Hillsborough County Public Schools

Sessums Elementary School



2018-19 Schoolwide Improvement Plan

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Sessums Elementary School

11525 RAMBLE CREEK DR, Riverview, FL 33569

[no web address on file]

School Demographics

School Type and Gr (per MSID I		2017-18 Title I School	l Disadvan	B Economically taged (FRL) Rate ted on Survey 3)
Elementary S PK-5	School	No		62%
Primary Servio (per MSID I	• •	Charter School	(Reporte	Minority Rate ed as Non-white Survey 2)
K-12 General E	ducation	No		65%
School Grades Histo	ory			
Year	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Grade	В	С	В	B*

School Board Approval

This plan is pending approval by the Hillsborough County School Board.

SIP Authority

Section 1001.42(18), Florida Statutes, requires district school boards to annually approve and require implementation of a school improvement plan (SIP) for each school in the district that has a school grade of D or F.

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) SIP template meets all statutory and rule requirements for traditional public schools and incorporates all components required for schools receiving Title I funds. This template is required by State Board of Education Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code, for all non-charter schools with a current grade of D or F (see page 4). For schools receiving a grade of A, B, or C, the district may opt to require a SIP using a template of its choosing. This document was prepared by school and district leadership using the FDOE's school improvement planning web application located at https://www.floridaCIMS.org.

Purpose and Outline of the SIP

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

Part I: School Information

School Mission and Vision

Provide the school's mission statement.

Instill in all our students the love of learning through high expectations, innovative instruction, parent communication and involvement of family and community.

Provide the school's vision statement.

The students at Sessums will be responsible citizens, lifelong learners, and challenged to their fullest potential.

School Leadership Team

Membership

Identify the name, email address and position title for each member of the school leadership team.:

Name	Title
Norgard, Allison	Principal
Philbert, Monica	Assistant Principal
Perry, Kathryn	Assistant Principal
Wagner, Amy	Psychologist
Persaud, Indirah	School Counselor
Tanner, Linda	Other
Schlesinger, Teresa	Attendance/Social Work
Barr, Pam	Instructional Coach
Avolio, Gloria	School Counselor

Duties

Describe the roles and responsibilities of the members, including how they serve as instructional leaders and practice shared decision making.

Leadership team meetings can include the following:

Principal

Assistant Principal / ELP Coordinator

Guidance Counselor

SAC Chair

School Psychologist

School Social Worker

Academic Coach (Reading)

PLC Liaisons for each grade level and/or content area

District support (including Area Superintendents, Support Specialist, District Coaches)

The Leadership team meets regularly (e.g., bi-weekly/monthly). The purpose of our Leadership Team is to:

1. Collaborate and problem solve to ensure the implementation of high quality instruction: at the core

(Tier 1) and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels instructional practices utilizing the Rtl/MTSS.

- 2. Support the implementation of high quality instructional practices at the core (Tier 1) and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels.
- 3. Review ongoing progress monitoring data at the core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains.
- 4. Communicate school-wide data to PLCs and facilitate problem solving within the content/grade level teams.

A collaborative culture of shared responsibility is established through Leadership Team Meetings and PLCs.

Research consistently bears out that the school leader is the most important element in teachers choosing to go to, and then remain at, a school site. To that end, HCPS works to ensure that principals are selected and placed with great care. HCPS works to develop strong leaders through the Hillsborough Principal Pipeline. As stated above, The Hillsborough Principal Pipeline offers unique and valuable opportunities for teachers to experience and prepare for a school leadership position by helping them gain the skills, experience and confidence that are crucial to becoming a high-performing leader. Pursuing school leadership provides the opportunity to make a direct impact on school culture and positively influence instructional quality, which will result in improved outcomes and higher long-term success rates for students in Hillsborough County.

HCPS' vision for instructional improvement is to have a highly effective teacher in every classroom and a highly effective principal in every school. This vision is founded in the research-based tenet that teacher quality has a larger impact on student achievement than any other schooling factor. Further research demonstrates the impact of a principal's leadership on outcomes for students and teachers. Over the past decade, HCPS has developed a Human Capital Management System (HCMS) to further the district's vision of instructional improvement.

Several Teacher Interview Days and Recruitment Fairs occur throughout the summer months, under the oversight of Human Resources. All applicants must be pre-approved by the District to attend these events. Certified teachers with an Effective or Highly Effective performance evaluation, teaching in field, at our highest needs schools are eligible for salary differential. This program was established with the purpose of helping to create stability and equity in harder to staff schools, recruiting and retaining highly qualified instructional staff, increasing student achievement, and promoting a culture of ongoing professional development.

Compensation is grounded in a performance-based salary structure that explicitly ties salary increases to sustained high-level performance, while career ladder positions, such as Instructional Mentors, are available to effective educators. The base teacher salary schedule is designed to provide substantial increases in compensation to teachers who have demonstrated positive student impact.

Once hired, teacher induction and teacher retention are supported through fully-released instructional mentors assigned to every new educator for up to two years to increase effectiveness and decrease recidivism. Educator effectiveness ratings that differentiate educator quality are used to assist principals in determining teachers' transfer options and promotion into leadership positions. HCPS has linked PD opportunities to HR functions so that school-level and district-level trainings are developed and deployed in response to areas of need identified by educator evaluations. Training course completions can also be tracked by HR Partners to inform human capital decisions.

Early Warning Systems

Year 2017-18

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
mulcator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Attendance below 90 percent	0	11	16	19	25	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80
One or more suspensions	0	1	0	1	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Course failure in ELA or Math	2	3	3	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	0	52	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94

The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOtal
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	1	0	1	12	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18

The number of students identified as retainees:

Indicator		Grade Level												
Indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Retained Students: Current Year	2	3	3	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19
Retained Students: Previous Year(s)	3	7	6	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	26

Date this data was collected

Friday 11/9/2018

Year 2016-17 - As Reported

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOtal
Attendance below 90 percent	10	22	20	9	13	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86
One or more suspensions	1	1	1	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	0	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13

The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	1	0	0	0	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14

Year 2016-17 - Updated

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOtal
Attendance below 90 percent	10	22	20	9	13	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86
One or more suspensions	1	1	1	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	0	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13

The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
Indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOtal
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	1	0	0	0	6	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14

Part II: Needs Assessment/Analysis

Assessment & Analysis

Consider the following reflection prompts as you examine any/all relevant school data sources, including those in CIMS in the pages that follow.

Which data component performed the lowest? Is this a trend?

Bottom Quartile reading and math gains performed the lowest. Yes, it is a trend.

Which data component showed the greatest decline from prior year?

Fifth grade math.

Which data component had the biggest gap when compared to the state average?

-3% on fifth grade math.

Which data component showed the most improvement? Is this a trend?

Fifth grade science. No, it is not a trend.

Describe the actions or changes that led to the improvement in this area.

Active science notebooks that includes a spiral review and active thinking, science learning lab, and increase long term investigations with increased explicit instruction on science vocabulary.

School Data

Please note that the district and state averages shown here represent the averages for similar school types (elementary, middle, high school, or combination schools).

School Grade Component		2018		2017						
School Grade Component	School	District	State	School	District	State				
ELA Achievement	60%	52%	56%	55%	48%	52%				
ELA Learning Gains	56%	52%	55%	46%	49%	52%				
ELA Lowest 25th Percentile	44%	46%	48%	43%	44%	46%				
Math Achievement	64%	55%	62%	58%	52%	58%				

School Grade Component		2018			2017	
School Grade Component	School	District	State	School	District	State
Math Learning Gains	67%	57%	59%	69%	53%	58%
Math Lowest 25th Percentile	43%	44%	47%	54%	43%	46%
Science Achievement	65%	51%	55%	50%	51%	51%

EWS Indicators	as In	put Ear	lier in	the	Survey
	as III	put Lui		uic	Ouivey

Indicator	Grade Level (prior year reported)								
mulcator	K	1	2	3	4	5	Total		
Attendance below 90 percent	0 (10)	11 (22)	16 (20)	19 (9)	25 (13)	9 (12)	80 (86)		
One or more suspensions	0 (1)	1 (1)	0 (1)	1 (2)	2 (1)	3 (3)	7 (9)		
Course failure in ELA or Math	2 (0)	3 (0)	3 (0)	11 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	19 (0)		
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	52 (6)	42 (7)	94 (13)		

Grade Level Data

NOTE: This data is raw data and includes ALL students who tested at the school. This is not school grade data.

	ELA									
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison				
03	2018	63%	53%	10%	57%	6%				
	2017	56%	56%	0%	58%	-2%				
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison									
Cohort Com	parison									
04	2018	57%	55%	2%	56%	1%				
	2017	55%	54%	1%	56%	-1%				
Same Grade C	omparison	2%								
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison									
05	2018	54%	51%	3%	55%	-1%				
	2017	46%	52%	-6%	53%	-7%				
Same Grade C	omparison	8%			•					
Cohort Com	parison	-1%								

MATH								
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison		
03	2018	60%	55%	5%	62%	-2%		
	2017	54%	54%	0%	62%	-8%		
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison							
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison							
04	2018	64%	57%	7%	62%	2%		
	2017	61%	56%	5%	64%	-3%		
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison							
Cohort Com	parison	10%						

MATH								
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison		
05	2018	58%	54%	4%	61%	-3%		
	2017		53%	10%	57%	6%		
Same Grade Comparison		-5%						
Cohort Comparison		-3%						

SCIENCE									
Grade	e Year School District State Comparison C								
05	2018	61%	52%	9%	55%	6%			
	2017								
Cohort Comparison									

Subgroup Data

2018 SCHOOL GRADE COMPONENTS BY SUBGROUPS											
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2016-17	C & C Accel 2016-17
SWD	25	49	45	33	60	46	38				
ELL	38	44	40	42	63	37	38				
ASN	82			100							
BLK	48	54	40	52	54	30	42				
HSP	57	58	50	57	67	50	55				
MUL	84	63		87	76		100				
WHT	62	54	42	70	70	47	75				
FRL	54	55	45	56	60	39	59				
		2017	SCHO	OL GRAD	E COMF	ONENT	S BY SU	JBGRO	UPS		
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2015-16	C & C Accel 2015-16
SWD	17	29	25	32	46	39	11				
ELL	30	45	43	40	65	72	14				
BLK	46	57	44	51	54	19	34				
HSP	49	48	47	56	66	62	43	_			
MUL	76	47		76	75						
WHT	53	40	33	65	57	50	48	_			
FRL	40	42	37	49	58	48	31				

Part III: Planning for Improvement

Develop specific plans for addressing the school's highest-priority needs by identifying the most important areas of focus based on any/all relevant school data sources, including the data from Section II (Needs Assessment/Analysis).

Areas of Focus:

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Title 4th & 5th BQ in math and science.

We are addressing BQ by having students identified in math and ELA. All BQ students receive small group instruction and i-Ready. In 5th grade, BQ is invited to tutoring by some

teachers. BQ is checked in by Administration during quarterly Student Success and

Accountability Meetings.

Intended Outcome

Rationale

Increased student achievement in reading and math.

Point Person

Kathryn Perry (kathryn.perry@hcps.net)

Action Step

Description Choose HE math instructors to teacher one hour of ELP (extended learning program) after school. Select students in the BQ to receive targeted instruction during ELP twice a week.

Person
Responsible
Kathryn Perry (kathryn.perry@hcps.net)

Plan to Monitor Effectiveness

Description Students will progress monitor using iReady 45 minutes a week along with ELP instruction.

Fall, Winter, and Spring quarterly diagnostics will measure effectiveness.

Person Responsible

Valerie Cuason (valerie.cuason@sdhc.k12.fl.us)

Part IV: Title I Requirements

Additional Title I Requirements

This section must be completed if the school is implementing a Title I, Part A schoolwide program and opts to use the Pilot SIP to satisfy the requirements of the schoolwide program plan, as outlined in the Every Student Succeeds Act, Public Law No. 114-95, § 1114(b). This section is not required for non-Title I schools.

Describe how the school plans to build positive relationships with parents, families, and other community stakeholders to fulfill the school's mission and support the needs of students.

We have our mission and vision posted throughout the school as well as on our website, student planners, and weekly newsletters. The weekly newsletter updates families about what events are happening at the school and how they can get involved. Student progress is communicated through various methods depending on teacher preference such as phone calls, planners, daily folders, and conference nights. We have many opportunities such as STEM night, reading night, Parent Universities, Sessums Fest, and chorus and drama concerts where families are welcomed into the school and relationships are built.

PFEP Link

The school completes a Parental Involvement Plan (PFEP), which is available at the school site.

Describe how the school ensures the social-emotional needs of all students are being met, which may include providing counseling, mentoring and other pupil services.

Social and Emotional Learning (SEL) Program

Students are engaged in SEL programs based on their needs and within the HCPS "Building Strong School Culture" framework. This framework includes: Mission and Vision; Procedures & Routines; Promoting & Modeling Great Character; Service Learning; Student Leadership; Conflict Resolution; Mentoring; and Behavior Management Plan. In this way, SEL becomes a part of the fabric of a school's culture.

Hillsborough County Public Schools has partnered with Frameworks of Tampa Bay to integrate SEL into all middle schools. Students will be engaged with LifeSkills training, an evidence-based program that is designed to improve social, emotional, and academic skills and strengthen relationships between students and teachers.

Behavior Management Plan

Included in the HCPS "Building Strong School Culture" framework is the need for a behavior management plan. A comprehensive behavior management plan is an important part of the social/ emotional framework. It is expected that all settings will be structured for success, expectations for student behavior will be explicitly taught, students will be consistently supervised, teachers will build positive relationships with students, and that students will be corrected fluently, calmly, consistently, respectfully, briefly, and immediately.

Comprehensive behaviors plans should address a behavior support team, faculty/stakeholder commitment, school-wide expectations with a plan for teaching those expectations, effective processes for tracking and documenting behavior incidents and interventions, plan progress monitoring, location-based rules, effective reward/recognition program that includes restorative practices, and a focus on data-based decision making.

It is an expectation that behavior management plans for all DA and Achievement Schools include the 10 Critical Elements for Effective School Wide Management Plans, Restorative Practices, the use of Behavior Tracker to track minor incidences (in classroom), and a separate tool to track ALL interventions (admin/ student services). There may additionally be a need for a Behavior Intervention Team (may choose to use PSLT).

Describe the strategies the school employs to support incoming and outgoing cohorts of students in transition from one school level to another.

The School Board of each Florida district is required by state law to establish a comprehensive program for student progression that is based on an evaluation of each student's performance including an assessment of how well the student masters the performance standards approved by the state board. The district's program for student progression is based on mastery of the English language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies standards. (F.S. 1008.25)

The HCPS Student Progression Plan includes information on initial placement, reporting student progress, reading remediation, academic acceleration, grade promotion and retention, graduation requirements, transfer credits, student recognition, accommodations, dual enrollment, and extended learning opportunities.

For complete information, please visit our Student Progression Plan at: http://www.sdhc.k12.fl.us/docs/00/00/21/33/studentprogressionplan.pdf

HCPS utilizes a variety of strategies for assisting students as they transition from one school to another.

HCPS employs multiple strategies for preparing children for entry into kindergarten. Over 6,000 children participate in one of several preschool programs offered by the School District (Head Start, VPK and PreK-ESE). Developmental screenings are available for all families prior to entry into kindergarten through Child Find, a service within the Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resources System (FDLRS). Additionally, the district works closely with School Readiness providers to share information.

HCPS utilizes multiple strategies for preparing students for their next school, including transitioning from elementary to middle school, middle school to high school, or simply moving to a new school mid-year. Examples include:

Bring 6th/9th graders back early for orientation
Train a cadre of student ambassadors to help orient other students
Parent information and/or education opportunities
Hold articulation meetings between 5th and 6th grade teachers
Campus visits
Shadow days
Middle school students visit, tutor and or perform at elementary schools
High school students visit, tutor, or perform at middle schools.

Describe the process through which school leadership identifies and aligns all available resources (e.g., personnel, instructional, curricular) in order to meet the needs of all students and maximize desired student outcomes. Include the methodology for coordinating and supplementing federal, state and local funds, services and programs. Provide the person(s) responsible, frequency of meetings, how an inventory of resources is maintained and any problem-solving activities used to determine how to apply resources for the highest impact.

To ensure efficient/systematic allocation and use of resources, the PSLT/ILT utilizes an RtI/MTSS framework to improve learning for all. Resources allocated support a continuum of academic and behavioral supports, ensuring all students have fluid access to instruction (varying intensity levels matched to most appropriate available resources).

An annual inventory of resource materials, staff, and funds allocated determines necessary resource materials and personnel available to meet student needs through a resource map.

To ensure support systems, small group, and individual needs are met, the PSLT: Reviews school-wide data on an ongoing basis, identifying instructional needs across the school; Supports the implementation of high quality instructional practices during core and intervention blocks; Reviews progress monitoring data of core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains; Communicates school-wide data to PLCs, facilitating problem solving within the content/grade level teams.

The PSLT meets regularly (bi-weekly/monthly). The PSLT meeting calendar is structured around the district's assessment calendar, ensuring opportunities to review assessments, outcome data, and engage in the problem solving process for appropriate data-driven decisions. Team members include administrator(s), guidance counselor(s), school psychologist, ESE specialist, content area coaches/specialists, PLC teacher liaisons, others as needed

Title I:

PartA

Funding enriches eligible schools with additional instructional staff, PD, ELP, and supplemental resources for raising student achievement in high-poverty schools.

PartC- Migrant

The migrant advocate provides services and support to students, parents, teachers and other programs to ensure that students' needs are met. Supplementary services include identification and recruitment, advocacy, health/social services, academic support, parental involvement and family literacy.

PartD

Funds support the Alternative Education Program, providing transition services from alternative education to school of choice, and includes mentoring, intervention services and educational support using transition specialists, teachers, paras and tutors.

Titlell

Funds for PD to provide/promote high quality professional learning that supports improved job performance for all resulting in increased student achievement. PD includes alternative certification, instructional support training and teacher induction program.

TitleIII

Services are provided to ensure ELLs have access to academic content that is equal in scope, sequence, breadth, and depth to the curricular offerings available to all. Services include educational materials and ELL district supported services such as interpreters, translators, bi-lingual support services, teachers, parent involvement and community outreach programs, improving education of immigrant and ELLs.

TitleX- Homeless

Coordinated with Title I funds to provide summer school, reading coaches, and extended learning opportunities. Federal funds are "braided" to support supplemental academic resource teachers at district school sites and to support selected professional learning opportunities for teachers.

TitleIV

Funds used provide academic enrichment activities for high-needs students including college and career counseling, STEM, arts, civics, IB/AP. Funds also support safe and healthy students through mental health services, drug and violence prevention and PE. Effective use of classroom technology is supported through PD.

HeadStart

Appropriate assessments identify a child's strengths, interests, needs and learning styles. Schools utilize information from students to transition into kindergarten.

Describe the strategies the school uses to advance college and career awareness, which may include establishing partnerships with business, industry or community organizations.

HCPS strategies to advance college and career awareness include: Career interest inventory offered to students through Florida Shines; District College Nights; District Financial Aid Nights; Postsecondary representative visits at high schools; Field trip opportunities for career awareness; Field trip opportunities to technical colleges; and Opportunities for students to take courses within their area of interest at their high school, via virtual school, and through dual enrollment.