focus on scaffolding instruction to improve ELL participation; Monthly classroom walkthroughs to observe use of cooperative learning structures. Lesson Plans monitored by Administration.	CTEM data. Spring CELLA assessment.
3	3. Use of Informational Text across all Content to Teach Reading and Writing Skills and Strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside the language arts instruction.	3.b. Use of Informational Text: Teachers will model how to support their writing with evidence from the text. Students	SIOP Coach; INSS; Reading Coach; Classroom Teacher; ELL Facilitator;	CTEM: PLCS Meeting Minutes that indicate focus on scaffolding instruction to improve ELL participation; Monthly classroom walkthroughs to observe use of cooperative learning structures. Lesson Plans monitored by Administration.	CTEM data. Spring CELLA assessment.
4	1.Rigor: Students have insufficient content specific vocabulary to fully understand and use the English language. The students also have limited background knowledge of US cultural norms.	1.a. TE will conference individually with students to determine needs relative to language acquisition and develop a content language/vocabulary	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; INSS; Classroom Teacher(s); SIOP Coach; ELL Contact;	scaffolding instruction to improve ELL participation;	CTEM data Spring CELLA assessment FCAT FAIR Routine Classroom Assessments

		language references			
		1.e.Identify key vocabulary to connect meaning to comprehension			
		1.f. Utilize paraphrasing and fluency activities to improve comprehension.			
		1.g. Ask questions about key details in text or presented orally or through other media.			
	2. Instructional	2.a. Instructional	Principal;	Monthly classroom	CTEM data
	Strategies: Lessons do not routinely incorporate	Strategies: Provide scaffold support for ELL learners through inclusion in small group	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach;	walkthroughs to observe use of cooperative learning structures	Spring CELLA assessment
	tasks or opportunities allowing for students to	support of L 1 and 2	INSS;	Structures	FCAT
	engage in authentic conversations to build	appropriate.	Classroom		FAIR
	academic vocabulary Or to discuss with	2.b. Instructional Strategies: Teachers	Teacher(s);		Routine Classroom Assessments
	peers informational text across content areas	will utilize opportunities for collaborative	SIOP Coach;		
		conversations with diverse partners about	ELL Contact;		
5		grade level topics in both whole and small	ELL Tutor(s)		
		groups. These conversations will require students to			
		show, tell, explain and prove reasoning aligned			
		to the standards. Teachers will include			
		use of these in weekly lesson plans.			
		2.c. Instructional			
		Strategies: Ask questions about key			
		details in text or presented orally or through other media.			
	Instructional: Data-driven planning,	2.a Instructional Strategies: Monitor	Principal; Assistant	Monthly classroom walkthroughs to	CTEM data
	instruction and communication have	progress a minimum of once every 2 weeks by	Principal;	observe use of cooperative learning	Spring CELLA assessment
	not become uniform practice across all	monitoring student participation in	Reading Coach;	structures	FCAT
6	classrooms. Consequently,	collaborative activities and maintaining	INSS;		FAIR
	instruction, interventions and	empirical as well as assessment data. Data	Classroom Teacher(s);		Routine Classroom
	enrichment are not driven by data and do	will be disaggregated to determine additional	SIOP Coach;		Assessments
	not address individual student needs.	supports that may be needed to improve oral language skills of	ELL Contact;		
		identified ELL learners.	ELL Tutor(s)		

Students read in English at grade level text in a manner similar to non-ELL students.				
Students scoring proficient in reading. CELLA Goal #2:	In 2013, 15% (17 students) will be proficient in Reading as measured by Spring CELLA.			

FCAT data; the home and in some appropriate checks for cases, illiteracy in the Reading coach; 2.b. Instructional understanding. Strategies: TE will home utilize multiple ELL SIOP Coach: strategies to meet the needs of second language learners, scaffolding support for meeting high expectations for reading on grade level/ meeting grade level expectations. 2. Instructional 2.a. Instructional Principal; Classroom Walkthroughs FAIR; Strategies: Strategies: Monitor from administrators and progress a minimum of coaches to observe CTEM data, Assistant Data-driven planning, once every 2 weeks Principal; Teachers explaining instruction and using running records or prerequisite language CELLA communication have mini-cloze reading Classroom applications: reading assessment data, not become uniform assessments. teacher; directions, idioms, practice across all sentence starters, ELL Facilitator; 2.b. Instructional classrooms. essay formats, pattern Common Consequently, Strategies: Teachers drills, or completing a Assessments: instruction, will utilize appropriate ELL Tutors; story map with cooperative FCAT data: interventions and appropriate checks for enrichment are not structures/strategies understanding. Reading coach; driven by data and do that provide support for SIOP Coach; not address individual student accountable student needs. talk during both whole and small group instruction, requiring 3 students to show, tell, explain and prove reasoning aligned to the standards. Teachers will include use of these in weekly lesson plans.

		2.c. Instructional Strategies: Employ checks for understanding that include 1:1 questioning with the student or written responses to text dependent questions to determine student's level of understanding of what was read			
4	2. Instructional Strategies: The students do not have adequate opportunity for authentic practice, conversations and evaluations of their own or hers reading	2.a. Instructional Strategies: Provide scaffold support for ELL learners by inclusion in small group support for L 1 and 2 students as appropriate. 2.b. Instructional Strategies: As evidence of strategie and extended thinking in reading TE will hold students accountable for producing an oral analysis of multiple genres of thematically connected texts a minimum of six times per year. Depending on students' reading skills, the process may be implemented through Read-Alouds.	Principal; Classroom teacher; ELL Facilitator;	drills, or completing a story map with	AIR; CTEM data, CELLA assessment data, Common Assessments; FCAT data;

Stude	Students write in English at grade level in a manner similar to non-ELL students.						
3. Stu	udents scoring proficier	nt in writing.	The percentag	e of students scoring pro	oficient in the		
CELL	A Goal #3:			t of CELLA will increase to			
2012	2012 Current Percent of Students Proficient in writing:						
29%	29% (29 students) Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement						
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool		
1	own or others writing.	1.a. Rigor: To develop strategic and extended thinking in regard to student writing, teacher will provide opportunities for peer evaluation of students' writing based on the writing rubric. Students will be accountable for defending their thinking based on specific examples from the writing and their understanding of expectations for quality	ELL Facilitator; Reading coach;	Classroom Walkthroughs to observe teacher using the writing process to teach writing.	Monthly writing prompt data; Teacher created writing rubrics; Spring CELLA assessment data.		

		writing, providing recommendations for improving the writing.			
2	3. Use of Informational Text: Students do not have opportunities for authentic conversations and evaluation of their own or others writing.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: As evidence of strategic and extended thinking in writing, Teacher will hold students accountable for producing an oral or written analysis of multiple genres of	Principal; Assistant Principal; Classroom teacher; ELL Tutor; ELL Facilitator; Reading coach; SIOP Coach;	CTEM; Walkthroughs and Observations; Student Engagement data through UF partner Student notebooking/journals;	Spring CELLA Assessment; Writing assessments Exit Slips
3	2. Instructional Strategies: Students have not developed proficiency in editing and improving their own writing as a way to develop their thinking and use of appropriate vocabulary.	2.a. Instructional Strategies: In all content areas when assessing student responses, check for proper capitalization of the first word of the sentence, appropriate punctuation at the end	Principal; Assistant Principal; Classroom teacher; ELL Tutor; ELL Facilitator; Reading coach; SIOP Coach;	CTEM; Walkthroughs and Observations; Student Engagement data through UF partner Student notebooking/journals	Spring CELLA Assessment; Writing assessments Exit Slips

Evidence-based Progra	am(s)/Material(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
	-	-	Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

End of CELLA Goals

Middle School Mathematics Goals

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:

1a. FCAT2.0: Students scoring at Achievement Level 3 in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #1a:	The percent of students scoring Level 3 on the 2013 Math FCAT will increase from 26% (248 students) to 28% (305 students).
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
26% (248)	28% (305)

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will receive professional learning opportunities by instructional coaches in order to deepen their understanding of writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase the percent of Level 3 students.	Principal; Assistant Principal; Dean of Students; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse;	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments Student Data Chats; Students' notebooks/journals/exslips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments
2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not	order to inform planning and instructional	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans	Common Formative at Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Potests; EOC Exams;

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

2	driven by data and do not address individual student needs	careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held with students for the purpose of goal setting and reviewing individualized data: admin. to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will implement best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.		and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
3	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Texts: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.c. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content areas. These will be available to observers. 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

4	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the knowledge of complex problem solving in the measurement and geometry strands.	district provided intertextual triads (in Reading/ Language Arts) across a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell notes will also be used in classrooms. 2.a Interactive: Use My Skills Tutor online program to develop understanding of geometrical terms and concepts 2.b. Interactive: Implement manipulatives for improving interactive engagement on the measurement strand 2.c. Interactive: Use of FCIM math lessons 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide remediation and/or enrichment of concepts and skills. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches	Math Intervention Specialist; Math Dept. Chair Teachers; Principal; Assistant	Monitoring	Benchmark tests; Mid-year / Final exams; My Skills Tutor reports Common assessments;
5	2. Interactive Learning Strategies: Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills.	and PLC's. 2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies: Use of vocabulary graphic organizers within math department 2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies: Use of common board configurations 2.c. Implement school wide 31 minute RTI block to provide remediation and or enrichment of vocabulary terms 2.d. Implement Knowledge Walls to reinforce vocabulary 2.e. Increased technology use/Mimeoboards, Angel, Mangahigh, Skills Tutor, UMathX, and Timez Attack.	Math Dept. Chair Teachers; Principal; Assistant Principal;	Ongoing Progress Monitoring; Classroom Walkthroughs; CTEM; Coaching Cycle	Common Assessments; Formative and Summative Assessments; PLC Minutes; CTEM;

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:

1b. Florida Alternate Assessment:

Students scoring at Levels 4, 5, and 6 in mathematics.

Mathematics Goal #1b	D:				
2012 Current Level of	Performance:		2013 Exp	pected Level of Perfor	mance:
	Problem-Solv	ing Process to I	ncrease S	tudent Achievement	
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	for		Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
		No Data :	Submitted		
Based on the analysis o	f student achievemer	nt data, and refer	ence to "G	uiding Questions", iden	tify and define areas in nee
of improvement for the	following group:				
2a. FCAT 2.0: Student Level 4 in mathemation		ve Achievement	The perce		above proficiency (Levels 4

of improvement for the following group:

2a. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring at or above Achievement
Level 4 in mathematics.

Mathematics Goal #2a:

The percent of students scoring above proficiency (Levels 4 and 5) on the 2013 FCAT in Math will increase from 26%(24¢ students) to 29% (316 students).

2012 Current Level of Performance:

2013 Expected Level of Performance:

26% (246)

29% (316)

	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking	dependent and require students to utilize close reading and rereading of complex texts. Questions should be designed in such a way as to lead students into strategic and extended thinking to match the level of rigor appropriate to the standard and to provide evidence of mastery at exemplary levels.	Monitoring Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach;	Strategy Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/ex
1		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation		Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I	Slips; Common Formative Assessments; TEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments

2	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: During PLC's teacher will triangulate data to determine appropriate opportunities for extension and acceleration to enrich/extend the level of student comprehension. 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

		complete sentences). 3.c. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate		the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and	
3		writing in the content areas. These will be available to observers.		comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills.	
		3.d. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and		Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers.	
		writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when		PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring.	
		responding to a source. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided		Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps.	
		intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.		Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
	2. Interactive Learning Strategies:	2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies:		Ongoing Progress Monitoring;	Common Assessment
	Students lack the knowledge of complex	Use of Skills Tutor online program to develop understanding of	Math Dept. Chair Teachers;	CTEM;	Formative and Summative Assessments;
4	algebraic, measurement, and geometry	geometrical terms and concepts	Principal;	Staff development training opportunities to	PLC Minutes;
	concepts.	2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies: Implementation of classroom manipulatives labs for improving interactive engagement	Assistant Principal;	support use of Skills Tutor and math manipulatives;	СТЕМ;
5	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will guide students to independently write and respond to higher level questions. Students will collaborate with peers in a small group or whole group format to express their critical thinking skills while using evidence points from what they've learned.	Assistant Principal; Classroom teacher; Gifted	Lesson Plans; Classroom Observation; CTEM; Agile Mind Reports; Student samples/ products	Quarterly Assessmer Data PLC/ CTEM Student Data Folders
		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will implement the Agile Mind program to support extended learning opportunities for students.			
	2. Interactive	2.a. Interactive: Teachers will guide students to write data driven goals in order to focus on areas in need of improvement.	Principal; Assistant Principal; Classroom Teacher; Gifted Endorsed Teacher; District	Implement Data Chats with students for the purpose of goal setting and reviewing individual student's data. Revisit data with	Quarterly Assessmen Data PLC/ CTEM
	1	2.b. Interactive:	Gifted Specialist;	students monthly or	

	for achieving a 4 on the scale/ rubric; identifying the specific mastery-level work they will complete to demonstrate exemplary standard/benchmark success.			their goal has been met. Data will be used to make decisions regarding design of effective enrichment activities.	
Based on the analysis of stude of improvement for the following		d refer	ence to "Gui	ding Questions", identify a	and define areas in need
2b. Florida Alternate Assess Students scoring at or above mathematics. Mathematics Goal #2b:		in			
2012 Current Level of Perfo	rmance:		2013 Expe	cted Level of Performan	ce:
	Problem-Solving Proces	s to I	ncrease Stu	udent Achievement	
Anticipated Barrier Str	ategy	for	ion onsible	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
Based on the analysis of stude of improvement for the following 3a. FCAT 2.0: Percentage of	ng group:		ence to "Gui	ding Questions", identify a	and define areas in nee
gains in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #3a:		3		of FY 13, 77% of students e FCAT Mathematics test.	
2012 Current Level of Perfo	rmance:		2013 Expe	cted Level of Performan	ce:
74% (643)			77% (789)		
	Problem-Solving Proces	s to I	ncrease Stu	udent Achievement	
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Resp	erson or Position Donsible for Donitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will receive Professional Learning Opportunities	Assist Princip Readi Math	eant pal; ng Coach; Coach;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused or teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of

1		on writing and utilizing higher-order questions. Maintain high expectations for all students to appropriately respond to higher-order questions, providing scaffolded support, and structure as appropriate for low expectancy students, enabling their success in meeting rigorous expectations. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation. 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase student achievement. 1.e. Rigor: Through differentiated instruction and multi-tiered supports, Teacher will scaffold support for meeting high expectations. Intensive classes will be provided to meet the specific needs of students through small group instruction. Technology programs will be used to promote critical thinking and lead students toward independent practice.			Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments
	Strategies and Differentiated Instruction:	and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference)	Classroom Teachers;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
2		2.d. Interactive: Through differentiated instruction and multi- tiered supports, teachers will scaffold support for meeting high		coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps.	

	3. Use of informational text across all content	expectations. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's. 3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be	Principal;	Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. Utilize research-based effective teaching	Writing exemplars;
3	to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Texts: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.c. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content areas. These will be available to observers. 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms.	Students	writing. Provide feedback to students bi-weekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;
	Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation:	2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Use of vocabulary graphic	Math Coach; Math Dept. Chair;	Ongoing Progress Monitoring; CTEM;	Common Assessments: Formative and

	Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills.	organizers within math department 2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies and	Teachers; Principal; Assistant	Coaching Cycle	Summative Assessments;
4	vocabulary skins.	Differentiation: Use of common math vocabulary across grade levels	Principal;		
		2.c. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Common board configurations			
5	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Students lack the knowledge of complex concepts in the measurement and geometry strands.	2.a. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Use of My Skills Tutor online program to develop understanding of geometrical terms and concepts 2.b. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Teachers will implement Agile Minds program in order to improve student understanding of complex concepts. 2.c. 2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Mangahigh will be utilized to engage students and enhance understanding of math concepts. 2.d. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Creation of building manipulatives lab for improving interactive engagement on the measurement strand 2.e. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Use of FCIM math lessons 2.f. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Use of FCIM math lessons 2.f. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Use of FCIM math lessons 2.f. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Use of FCIM math lessons	Math Dept. Chair; Teachers; Principal; Assistant Principal;	Ongoing Progress Monitoring CTEM Agile Mind Reports My Skills Tutor Reports	Benchmark tests Mid-year / Final exan My Skills Tutor repor Common on-line assessments
		Differentiation: Incorporate the use of multiple representations (conrete- representational- abstract) to assist with differentiating instruction.			

			trategies and ifferentiation: Model						
		D	rawings						
	d on the analysis of stu provement for the follo		t achievement data, and group:	refei	rence to "Gu	ıiding	g Questions", identify a	nd d	efine areas in need
3b. F	lorida Alternate Asse	essm	nent:						
1	entage of students m nematics.	nakin	ng Learning Gains in						
Math	ematics Goal #3b:								
2012	Current Level of Per	forn	nance:		2013 Expe	ecte	d Level of Performand	ce:	
		Pr	oblem-Solving Process	to I	ncrease St	uder	nt Achievement		
					on or	Dro	cess Used to		
Antio	cipated Barrier S	Strat	egy f	Resp	tion oonsible	Det Effe	ermine	Evalı	uation Tool
			•		itoring Submitted				
			NO L	Jala	Submitted				
	d on the analysis of stu provement for the follo		t achievement data, and group:	refei	rence to "Gu	iiding	g Questions", identify a	nd d	efine areas in nee
1	AT 2.0: Percentage on the second seco		udents in Lowest 25%						
		mati	iematics.				FY 13, 76% of students gains on the FCAT Math		
Math	ematics Goal #4:								
2012	Current Level of Per	forn	nance:		2013 Ехре	ecte	d Level of Performand	ce:	
73%	(160)				76% (195)				
		Pr	oblem-Solving Process	to I	ncrease St	uder	nt Achievement		
	Anticipated Barri	er	Strategy	F	Person or Position Responsible Monitoring	for	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy		Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor:		1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include	Pri	incipal;		Monitor Lesson Plans a provide feedback for	and	CTEM;
	Lessons do not routin	,	higher-level questions in		sistant Princ	ipal;	· ·		Benchmark Tests;
	incorporate questionii strategies designed t	0	weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of		ading Coach	1;	PLC Meetings focused	on	FCAT 2.0;
	promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.		Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSS or CCSS.	S	or Coach;		teachers planning for Higher-Order Question and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse;	IS	Common Assessments
			1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities ir writing utilizing higher- order questions.		SS		Classroom Observation focused on Higher-Ord Questions;	der	
			1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-orde	er			CTEM- Using the teac evalution system to collect data on engagi		

1		questions will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation. 1.d. Rigor: Through differentiated instruction and multi-tiered supports, Teacher will scaffold support for meeting high expectations. Intensive classes will be provided to meet the specific needs of students through small group instruction. Technology programs will be used to promote critical thinking and lead students toward independent practice.		students by using higher- order questioning Coaching Cycle	
2	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	instruction based on	Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students;	Lesson Plans; PLC Meeting and Notes; Classroom Observation; CTEM	CTEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments
	for writing outside of	Text: Students will be	Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers;	effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students bi-weekly.	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM);

3		3.c. Use of Informational Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms.		emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation	
				and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
4	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the foundational knowledge of key mathematical concepts and/or skills and opportunities for repeated practice in order to improve.	online program to develop understanding of key terms and concepts	Math Dept. Chair Teachers Principal/APC	Ongoing Progress Monitoring CTEM	Benchmark tests Mid-year / Final exams My Skills Tutor reports

Based on Ambitious but Achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs), AMO-2, Reading and Math Performance Target Middle School Mathematics Goal # 5A. Ambitious but Achievable Annual By the end of FY 13, 61% of students will meet annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs). In six year measurable objectives (AMOs) in Math. school will reduce their achievement gap by 50%. Baseline data 2011-2012 2012-2013 2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016 2016-2017 2010-2011 52%

5B. Student subgroups by ethnicity (White, Black, Hispanic, Asian, American Indian) not making satisfactory progress in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #5B:	By the end of FY 13, 64% (697 students)of students will score at least a level 3 on the FCAT Mathematics test
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
White: 68% (208) Black: 31% (50) Hispanic: 48% (205) Asian: 86% (12) American Indian: 69% (9)	White: 76% (264) Black: 48% (92) Hispanic: 60% (298) Asian: 93% (10) American Indian: 41% (6)

	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will	Principal;	Administration will	CTEM;
	incorporate questioning	weekly/daily lesson plans		monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers;	·
	strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and	using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful	Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments;
	creative thinking	and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS.	Math Coach; INSS;	Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data	Student Data Chats;
		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in	SIOP Coach;	Warehouse; Classroom Observations	Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I
		writing and utilizing higher-order questions.	Classroom Teachers;	and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific	Non-negotiables electronic form;
		1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be		feedback provided to teachers;	Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips;
1		maintained by all teachers.		Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through	Common Formative Assessments;
				discussion and higher- order questioning; adjust instruction based on need.	Common Summative assessments
				Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	
				Coaching Cycle	
	Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction:	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting,	Principal; Assistant Principal;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies.	Common Formative an Summative assessments;
	Data-driven planning, instruction and	and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions.	Reading Coach;	Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post	Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM);
	communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms.	2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will	Math Coach;	assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching	PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0;
	Consequently instruction,	reflect differentiated instruction based on	Classroom	of key concepts/skills.	Teacher made Pre/Pos
	interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do	careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-	Teachers; Students	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific	tests; EOC Exams;

2	not address individual student needs	level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teacher will identify and collaborate about appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to address specific atrisk subgroups. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.		feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
3	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type	Evaluations (CTEM);

		informational text when responding to a source. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms.		debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills and require strategic planning and instruction.	Implement school wide 31 minute RTI block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and or enrichment of mathematical terms and concepts Use of vocabulary graphic organizers and Interactive Word Walls within math department Various vocabulary strategies for ELL students including "Think Pair Share" activities, active engaging knowledge walls, and math vocabulary journals for reference purposes. Use of FCIM Math Benchmark lessons to teach and re-teach math concepts.		Ongoing Progress Monitoring CTEM Data Teams	Common on-line Assessments by grade level PLC
	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the knowledge of complex concepts in the measurement and geometry strands.	Use of My Skills Tutor online program to develop understanding of geometrical terms and concepts Implementation of classroom manipulatives for improving interactive engagement in key math strands. Implement school wide 31 minute RTI block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and or enrichment of mathematical terms and concepts Use of FCIM math lessons	Principal/APC	Ongoing Progress Monitoring CTEM Data Teams	Common on-line Assessments by grade level PLC

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

5C. English Language Learners (ELL) not making satisfactory progress in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #5C:	By the end of FY 13, 84% of ELL students will have met the proficiency level in mathematics.
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:

42% (152)

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans	Principal; Assistant	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers;	CTEM; Benchmark Tests;
strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking	using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will	Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse;	Common Assessment Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/e slips; Common Formative Assessments;
2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	l .	Classroom Teachers;	ELL Committee Meetings. Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan	Common Formative as Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Petests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade

	learners, scaffolding support for meeting high expectations. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.		for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings.	
text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students; ELL Facilitator; ELL Tutors;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings.	Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

4	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills.	3.g. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will also be used in all classrooms. 2.a Interactive Strategies: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, such as Frayer Model and vocabulary maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategy, Cornell Notes, Close Reading strategies and Marzano vocabulary strategies 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies	Reading Coach Teachers Principal APC SIOP Coach	Classroom Walkthroughs Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	Benchmark tests Common Assessments
5	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the appropriate reading strategies to gain adequate comprehension of text and require strategic planning and instruction.	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Teachers will utilize benchmark assessments to develop and implement small group instruction focused on direct instruction strategies to increase student reading ability. 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti (Gator Time) block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies	Teachers Principal APC SIOP Coach	Classroom Walkthroughs Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	FAIR Benchmark tests

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

5D. Students with Disabilities (SWD) not making satisfactory progress in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #5D:	By the end of FY 13, 24% (30 students) of SWD students wi have met proficiency in mathematics.
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
16% (18)	24% (30)

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in	- 1 /	Administration will monitor Lesson	CTEM;

independent, and	are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation	INSS;	PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher- Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher- Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments
and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teacher will accommodate classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group, or individually with	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; ESE Inclusion Teachers; Classroom Teachers; Students	IEP Meetings Utilize research- based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills.	Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats;

	needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.	observations and plan for next steps.	
		Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
		IEP Meetings.	
3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Text: Reading Coach will provide inservice on short and extended responses. 3.c. Use of Informational Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will accommodate/adapt classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group or individually with students to support improved reading skills(differentiated materials/instruction). Provide lesson plans in a central database (Angel) to increase ESE teacher remediation/differentiation/accommodation opportunities in daily instructional practices. 3.g. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading)a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students bi-weekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with	Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;
1	I	specific feedback	

provided to teachers.
IEP Meetings and Writing Goals.

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

5E. Economically Disadvantaged students not making satisfactory progress in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #5E:	By the end of FY 13, 53% (445 students) of students will score at least a level 3 on the FCAT Mathematics test
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
48% (340)	53% (445)

	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include	Principal;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans	СТЕМ;
	Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning	higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans		and provide feedback for teachers:	Benchmark Tests;
	strategies designed to promote critical,	using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so	Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on	FCAT 2.0;
	independent, and creative thinking.	questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS.	Math Coach;	teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions	Common Assessments
		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will	INSS;	and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse;	Student Data Chats;
		be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing		Classroom Observations and walkthroughs	Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables
		higher-order questions.	Teachers;	focused on Higher Order Questions with specific	electronic form;
		1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when		feedback provided to teachers;	Students' notebooks/journals/e; slips;
		teacher is being observed during an evaluation		Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-	Common Formative Assessments;
		1.d. Rigor: Teacher will differentiate instructional strategies,		order questioning; adjust instruction based on need.	Common Summative assessments
		working in small group, or individually with		Collect trend data on	
		students to support student learning needs.		implementation of Webb's Depth of	
		1.e. Rigor: Teacher will maintain data by sub-		Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form.	
		group in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated		Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff	
		with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the		development.	
		achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate			
		differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier.			

2	Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms.	will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will maintain data by sub-group in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 2.e.Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches	Classroom Teachers; Students	effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	and PLC's. 3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Text: Reading Coach will provide inservice on short and extended responses. 3.c. Use of Informational Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

3		for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Teachers will maintain data by subgroup in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.		Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiation: Students lack knowledge of complex concepts in the measurement and geometry strands.	Use of My Skills Tutor online program to	Math Dept. Chair; Teachers; Principal; Assistant	Ongoing Progress Monitoring; CTEM; PLC Minutes;	Benchmark tests Mid-year / Final exams Common on-line assessments My Skills Tutor reports

End of Middle School Mathematics Goa

Algebra End-of-Course (EOC) Goals

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

Students scoring at Achievement Level 3 in Algebra. Algebra Goal #1:	In FY 13, 2% (3 students) of students taking Algebra I EOC will score a level 3.
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
2% (1)	2% (3)

	Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement						
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool		
1	1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will receive professional learning opportunities by instructional coaches in order to deepen their understanding of writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase the percent of	Principal; Assistant Principal; Dean of Students; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need.	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments		
2	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs		Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle,	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade		

	in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will implement best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.		designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Texts: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.c. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content areas. These will be available to observers. 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (in Reading/ Language Arts) across a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell notes will also be used in classrooms.	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly.	Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

	ed on the analysis of stude approvement for the following		d refer	ence to "Guid	ding Questions", identify a	and define areas in need
		In FY 13, 100% (140 students) of students taking Algebra will score an achievement level at or above level 4.				
201	2 Current Level of Perfo	rmance:		2013 Exped	cted Level of Performan	ce:
95%	(41)			100% (140)		
	I	Problem-Solving Proces	s to I	ncrease Stu	dent Achievement	
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Resp	erson or Position ponsible for onitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1	1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking	1.a. Rigor: Teacher will develop higher-order questions that are text dependent and require students to utilize close reading and rereading of complex texts. Questions should be designed in such a way as to lead students into strategic and extended thinking to match the level of rigor appropriate to the standard and to provide evidence of mastery at exemplary levels. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase the percent of students scoring level 4 and 5.	Math INSS; SIOP Classr Teach	tant pal; ng Coach; Coach; Coach;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused or teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using CTEM observation notes. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; TEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments
	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-	Math INSS; Classr Teach	tant pal; ng Coach; Coach;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams;

2	not address individual student needs	level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: During PLC's teacher will triangulate data to determine appropriate opportunities for extension and acceleration to enrich/extend the level of student comprehension. 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.		feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
3		3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the	

3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times	coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs	
this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.	focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback	
	provided to teachers.	

Based on Ambitious but Achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs), AMO-2, Reading and Math Performance Target Algebra Goal # 3A. Ambitious but Achievable Annual 21% Measurable Objectives (AMOs). In six year school will reduce their achievement gap by 50%. 3A: Baseline data 2011-2012 2012-2013 2013-2014 2014-2015 2015-2016 2016-2017 2010-2011 52% Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup: In FY 13, students not making satisfactory progress in 3B. Student subgroups by ethnicity (White, Black, Algebra will be: Hispanic, Asian, American Indian) not making White: 100%(66) satisfactory progress in Algebra. Black: 100% (16) Hispanic: 100% (47) Algebra Goal #3B: Asian: 100% (6) American Indian: 100% (1) 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance: White: 100%(18) White: 100%(66) Black: 100% (2) Black: 100% (16) Hispanic: 100% (14) Hispanic: 100% (47) Asian: 100% (4) Asian: 100% (6) American Indian: 100% (1) American Indian: 100% (1)

	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include	Principal;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans	CTEM;
	Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning	higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans		and provide feedback for teachers;	Benchmark Tests;
	strategies designed to	using Webb's Depth of		·	FCAT 2.0;
	promote critical, independent, and	questions are purposeful	Reading Coach;		Common Assessments;
	creative thinking	and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS.	Math Coach;	Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC	
		1 h Dinan Tasahana will	INSS;	Notes in Data	Student Data Chats;
		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in		Warehouse; Classroom Observations	Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I
			Classroom		Non-negotiables
		higher-order questions.	Teachers;	focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific	electronic form;
		1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-		feedback provided to teachers;	Students' notebooks/journals/ex
1		order questions will be maintained by all teachers.		Teacher's will check students' level of	slips; Common Formative
					Assessments;

	5	2.a. Interactive: PLC's	Principal;	discussion and higher- order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development. Coaching Cycle Utilize research-based	assessments Common Formative an
2	Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions.	Classroom Teachers; Students	effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
	text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies:	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0;
	inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts	`	Math Coach; INSS;	journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's

		Classroom	writing. Provide	Evaluations (CTEM);
	3.b. Use of Informationa		feedback to students bi-	
	Text: Reading Coach wil		weekly.	PLC Meeting Notes;
	provide inservice on	Students		l 20 mooning recoor
	short and extended	Otadonio	Post and refer to	Writing Data Chats;
	responses.		exemplary student	Witting Data Onats,
	responses.		writing with anecdotal	
	3.c. Use of Informationa	d.	notes, emphasizing why	
	Text: In all content		the work has been	
	areas when assessing		posted.	
	student responses chec	L Comment	posted.	
	for 3 (capitalization,	N	Collect response data	
	punctuation, and		using common	
	complete sentences).		assessments and	
	complete sentences).			
	3.d. Use of Informationa	.I	comparing results to	
		II	identify students that	
	Text: Teacher will		may require reteaching	
3	maintain student writing		of key concepts/skills.	
	samples to demonstrate		A dissiplication will	
	writing in the content.		Administration will	
	These will be available to observers.		monitor Lesson Plans	
	to observers.		and provide specific feedback to teachers.	
	2 a llas of Informations	.1	reedback to teachers.	
	3.e. Use of Informationa	11	DI O Maratina a sa di Nista a	
	Text: Instructional		PLC Meeting and Notes	
	Coaches will provide		will be maintained to	
	inservice on short and		reflect data monitoring.	
	extended responses and	1		
	writing rubrics during		Utilize content area	
	PLCs. In addition,		coaches and the	
	coaches will		coaching cycle,	
	demonstrate the use of		designating time to	
	informational text when		debrief, discuss	
	responding to a source.		observations and plan	
			for next steps.	
	3.f. Use of Informationa	I		
	Text: Students will		Classroom Observation	
	engage in the use of		and walkthroughs	
	close reading and the		focused on	
	district provided		differentiated instruction	
	intertextual triads (for		with specific feedback	
	Language Arts/ Reading)	provided to teachers.	
	a minimum of six times			
	this school year. Cornell			
	Notes will also be used			
	in all classrooms.			

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

3C. English Language Learners (ELL) not making satisfactory progress in Algebra. Algebra Goal #3C:	In FY 13, ELL students not making satisfactory progress ??????
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
100% (13)	100% (3)

Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will	Principal;	Administration will	CTEM;
	plan for and include		monitor Lesson Plans	
Lessons do not routinely			and provide feedback for	Benchmark Tests;
incorporate questioning	weekly/daily lesson plans	Principal;	teachers;	
strategies designed to	using Webb's Depth of			FCAT 2.0;
promote critical,	Knowledge (DOK) so	Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused on	

1	2. Interactive Learning	Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will utilize multiple ELL strategies to meet the needs of second language learners, scaffolding support for meeting high expectations.	Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach;	and walkthroughs focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development. ELL Committee Meetings. Utilize research-based	Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments
2	Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: Schoollevel data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students; ELL Facilitator; ELL Tutors;	effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments	Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade

	in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.			
3	all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students; ELL Facilitator; ELL Tutors;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. ELL Committee Meetings.	Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;
2. Interactive	2.a Interactive	Reading Coach	Classroom Walkthroughs	Benchmark tests
Strategies:	Strategies: Increased	Juding Joden		2011011111011 (COLO
	Strategies: Increased use of vocabulary graphic organizers, such	Teachers	Ongoing Progress Monitoring	Common Assessm

4	appropriate background knowledge and experience in academic vocabulary skills.	as Frayer Model and vocabulary maps, THIEVES Pre-Reading Strategy, Cornell Notes, Close Reading strategies and Marzano vocabulary strategies 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti block (Gator Time) to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies		Coaching Cycle	
5	2. Interactive Strategies: Students lack the appropriate reading strategies to gain adequate comprehension of text and require strategic planning and instruction.	2.a. Interactive Strategies: Teachers will utilize benchmark assessments to develop and implement small group instruction focused on direct instruction strategies to increase student reading ability. 2.b. Interactive Strategies: Implement school-wide 31 minute Rti (Gator Time) block to provide remediation and/or enrichment of reading strategies	Teachers Principal APC SIOP Coach	Classroom Walkthroughs Ongoing Progress Monitoring Coaching Cycle	FAIR Benchmark tests

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

3D. Students with Disabilities (SWD) not making satisfactory progress in Algebra.

Algebra Goal #3D:

2012 Current Level of Performance:

2013 Expected Level of Performance:

Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in	Principal;	Administration will monitor Lesson	CTEM;
Lessons do not	weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's	Assistant	Plans and provide	Benchmark Tests;
routinely	Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions	Principal;	feedback for	
incorporate	are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS		teachers;	FCAT 2.0;
questioning	or CCSS.	Reading		
strategies designed		Coach;	PLC Meetings	Common Assessments;
to promote critical,	1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided		focused on teachers	
independent, and	Professional Learning Opportunities in	Math Coach;	planning for Higher-	
creative thinking	writing and utilizing higher-order		Order Questions and	Student Data Chats;
	questions.	INSS;	Documenting PLC	
			Notes in Data	Webb's Depth of
	1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed	ESE Inclusion	Warehouse;	Knowledge and C & I
	weekly as well as daily when teacher is	Teachers;		Non-negotiables
	being observed during an evaluation		Classroom	electronic form;
		Classroom	Observations and	
	1.d. Rigor: Teacher will accommodate	Teachers;	walkthroughs	Students'

1		classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group, or individually with students to support improved instruction. 1.e. Rigor: Teachers collaborate in planning and share lesson plans to increase ESE teacher effectiveness.		focused on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development. IEP Meetings	
2	and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held: admin to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teacher will accommodate classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group, or individually with students to support improved instruction. 2.e. Interactive: Teachers collaborate in planning and share lesson plans using Angel to increase ESE teacher effectiveness. 2.f. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; ESE Inclusion Teachers; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers. IEP Meetings.	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade Writing exemplars;

	informational text across all content to teach reading	will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These limburg short and	Assistant Principal;	based effective teaching strategies.	Monthly Writing Prompts
	and writing skills and strategies:	include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips).	Reading Coach;	Incorporate writing across the content	FCAT Writing 2.0;
	Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of	3.b. Use of Informational Text: Reading Coach will provide inservice on short and extended responses.	Math Coach;	areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's
	language arts instruction.	3.c. Use of Informational Text: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization,	ESE Inclusion Teachers;	both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide	Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes;
		punctuation, and complete sentences).	Classroom Teachers;	feedback to students bi-weekly.	Writing Data Chats;
		3.d. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content. These will be available to observers. 3.e. Use of Informational Text:	Students	Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why	
		Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs.		the work has been posted.	
		In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source.		Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to	
3		3.f. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will accommodate/adapt classroom work to be consistent with IEP accommodations, working in small group or		identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills.	
		individually with students to support improved reading skills(differentiated materials/instruction) . Provide lesson plans in a central database (Angel) to		Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide	
		increase ESE teacher remediation/differentiation/accommodation opportunities in daily instructional practices.		specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and	
		3.g. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads		Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring.	
		(for Language Arts/ Reading)a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.		Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle,	
				designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps.	
				Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on	
				differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
				IEP Meetings and Writing Goals.	

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:

3E. Economically Disadvantaged students not making satisfactory progress in Algebra.

Algebra Goal #3E:

In FY 13, ?????

2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
100% (22)	100% (86)

Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement

	Problem-Solving Process to frict ease student Achievement				
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1	1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teacher will differentiate instructional strategies, working in small group, or individually with students to support student learning needs. 1.e. Rigor: Teacher will maintain data by subgroup in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier.	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; SIOP Coach; Classroom Teachers;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused on Higher Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teacher's will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on need. Collect trend data on implementation of Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables using the electronic form. Analyze data to make instructional decisions and plan for staff development.	FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I Non-negotiables electronic form; Students' notebooks/journals/ex slips; Common Formative Assessments;
	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms.	2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data to inform planning and instructional decisions.	Classroom Teachers;	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments and comparing pre/post assessment results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers.	Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Postests; EOC Exams; Data Chats;

2		teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will maintain data by sub-group in order to identify issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 2.e.Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly		PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
		ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's.			
	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	all classes (These	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	Utilize research-based effective teaching strategies. Incorporate writing across the content areas with response journals/ notebooking/ exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students biweekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring.	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative an Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

issues specific to the risk-factors associated with the sub-group. As data uncovers specific barriers to closing the achievement gap, Teacher will identify appropriate differentiated instructional strategies to remove the barrier. 3.f. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (for Language Arts/ Reading) a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell Notes will be used in all classrooms.	Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
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End of Algebra EOC Goa

Geometry End-of-Course (EOC) Goals

* When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

Based on the analysis of in need of improvement			reference t	o "Guiding Questions"	, identify and define areas
1. Students scoring at Achievement Level 3 in Geometry.					
Geometry Goal #1:					
2012 Current Level of Performance:			2013 Expected Level of Performance:		
	Problem-Solving	Process to I	ncrease S	Student Achievemen	t
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Posi Res for	son or tion ponsible itoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
		No Data	Submitted		

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:						
2. Students scoring at or above Achievement Levels4 and 5 in Geometry.Geometry Goal #2:						
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:					

			l			
	Proble	m-Solving Process	to Increase S	Student	Achievement	
Anticipated Barri	nticipated Barrier Strategy		Person or Position Responsible For Monitoring	Deter	iveness of	Evaluation Tool
No Data Submitted						
Based on Ambitiou Target	s but Achievab	le Annual Measurabl	e Objectives (A	MOs), <i>i</i>	AMO-2, Reading a	nd Math Performance
3A. Ambitious but Annual Measurable (AMOs). In six yea reduce their achiev 50%.	Geometry Goal #				_	
Baseline data 2011-2012	2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-20	15	2015-2016	2016-2017

						J		ļ ,	
•									
Based on the analysis of in need of improvement			and i	reference to	o "Guid	ing Questions	", iden	itify and o	define areas
3B. Student subgroup: Hispanic, Asian, Ameri satisfactory progress Geometry Goal #3B:	ican India	n) not making	k,						
2012 Current Level of Performance:				2013 Exp	ected	Level of Perf	ormar	nce:	
	Problem	-Solving Process	s to I	ncrease S	tudent	: Achievemer	nt		
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy		Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring		Deter	iveness of	E	valuation	า Tool
		No	Data	Submitted			•		

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and r in need of improvement for the following subgroup:	eference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas
3C. English Language Learners (ELL) not making satisfactory progress in Geometry.	
Geometry Goal #3C:	
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:
Problem-Solving Process to I	ncrease Student Achievement

Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	No	Data Submitted		

	f student achievement data, for the following subgroup:	and r	eference to	o "Guiding Questions", id	dentify and define areas
3D. Students with Disabilities (SWD) not making satisfactory progress in Geometry.					
Geometry Goal #3D:					
2012 Current Level of Performance:			2013 Exp	ected Level of Perforr	mance:
	Problem-Solving Proces	s to I	ncrease S	tudent Achievement	
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring		Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	No	Data	Submitted		

Based on the analysis of in need of improvement			eference t	o "Guiding Questions",	, identify and define areas
3E. Economically Disadvantaged students not making satisfactory progress in Geometry.					
Geometry Goal #3E:					
2012 Current Level of Performance:			2013 Exp	pected Level of Perfo	ormance:
	Problem-Solving	Process to I	ncrease S	tudent Achievemen	t
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Posi Resp for	on or tion ponsible itoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
		No Data	Submitted		

End of Geometry EOC Goals

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Webb's Depth of Knowledge and Rigorous Higher Order Questioning	6-8	Math Coach;	All Teachers	Ongoing through PLCs, Teacher Connections and Early Release Days	CTEM; Implementation in classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach;
Data Analysis Training Using Results from Data Warehouse	6-8	Math Coach; Reading Coach; Principal; Assistant Principal;	All Teachers	Ongoing through PLCs, Teacher Connections and Pre- pre service week	CTEM; Implementation in classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach;
Common Core Overview	6-8	District Math Coordinator	All Teachers	Pre-Service Week	CTEM; Implementation in classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach;
Agile Minds	6-8	District Math Coordinator	All Math Teachers	Pre-Service Week or Summer 2012	CTEM; Implementation in classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach;
Times Attack	6-8	Math Coach;	All Math Teachers	Teacher Connections	CTEM; Implementation in classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach;
Test Item Specifications Training and Analysis; Gridded Response	6-8	Math Coach	All Teachers	Teacher Connections	CTEM; Implementation in classrooms; Lesson Plans; PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach;

Mathematics Budget:

Evidence-based Progra	am(s)/Material(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
		•	Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	ent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00

			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
Hire a Math Coach to support Mathematics Instruction.	Certified Math Teacher	Title I Basic Funding	\$63,638.11
			Subtotal: \$63,638.11
			Grand Total: \$63.638.11

End of Mathematics Goals

Elementary and Middle School Science Goals

* W/	hen using percentages, in	clude the number of stud	lents the	e percentag	ge represents (e.g., 70%	(35)).
	ed on the analysis of stars in need of improvem			reference	e to "Guiding Questions	", identify and define
Lev	FCAT2.0: Students so rel 3 in science. ence Goal #1a:	coring at Achievemer	nt		nd of FY 13, 39% (147 a level 3 on the FCAT	
201	2 Current Level of Pe	erformance:		2013 Exp	pected Level of Perfor	rmance:
34%	6 (103)			39% (147	')	
	Pr	oblem-Solving Proce	ss to I	ncrease S	Student Achievement	
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Po Resp	rson or sition oonsible onitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1	1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS.	Math (INSS; SIOP (Classro Teache	ant al; of hts; og Coach; Coach;	on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback	CTEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments; Student Data Chats; Students' notebooks/journals/exit slips; Common Formative Assessments; Common Summative assessments

2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms. Consequently instruction, interventions, and enrichment are not driven by data and do not address individual student needs		Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Post tests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade
informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and	3.a. Use of Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach;	Incorporate writing across the content	Writing exemplars; Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0;
Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts	minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit	Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers;	exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM);

3		Informational Texts: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.c. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content areas. These will be available to observers.		exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers.	
		3.d. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source.		PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps.	
		3.e. Use of Informational Text: Students will engage in the use of close reading and the district provided intertextual triads (in Reading/ Language Arts) across a minimum of six times this school year. Cornell notes will also be used in classrooms.		Observation and walkthroughs focused on differentiated instruction with specific feedback provided to teachers.	
4	1. Rigor:		Principal; Assistant Principal; Dean of Students; Reading Coach; Math Coach; Science Dept. Chairs; INSS; Classroom Teachers;	Ongoing Progress Monitoring; CTEM; PLC Minutes;	Common Assessments; Formative and Summative Assessments; FCAT 2.0

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:

1b. Florida Alternate Assessment: Students scoring at Levels 4, 5, and 6 in science.

Science Goal #1b:

2012 Current Level of Performance:		2013 Expected Level of Performance:		mance:	
	Problem-Solving Proces	ss to I	ncrease S	tudent Achievement	
Anticipated Barrier Strategy Posi for		Posit Resp for	on or tion oonsible toring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
No Data Submitted					

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:				
2a. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring at or above Achievement Level 4 in science. Science Goal #2a:	By the end of FY 13, 9% (34 students)of students will score above a level 3 on the FCAT Science test.			
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:			
8% (24)	9% (34)			

Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement

	PI	oblem-solving Proce	ss to micrease s	student Achievement	
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teacher will develop higher-	Principal;	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans	CTEM;
	Lessons do not routinely incorporate	order questions that are text dependent	Assistant Principal;		Benchmark Tests;
	questioning strategies designed to promote		Reading Coach;	PLC Meetings focused	FCAT 2.0;
	critical, independent, and creative thinking	reading and rereading of complex texts. Questions should be	Math Coach;	on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and	Common Assessments;
		designed in such a way as to lead	INSS;	Documenting PLC Notes in Data	Student Data Chats;
		students into strategic and	SIOP Coach;	Warehouse;	Webb's Depth of Knowledge and C & I
		extended thinking to match the level of rigor appropriate to	Classroom Teachers;	Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused	Non-negotiables electronic form;
		the standard and to provide evidence of mastery at exemplary		on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback	Students' notebooks/journals/exit slips;
		levels.		provided to teachers;	Common Formative
1		1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing and utilizing higher-order questions.		Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher-order questioning; adjust instruction based on	Assessments; TEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments
		1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as		need. Collect trend data on	

to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: During PLC's teacher will triangulate data to determine appropriate opportunities for extension and acceleration to enrich/extend the level of student comprehension. 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will develop best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's. 3. Use of informational text informational Text: Utilize reservation ocaches additional text informational Text:	personal description of the process
across all content to students will be teach reading and accountable for Assistant strategies Principal;	O .

strategies:	extended responses a	Reading Coach;		FCAT Writing 2.0;
strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm-ups, journaling, short and long responses to DOK or EQ, and exit slips). 3.b. Use of Informational Texts: In all content areas when assessing student responses check for 3 (capitalization, punctuation, and complete sentences). 3.c. Use of Informational Text: Teacher will maintain student writing samples to demonstrate writing in the content areas. These will be available to observers. 3.d. Use of Informational Text: Instructional Coaches will provide inservice on short and extended responses and writing rubrics during PLCs. In addition, coaches will demonstrate the use of informational text when responding to a source. 3.e. Use of Informational Text:	Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	areas with response journals/ notebooking/exit slips to improve both prompt writing and the writing process type writing. Provide feedback to students bi-weekly. Post and refer to exemplary student writing with anecdotal notes, emphasizing why the work has been posted. Collect response data using common assessments and comparing results to identify students that may require reteaching of key concepts/skills. Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide specific feedback to teachers. PLC Meeting and Notes will be maintained to reflect data monitoring. Utilize content area coaches and the coaching cycle, designating time to debrief, discuss observations and plan for next steps. Classroom Observation and walkthroughs focused	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; Writing Data Chats;

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and areas in need of improvement for the following group:	reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define
2b. Florida Alternate Assessment: Students scoring at or above Achievement Level 7 in science. Science Goal #2b:	
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:

	Problem-Solving Proces	s to Increase S	itudent Achievement	
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	No	Data Submitted		

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Science Fair Training	6-8	District Science Coordinator	All Science Teachers	Department Meetings/ Ongoing	Science Fair	Principal; Assistant Principal; CTEM
Common Core Overview	6-8	District Language Arts Coordinator	All Teachers	Pre-Service Week	Lesson Plans CTEM- Walkthroughs and Observations	Observers; Principal; Assistant Principal; CTEM Observers;
Writing in the Content Areas	6-8	Reading Coach	All Teachers	Pre-Service	Lesson Plans Classroom Observations	Principal; Assistant Principal; CTEM Observers;
Webb's Depth of Knowledge Training and Rigorous Higher Order Questions	6-8	Reading Coach	All Teachers	Teacher Connections and Pre-service Week	Lesson Plan monitoring CTEM PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; CTEM Observers;
Science Curriculum Training and District Science Technology Program Training	6-8	District Science Coordinator	All Science Teachers	Pre Service Week	Lesson Plans; CTEM: DE Reports; ThinkCentral Usage Reports;	Assistant Principal; CTEM Observers;
Close Reading Specifically in the area of Science	6-8	Reading Coach	All Science Teachers	Ongoing through Teacher Connections and PLCs	Lesson Plan monitoring CTEM PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; CTEM Observers;
Vernier Training	6-8	District Science Coordinator	All Science Teachers	Ongoing through PD Days and PLCs	Lesson Plan monitoring CTEM PLC Minutes	Principal; Assistant Principal; CTEM Observers;

Science Budget:

Evidence-based Progra	arri(s)/ wateriar(s)		A
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

End of Science Goals

Writing Goals

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:						
3.0 a	CAT 2.0: Students scor nd higher in writing. ng Goal #1a:	ing at Achievement Le	By the end of I	FY 13, 52% (195)of stud er on the FCAT Writing to		
2012	Current Level of Perfo	rmance:	2013 Expecte	d Level of Performance	e:	
28%	(86) students scored Lev	el 4.0 or higher	52% (195) stu higher	52% (195) students expected to score Level 4.0 or higher		
	Prol	olem-Solving Process t	o Increase Stude	ent Achievement		
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool	
	Interactive Strategies and Differentiation: Students lack the skills to develop details and support in their writing.	2.a Interactive Strategies: Lessons will focus on correct use of standard English conventions. In addition, instruction will focus on organization, in-depth elaborations and support. 2.b Interactive Strategies: Use of district specific rubrics	Assistant	Student notebooking/journaling; CTEM; Teacher feedback to students using writing rubrics as guides/anchor papers; Observations and Walkthroughs;	Writing Assessments; FCAT 2.0 Writing; Collier Writes;	

1		with increased attention to the quality of details which require the use of relevant, logical, and plausible support. 2.c. Interactive Strategies: Grammar/convention instruction- Check for complete sentences, capital letter at the beginning of the sentence and proper punctuation. 2.d. Interactive Strategies and Differentiation: Small group instruction will be provided to students based on writing needs with ongoing progress monitoring.			
2	1. Rigor:	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will receive professional learning opportunities using anchor papers to score student writing. Students will receive feedback from teachers on first drafts with no score. After revisions, teacher will score the papers. Teachers will post writing exemplars in the classroom.	Reading Coach; Principal; Assistant Principal; Language Arts Teachers; All Teachers;	Student notebooking/journaling; CTEM; Teacher feedback to students using writing rubrics as guides/ anchor papers; Observations and Walkthroughs;	Writing Assessments; FCAT 2.0 Writing; Collier Writes;
3	3. Use of Informational Text across all Content to Teach Reading and Writing Skills and Strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	asked to write to a variety of sources. Students will also write to prompts as teachers transition instruction to the Common Core.	Principal; Language Arts Teachers; All Teachers;	Student notebooking/journaling; CTEM; Teacher feedback to students using writing rubrics as guides/ anchor papers; Observations and Walkthroughs;	Writing Assessments; FCAT 2.0 Writing; Collier Writes;

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:				
1b. Florida Alternate Assessment: Students scoring at 4 or higher in writing. Writing Goal #1b:				
2012 Current Level of Performance:	2013 Expected Level of Performance:			
Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement				

Anticipated Barrier	33	Itor	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool		
No Data Submitted						

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
		District	,	3 /	CTEM; Lesson Plans;	Principal; Assistant
FCAT Writing Focus	8th grade Language Arts Teachers	Language Arts Coordinator; Reading	8th grade Language Arts Teachers	Select Tuesdays Fall 2012	Quarterly Writing Prompts;	Principal; Reading Coach;
		Coach;			Ongoing classroom writing assessments	Language Arts Teacher;
					СТЕМ;	Principal;
DADOO			6th Grade		Lesson Plans;	Assistant Principal;
PARCC Scoring Rubric	6th Grade Teachers	Reading Coach	Language Arts Teachers	Ongoing in PLCs	Quarterly Writing Prompts;	Reading Coach;
					Ongoing classroom writing assessments	Language Arts Teacher;
					CTEM;	Principal;
		Reading Coach	All Teachers	Ongoing Teacher Connections, Early Release Days, and Staff Development	Lesson Plans;	Assistant Principal;
Writing In All Classrooms	6-8				Quarterly Writing Prompts;	Reading Coach;
				Days	Ongoing classroom writing assessments	Language Arts Teacher;
					CTEM;	Principal;
Effective Research		Reading			Lesson Plans;	Assistant Principal;
Paper Writing and Pre-Laureate	6-8	Coach; Assistant	All Teachers	Ongoing Teacher Connections; ER Days	Quarterly Writing Prompts;	Reading Coach;
Research		Principal			Ongoing classroom writing assessments	Language Arts Teacher;

Writing Budget:

Evidence-based Program(s)/Material(s)					
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount		
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00		
			Subtotal: \$0.00		
Technology					
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount		

No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
		-	Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas

End of Writing Goals

Civics End-of-Course (EOC) Goals

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

in n	eed of improvement for	the following group:	,		5	
 Students scoring at Achievement Level 3 in Civics. Civics Goal #1: 				To implement the new Civics course with instructional resources and curriculum guides to pace the content of the class for student success on the EOC.		
201	2012 Current Level of Performance:			2013 Ехр	ected Level of Perforr	nance:
N/A				N/A		
	Pi	roblem-Solving Proces	ss to Ir	ncrease S	tudent Achievement	
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Pc Respo	rson or osition onsible for nitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
	1. Rigor: Lessons do not routinely incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	1.a. Rigor: Teachers will plan for and include higher-level questions in weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned		ant al; of	Administration will monitor Lesson Plans and provide feedback for teachers; PLC Meetings focused on teachers planning for Higher-Order Questions and	CTEM; Benchmark Tests; FCAT 2.0; Common Assessments;
		to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will receive professional learning opportunities by	Math CINSS;	Coach;	Documenting PLC Notes in Data Warehouse; Classroom Observations and walkthroughs focused	Student Data Chats; Students' notebooks/journals/exit slips; Common Formative
1		instructional coaches in order to deepen their understanding of writing and utilizing higher-order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans documenting higher-order questions will be viewed weekly	Classro		on Higher-Order Questions with specific feedback provided to teachers; Teachers will check students' level of understanding through discussion and higher- order questioning; adjust instruction	Assessments; Common Summative assessments

based on need.

as well as daily when

Strateg Differer Instruct Data-di instruct commu not bec practice classroc Conseq instruct interver enrichm driven I not add student	ies and ntiated tion: riven planning, ion and nication have ome uniform exacross all oms. uently ion, ntions, and nent are not by data and do dress individual ex needs	teacher is being observed during an evaluation 1.d. Rigor: Teachers will explicitly teach the core curriculum with fidelity in order to maintain and increase the percent of Level 3 students. 2.a. Interactive: PLC's will meet bi-weekly for the specific purpose of examining, interpreting, and analyzing data from common assessments in order to inform planning and instructional decisions. 2.b. Interactive: Lesson plans and instruction will reflect differentiated instruction based on careful data analysis 2.c. Interactive: School-level data chats are held with students for the purpose of goal setting and reviewing individualized data: admin. to teacher; teacher to student; and in 6th grade student to parent (student led conference) 2.d. Interactive: Teachers will utilize a 31 minute daily intervention block of time (Gator Time) to provide academic support and enrichment opportunities for students using data collected through weekly ongoing progress monitoring. Teachers will implement best practices in meeting the needs of their students by working closely with their academic coaches and PLC's. 3.a. Use of	Principal; Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS; Classroom Teachers; Students	effective teaching strategies. Collect data using common assessments	Common Formative and Summative assessments; Administrator's Evaluations (CTEM); PLC Meeting Notes; FCAT 2.0; Teacher made Pre/Post tests; EOC Exams; Data Chats; Student Led Conferences in 6th Grade Writing exemplars;
to teacl writing strateg Studen inadequ opportu	n reading and skills and ies:	Informational Text: Students will be accountable for writing short and extended responses a minimum of three times per week in all classes (These include warm- ups, journaling, short	Assistant Principal; Reading Coach; Math Coach; INSS;	Incorporate writing	Monthly Writing Prompts FCAT Writing 2.0; Common Formative and Summative assessments;

	instruction.	DOK or EQ, and exit slips).	Classroom Teachers;	process type writing. Provide feedback to	Evaluations (CTEM);
		- 17	,	students bi-weekly.	PLC Meeting Notes;
		3.b. Use of	Students		<u> </u>
		Informational Texts:		Post and refer to	Writing Data Chats;
		In all content areas		exemplary student	
		when assessing		writing with anecdotal	
		student responses		notes, emphasizing	
		check for 3		why the work has	
		(capitalization,		been posted.	
		punctuation, and		Callest response data	
		complete sentences).		Collect response data using common	
		3.c. Use of		assessments and	
		Informational Text:		comparing results to	
		Teacher will maintain		identify students that	
		student writing		may require reteaching	
		samples to		of key concepts/skills.	
_		demonstrate writing in			
3		the content areas.		Administration will	
		These will be available		monitor Lesson Plans	
		to observers.		and provide specific	
				feedback to teachers.	
		3.d. Use of			
		Informational Text:		PLC Meeting and Notes	
		Instructional Coaches		will be maintained to	
		will provide inservice		reflect data	
		on short and extended responses and writing		monitoring.	
		rubrics during PLCs. In		Utilize content area	
		addition, coaches will		coaches and the	
		demonstrate the use		coaching cycle,	
		of informational text		designating time to	
		when responding to a		debrief, discuss	
		source.		observations and plan	
				for next steps.	
		3.e. Use of			
		Informational Text:		Classroom Observation	
		Students will engage		and walkthroughs	
		in the use of close		focused on	
		reading and the		differentiated	
		district provided intertextual triads (in		instruction with specific feedback	
		Reading/ Language		provided to teachers.	
		Arts) across a		provided to teachers.	
		minimum of six times			
		this school year.			
		Cornell notes will also			
		be used in classrooms.			
	<u> </u>		1		1

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group: 2. Students scoring at or above Achievement Levels To implement rigorous and historically relevant writing 4 and 5 in Civics. extensions through critical reading of primary historical sources. (Document Based Questions – DBQ) Civics Goal #2: 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance: N/A N/A Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement Process Used to Person or Position Determine **Anticipated Barrier** Strategy **Evaluation Tool** Responsible for Effectiveness of Monitoring Strategy 1.a. Rigor: Teachers will Principal; 1. Rigor: Classroom Common plan for and include Observations; Assessments; Lesson do not routinely higher level questions in Assistant

1	incorporate questioning strategies designed to promote critical, independent, and creative thinking.	weekly/daily lesson plans using Webb's Depth of Knowledge (DOK) so questions are purposeful and aligned to the NGSSS or CCSS. 1.b. Rigor: Teachers will be provided Professional Learning Opportunities in writing utilizing higher order questions. 1.c. Rigor: Lesson Plans will be viewed weekly as well as daily when teacher is being observed during an evaluation		PLC Minutes; Coaching Cycle	Benchmark Assessments; Civics EOC Civics Mid-Term and Final;
2	2. Interactive Learning Strategies and Differentiated Instruction: Data-driven planning, instruction and communication have not become uniform practice across all classrooms.		Principal; Reading Coach; Teachers	Classroom Observations; PLC Minutes; Coaching Cycle	Common Assessments; Benchmark Assessments; Civics EOC Civics Mid-Term and Final;
3	3. Use of informational text across all content to teach reading and writing skills and strategies: Students have inadequate opportunities for writing outside of language arts instruction.	journaling, short and	Reading Coach; Classroom Teachers; Students;	Lesson Plans; Classroom Observation; CTEM Coaching Cycle	Common Assessments; Benchmark Assessments; Civics EOC Civics Mid-Term and Final;

In Cla us loc pri inf ela str	e. Use of informational Text: lose Reading will be sed in classrooms to cate key evidence in rimary sources of information in order to laborate and trengthen responses of text.		
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Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Social Studies Monthly POCs Meeting	6-8	Social Studies District Coordinator	Social Studies Teachers	Ongoing	PLCs	Principal; Assistant Principal; Social Studies Department Chair;
Content Seminar	7	Social Studies District Coordinator	7th Grade Civics Coordinator	June 2012/13	PLCs	Principal; Assistant Principal; Social Studies Department Chair;
DBQ Civics Training	7	Social Studies District Coordinator	7th Grade Civics Coordinator	Fall 2012	Meetings and Surveys	Principal; Assistant Principal; Social Studies Department Chair;

Civics Budget:

Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
	•	•	Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00

Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
		-	Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

End of Civics Goals

Attendance Goal(s)

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

	d on the analysis of atter provement:	ndance data, and refere	nce to "Guiding Que	estions", identify and defi	ne areas in need		
1. At	tendance		Pv. July 2012	the number of students a	with expensive		
Attendance Goal #1:				By July 2013, the number of students with excessive absences and tardies will decrease by 1%			
2012	2 Current Attendance Ra	ate:	2013 Expecte	ed Attendance Rate:			
96%			97%				
	2 Current Number of Stu ences (10 or more)	udents with Excessive	2013 Expecte Absences (10	ed Number of Students or more)	with Excessive		
19%	(224)		18% (196.2)				
_	2 Current Number of Stu ies (10 or more)	udents with Excessive	2013 Expecte Tardies (10 o	ed Number of Students r more)	with Excessive		
11%	(164)		10% (109.1)				
	Prol	olem-Solving Process	to Increase Stude	ent Achievement			
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool		
1	Parents of students who have excessive absences and tardies are not informed in a consistent and timely manner.	Implement with fidelity the new district attendance policy and procedures. Contact parents daily and after the fifth absence via phone. Mail notice of excessive absences after the seventh and tenth absence. Implement consequences per district policy.	Dean of Students Data Entry & Attendance Secretary	School Leadership Team will review attendance data monthly and determine number of excessive absences and tardies. This percent will be compared to the same month of the 2011-2012 school year to determine progress toward goal.	Attendance Data		
2	Few opportunities exist for students to be recognized on a regular basis for meeting attendance expectations	quarterly attendance	PBS Facilitator, Dean of Students, PBS Committee	School Leadership Team will review attendance data monthly and determine number of excessive absences and tardies This percent will be compared to the same month of the 2011-2012 school year to determine progress toward goal	percentage of students eligible for participation in drawings and		

toward goal.

\vdash					
	Inconsistent monitoring	Continue with fidelity	Dean of Students,	School Leadership Team	Monthly
	and implementing	SWEEPS program	Data Entry &	will review attendance	Attendance Data
	consequences for	throughout the school	Attendance	data monthly and	
	excessive tardies.	to reduce tardies and	Secretary	determine number of	
		provide safer transitions		excessive absences and	
3		between classes. Utilize		tardies. This percent	
		Student Pass for		will be compared to the	
		monitoring and		same month of the	
		implementing		2011-2012 school year	
		consequences for		to determine progress	
		excessive tardies.		toward goal.	

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)		Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Positive Behavior Support (PBS)	6-8	Dean of Students	Grade Level Teams		PBS and Attendance Data	Principal; Assistant Principal; Dean of Students

Attendance Budget:

-			Available
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

End of Attendance Goal(s)

Suspension Goal(s)

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

	d on the analysis of susper provement:	ension data, and referen	ce to "Guiding Que	stions", identify and defi	ne areas in need		
	Supposion Cool #1.			By July 2012, the number of suspensions, total suspension days assigned, and percent of students receiving suspension days will be decreased by 3%.			
2012	Total Number of In-Sc	hool Suspensions	2013 Expecte	d Number of In-School	Suspensions		
380			510				
2012	Total Number of Stude	nts Suspended In-Scho	2013 Expecte School	d Number of Students	Suspended In-		
21%	(192)		18% (196)	18% (196)			
2012	Number of Out-of-Sch	ool Suspensions	2013 Expecte Suspensions	2013 Expected Number of Out-of-School Suspensions			
120			181	181			
2012 Scho	Total Number of Stude	ents Suspended Out-of-	2013 Expecte of-School	2013 Expected Number of Students Suspended Out- of-School			
10 %	(89)		7% (77)	7% (77)			
	Prol	olem-Solving Process t	o Increase Stude	ent Achievement			
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool		
	Inconsistent monitoring	Identify students with	Intervention	School Leadership Team	Monthly Office		

	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
1	Inconsistent monitoring of minor infractions and major referrals inhibits the school's ability for early interventions.	multiple offenses or excessive minor	Intervention Support Specialist,Dean of Students, Counselors, Grade-level cross-curricular teams	School Leadership Team will review discipline data monthly and determine number of suspensions, total suspension days assigned, and percent of students receiving suspension days. This percent will be compared to the same month of the 2011-2012 school year to determine progress toward goal.	Monthly Office Discipline Referrals and Suspension Data
2	Few opportunities exist for students to be recognized on a regular basis for academic accomplishments.	weekly, monthly, and	Dean of Students, PBS Facilitator, PBS Committee	School Leadership Team will review discipline data monthly and determine number of suspensions, total suspension days assigned, and percent of students receiving suspension days. This percent will be compared to the same month of the 2011-2012 school year to determine progress toward goal.	Decrease in the number of overall referrals and suspensions. Monthly Office Discipline Referrals and Suspension Data
	Few opportunities exist for students to be	Plan and implement bi- weekly, bi-monthly,	PBS Facilitator, Dean of Students,	School Leadership Team will review discipline	Increase in the percentage of

3	basis for meeting PBS expectations.	quarterly, and semester drawings. Plan and implement quarterly PBS celebrations. Plan and implement Student of the Month recognition program. Plan and implement Gator Bucks program.		determine number of suspensions, total suspension days assigned, and percent of students receiving	students eligible for participation in drawings and celebrations. Monthly Office Discipline Referrals and Suspension Data
4	population in which provides opportunities for success and support	instructional opportunities for students. Plan data driven lessons	•	to determine curricular activities based on student needs.	Documentation of PLC/Data Teams Meetings and progress monitoring of students

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC,subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	
No Data Submitted							

Suspension Budget:

Evidence-based Progr	am(s)/Material(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amoun
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.0
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developn	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.0
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount

End of Suspension Goal(s)

Grand Total: \$0.00

Parent Involvement Goal(s)

* When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

Based on the analysis of parent involvement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement: 1. Parent Involvement Parent Involvement Goal #1: To collaborate with families as full partners in the learning *Please refer to the percentage of parents who and development of their children. participated in school activities, duplicated or unduplicated. 2012 Current Level of Parent Involvement: 2013 Expected Level of Parent Involvement: ENMS had approx. 750 volunteer hours during the 10'-11' Increase the number of parent activities as well as the school year and 4 parent nights (Open House, Spring number of volunteer hours by 10%. Festival, WING, and FCAT Awareness). Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement Person or Process Used to Position Determine **Anticipated Barrier** Strategy **Evaluation Tool** Responsible for Effectiveness of Monitoring Strategy Convincing parents that Parent Conferences Data stored in data Principal Survey at end of 11 - 14 year old warehouse and sign in year children need parental Positive Referrals Assistant Principal sheets support at school Newsletters Dean Weekly Phone Messages Up to date website information Teacher contacting parents Up to date marquee information ABC (Academic Booster Club) and SAC attendance drive

Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)		Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Opening Doors	All Grades	FDLRS	Front Office Staff		Monitor parent involvement	Principal; Assistant Principal; Office Manager;

Parent Involvement Budget:

Evidence-based Progra	am(s)/Material(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

End of Parent Involvement Goal(s)

Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) Goal(s)

^{*} When using percentages, include the number of students the percentage represents (e.g., 70% (35)).

Based on the analysis of school data, identify and define areas in need of improvement:						
1. STEM STEM Goal #1:			in Common Co from Agile Mind teaching/coach	All secondary math teachers will receive two years of PD in Common Core State Standards content and pedagogy from Agile Mind to include group-face to face, coteaching/coaching and individual effort, PLC lesson planning of CCSS STEM-focused lessons.		
	Prol	blem-Solving Process t	o Increase Stude	nt Achievement		
	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool	
1	Teachers have not been trained in STEM-focused strategies.	learning opportunities in	Principal, Dean, District Math Coordinator	Conduct walkthroughs and observations and provide specific feedback to teachers.	CTEM Walkthrough Observation Comments (provided through iObservation)	

	in My World' Projects which integrates		
	technology with academic content.		

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	Target Dates (e.g., early release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Common Core State Standards	6-8	Department Chairs and Instructional Coaches	Department Data Teams	Bi-weekly	PLC Minutes; Lesson Plans	Principal; Assistant Principal; Math Coach; Reading Coach; Math POC; Reading POC; Science POC;
District STEM Conference	6-8	District and Community Members	STEM related teachers and Administrators	Spring 2013	Classroom Observations; CTEM;	Principal; Assistant Principal; Science Department Chairs;
Discovery Education	6-8	Department Chairs and Instructional Coaches	Science Teachers	Ongoing	Classroom Observations; CTEM;	Principal; Assistant Principal; Science Department Chairs;

STEM Budget:

Evidence-based Progran	n(s)/Material(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developme	nt		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount

End of STEM Goal(s)

Career and Technical Education (CTE) Goal(s)

* When using percentages	, include the num	per of students the p	percentage represents ((e.g., 70% (3	35))
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Based on the analysis of school data, identify and define areas in need of improvement:					
1. CTE					
CTE Goal #1:					
	Problem-Solvin	g Process to Incre	ase Student Achieveme	ent	
Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsi for Monitorir	ble Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of	Evaluation Tool	
No Data Submitted					

Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity

Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.

PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school- wide)	release) and	Strategy for Follow- up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Business Education Certification	8		Business Education Teacher	Winter 2012	follow up with teacher to encourage state	Principal; Assistant Principal; Teacher;

CTE Budget:

Evidence-based Program(s)/Material(s)		
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Technology			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Development			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount

No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
			Subtotal: \$0.00
Other			
Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
		-	Subtotal: \$0.00
			Grand Total: \$0.00

End of CTE Goal(s)

Additional Goal(s)

No Additional Goal was submitted for this school

FINAL BUDGET

Evidence-based Progra	am(s)/Material(s)			
Goal	Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
Reading	Hire 2 Title I Basic funded Tutors to support ELL student needs.	2 Title I Basic Tutors	Title I	\$59,923.49
				Subtotal: \$59,923.49
Technology				
Goal	Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
				Subtotal: \$0.00
Professional Developm	nent			
Goal	Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
No Data	No Data	No Data	No Data	\$0.00
				Subtotal: \$0.00
Other				
Goal	Strategy	Description of Resources	Funding Source	Available Amount
Mathematics	Hire a Math Coach to support Mathematics Instruction.	Certified Math Teacher	Title I Basic Funding	\$63,638.11
				Subtotal: \$63,638.11
				Grand Total: \$123,561.60

Differentiated Accountability

School-level Differentiated Accountability Compliance



Are you a reward school: jn Yes jn No

A reward school is any school that improves their letter grade or any school graded A.

No Attachment (Uploaded on 9/21/2012)

School Advisory Council

School Advisory Council (SAC) Membership Compliance

The majority of the SAC members are not employed by the school district. The SAC is composed of the principal and an appropriately balanced number of teachers, education support employees, students (for middle and high school only), parents, and other business and community citizens who are representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school. Please verify the statement above by selecting "Yes" or "No" below.

Yes. Agree with the above statement.

Projected use of SAC Funds	Amount
Provide 3 days of substitute coverage for teachers to observe fellow teachers. Math Triumph intervention kits will be purchased (9). Math Gridded Response posters for all math classrooms. Scale posters will be purchased for all classrooms.	\$2,600.00

The School Advisory Council (SAC) will assist the school leadership team in the development of the School Improvement Plan (SIP). The SAC members will meet monthly to make decisions that drive the school improvement efforts of the school. SAC members will also be encouraged to attend on-going District Advisory Council meetings. The School Leadership Team will work collaboratively with the SAC in order to meet the SIP goals.

AYP DATA

Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) Trend Data 2011-2012 Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) Trend Data 2010-2011 Adequate Yearly Progress (AYP) Trend Data 2009-2010

SCHOOL GRADE DATA

No Data Found

Collier School District EAST NAPLES MI DDLE SCHOOL 2010-2011						
	Reading	Math	Writing	Science	Grade Points Earned	
% Meeting High Standards (FCAT Level 3 and Above)	67%	64%	89%	45%	245	Writing and Science: Takes into account the % scoring 4.0 and above on Writing and the % scoring 3 and above on Science. Sometimes the District writing and/or science average is substituted for the writing and/or science component.
% of Students Making Learning Gains	66%	72%			138	3 ways to make gains: Improve FCAT Levels Maintain Level 3, 4, or 5 Improve more than one year within Level 1 or 2
Adequate Progress of Lowest 25% in the School?	71% (YES)	72% (YES)				Adequate Progress based on gains of lowest 25% of students in reading and math. Yes, if 50% or more make gains in both reading and math.
FCAT Points Earned					546	
Percent Tested = 100%						Percent of eligible students tested
School Grade*					IΔ	Grade based on total points, adequate progress, and % of students tested

Collier School District EAST NAPLES MI DDLE SCHOOL 2009-2010						
	Reading	Math	Writing	Science	Grade Points Earned	
% Meeting High Standards (FCAT Level 3 and Above)	70%	67%	93%	44%	274	Writing and Science: Takes into account the % scoring 4.0 and above on Writing and the % scoring 3 and above on Science. Sometimes the District writing and/or science average is substituted for the writing and/or science component.
% of Students Making Learning Gains	65%	73%			138	3 ways to make gains: Improve FCAT Levels Maintain Level 3, 4, or 5 Improve more than one year within Level 1 or 2
Adequate Progress of Lowest 25% in the School?	70% (YES)	72% (YES)			142	Adequate Progress based on gains of lowest 25% of students in reading and math. Yes, if 50% or more make gains in both reading and math.
FCAT Points Earned					554	
Percent Tested = 100%						Percent of eligible students tested
School Grade*					А	Grade based on total points, adequate progress, and % of students tested