FLORIDA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION

2012-2013



Roosevelt Elementary School

School Improvement Plan (SIP)

PART I: SCHOOL INFORMATION

School Name:	District Name:
Roosevelt Elementary School	Hillsborough
Principal:	Superintendent:
Christina Dickens	MaryEllen Elia
SAC Co-Chairs:	Date of School Board Approval:
Heather Rodriguez	Pending school board approval
Merrie Tankersly	

Student Achievement Data:

The following links will open in a separate browser window.

School Grades Trend Data (Use this data to complete Sections 1-4 of the reading and mathematics goals and Sections 1 and 2 of the writing and science goals.) Florida Comprehensive Assessment Test (FCAT)/Statewide Assessment Trend Data (Use this data to inform the problem-solving process when writing goals.) High School Feedback Report

K-12 Comprehensive Research Based Reading Plan

Highly Qualified Administrators

List your school's highly effective administrators and briefly describe their certification(s), number of years at the current school, number of years as an administrator, and their prior performance record with increasing student achievement at each school. Include history of school grades, FCAT/Statewide Assessment performance (Percentage data for Achievement Levels, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and Ambitious but Achievable Annual Measurable Objective (AMO) progress.

Position	Name	Degree(s)/	Number of	Number of Years	Prior Performance Record (include prior School Grades, FCAT
		Certification(s)	Years at	as an	(Proficiency, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and AYP information
			Current School	Administrator	along with the associated school year)
Principal	Christina Dickens	BA-Elementary Education	2 years 5 mo.	15	2011-12 A+ Roosevelt Elementary
		Pre K-6 and Special			2010-11 A+ Roosevelt Elementary-100% AYP
		Education K-12			2010-11 A+ Annandale Terrace,
		MA-Special Education,			Fairfax County, Virginia 100% AYP
		Education Leadership,			
		Reading Specialist			

Assistant	Christie Ray	Masters in Ed. Leadership	<1	<1	N/A
Principal		Certified Elem.			
		1 st -6 th Grades			
		ESOL Endorsed			
		Gifted Endorsed			
		14 Years Teaching			
		Experience			

Highly Qualified Instructional Coaches

List your school's highly qualified instructional coaches and briefly describe their certification(s), number of years at the current school, number of years as an instructional coach, and their prior performance record with increasing student achievement at each school. Include history of school grades, FCAT/Statewide Assessment performance (Percentage data for Achievement Levels, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and AMO progress. Instructional coaches described in this section are only those who are fully released or part-time teachers in reading, mathematics, or science and work only at the school site.

Subject	Name	Degree(s)/	Number of	Number of Years as	Prior Performance Record (include prior School Grades, FCAT
Area		Certification(s)	Years at	an	(Proficiency, Learning Gains, Lowest 25%), and AYP
			Current School	Instructional Coach	information along with the associated school year)
Reading	Ann-Marie Gonzalez	BS-Elementary	1	7	2011-12 Head Start DRT
-		Education 1-6			2010-11 A Grady Elementary
		M. Ed –Educational			A Mabry Elementary
		Leadership			2009-10 A Grady Elementary (part-time)
		Pre-K-3 rd Certification			2008-09 A Grady Elementary (part-time)
		Gifted Certification			
		ESOL Endorsed			

Highly Qualified Teachers

Describe the school-based strategies that will be used to recruit and retain high quality, highly qualified teachers to the school.

Description of Strategy	Person Responsible	Projected Completion Date	Not Applicable
			(If not, please explain why)
1. Teacher Interview Day	General Directors	June 2013	
2. Recruitment Fairs	Dr. Games Goode	Ongoing	
3. MAP	Supervisor of Data Analysis	July 2013	
4. School Orientation	Principal	August 2013	
5. Monthly Meetings for New Staff	Assistant Principal	Monthly	
6. Mentor Program	Assistant Principal	Ongoing	

Non-Highly Qualified Instructors

Provide the number of instructional staff and paraprofessionals that are teaching out-of-field (not ESOL certified) and not highly qualified.

Number of staff and paraprofessional that are teaching out-of- field/ and who are not highly effective.	Provide the strategies that are being implemented to support the staff in becoming highly effective
Teachers	Depending on the needs of the teacher, one or more of the following strategies are implemented.
• 2 Non-Highly Qualified Instructors in Gifted	Administrators
	Meet with the teachers four times per year to discuss progress on:
	Preparing and taking the certification exam
	Completing classes need for certification
	Provide substitute coverage for the teachers to observe other teachers
	• Discussion of what teachers learned during the observation(s)
	Academic Coach
	• The coach co-plans, models, co-teaches, observes and conferences with the teacher on a regular basis
	Subject Area Leader/PLC
	• The teachers will attend PLC meetings for on-going adult learning, striving to understand how they as an individual teacher and PLC member can improve learning for all.

Name	Certification	Teaching Assignment	Professional Development/Support to Become Highly Qualified
Jennifer Tucker-Highly Qualified for Education Leadership, Elementary Education, ESE and ESOL; Out of Field for Gifted Education	Education Leadership, Elementary Education, ESE and ESOL	AGP	Taking Courses
Jamie Cowens-Highly Qualified for Elementary Education and Physical Education Out of Field for Gifted Education	Elementary Education, Physical Education	AGP	Taking Courses
Heather Rodriguez-Highly Qualified for Primary Education; Out of Field for ELL	Elementary Education and Primary Education	Kindergarten	Taking Courses
Brenda Quintero-Highly Qualified for Elementary and Exceptional Student Education; Out of Field for ELL	Primary Education and Exceptional Student Education	1st Grade	Taking Courses
Jackie Conklin-Highly Qualified for Elementary and Exceptional Student Education; Out of Field for ELL	Elementary Education and Exceptional Student Education	3 rd Grade	Taking Courses
Kristin Holloway-Highly Qualified for Elementary Education and Art; Out of Field for ELL	Primary Education and Art	1st Grade	Taking Courses

Staff Demographics

Total Number of Instructional Staff	% of First-Year Teachers	% of Teachers with 1-5 Years of Experience	% of Teachers with 6-14 Years of Experience	% of Teachers with 15+ Years of Experience	% of Teachers with Advanced Degrees	% Highly Qualified Teachers	% Reading Endorsed Teachers	% National Board Certified Teachers	% ESOL Endorsed Teachers
100%	<1%	81%	54%	72%	57%	99%	<1%	83%	52%
(59)	(5)	(11)	(27)	(16)	(25)	(57)	(1)	(10)	(28)

Teacher Mentoring Program

Please describe the school's teacher mentoring program by including the names of mentors, the name(s) of mentees, rationale for the pairing, and the planned mentoring activities.

Mentor Name	Mentee Assigned	Rationale for Pairing	Planned Mentoring Activities
Sarah Suarez	Daniele Pepe Lucy Parrish Jamie Cowens Randee Weiss Adrienne Mason Elissa Illustrato Jennifer Loveridge	District Assigned	Bi-monthly meetings with the grade level team. Ongoing meetings as needed with principal or assistant principal. Mentor meetings are ongoing.

Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS)/Response to Instruction/Intervention (Rtl)

School-Based MTSS/RtI Team
Identify the school-based MTSS/RtI Leadership Team.
Elementary The leadership team includes: Principal Assistant Principal Guidance Counselor School Psychologist Social Worker Reading Coach
ESE teacher

- Leads from the PLCs for each grade level, K-5
- SAC Chair

(Note that not all members attend every meeting, but are invited based on the goals and purpose of the meeting)

Describe how the school-based MTSS/RtI Leadership Team functions (e.g., meeting processes and roles/functions). How does it work with other school teams to organize/coordinate MTSS/RtI efforts?

Elementary

The purpose of the core MTSS/RtI Team is to:

- 1. Review school-wide assessment data on an ongoing basis in order to identify instructional needs at all grade levels.
- 2. Support the implementation of high quality instructional practices at the core and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels.
- 3. Review ongoing progress monitoring data at the core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains.
- 4. Communicate school-wide data to PLCs and facilitate problem solving within the grade level teams.

The MTSS/RtI Team meets regularly (e.g., bi-weekly/monthly). Specific responsibilities include:

- Oversee the multi-layered model of instructional delivery (Tier 1/Core, Tier 2/Supplemental and Tier 3/Intensive)
- Determine scheduling needs, and assist teacher teams in identifying research-based instructional materials and intervention resources at Tiers2/3
- Facilitate the implementation of specific programs (e.g., Extended Learning Programs during school; "Walk to Success" Tier 2 groups outside of 90 minute reading block) that provide intervention support to students identified through data sorts/chats conducted by the PLCs.
- Determine the school-wide professional development needs of faculty and staff and arrange trainings aligned with the SIP goals
- Organize and support systematic data collection (e.g., district and state assessments; during-the-grading period school assessments/Plan-Do-Check-Act)
- Our MTSS/RtI team will be called the PSLT (Problem-Solving Leadership Team) and will serve as the main instruction/student outcome based leadership team at the school.

Some members of the RtI Team will meet weekly or bi-weekly to:

- 1. Use the RtI problem solving model to:
- Oversee a multi-tiered model of service delivery.
- Determine scheduling needs, curriculum intervention and enrichment resources.
- Review and interpret student data, both academic and behavioral.
- Organize and support systematic data collection.
- Strengthen the core curriculum instruction:
- -through bi-weekly implementation of PLCs and PLC lead collaboration
- -through the use of grade level created, subject specific, objectives based instructional calendars
- -through the use of common assessments given a minimum of every 3 weeks.
- -through the implementation of research-based, scientifically validated instruction and interventions.
- Plan, implement and oversee the supplemental and intensive interventions for student progression on Tier 2 and 3. Team will also monitor data assessment for these groups.
- 2. Identify professional development needs and resources.
- Strengthen the Tier 1 (core curriculum) instruction through the:
 - o Implementation and support of PLCs
 - Review of teacher/PLC core curriculum assessments/chapters tests/checks for understanding (data will be collected and analyzed by PLCs and reported to the Leadership Team/MTSS/RTI TEAM)

- Use of Common Core Assessments by teachers teaching the same grade/subject area/course (data will be collected and analyzed by PLCs and reported to the Leadership Team/MTSS/RtI team)
- o Implementation of research-based scientifically validated instructional strategies and/or interventions. (as outlined in our SIP)
- o Communication with major stakeholders (e.g., parents, business partners, etc.) regarding student outcomes through data summaries and conferences.
- On a quarterly basis, assist in the evaluation of teacher fidelity data and student achievement data collected during classroom instruction.
- Support the planning, implementing, and evaluating the outcomes of supplemental and intensive interventions in conjunction with PLCs and PSLT.
- Work collaboratively with the PLCs in the implementation of the Common Core Standards curriculum material.
- Coordinate/collaborate/integrate with PLC Lead committee bi-weekly (which is charged with developing a plan for embedding/integrating reading and writing strategies across all other content areas).

Describe the role of the school-based MTSS/RtI Leadership Team (PSLT) in the development and implementation of the school improvement plan. Describe how the RtI Problem-solving process is used in developing and implementing the SIP?

<u>Elementary</u>

- District RtI training during one PLC for every teacher in the updated MTSS/RtI procedures, documents and interventions for Tiers 1 and 2 for all students.
- The Chair of SAC is a member of the PSLT.
- The administration, leadership team, teachers and SAC are involved in the School Improvement Plan development and monitoring throughout the school year.
- The School Improvement Plan is the working document that guides the work of the PSLT and all teacher teams. The large part of the work of the team is outlined in the Expected Improvements/Problem Solving Process sections (and related professional development plans) for school-wide goals in Reading, Math, Writing, Science, Attendance and Behavior.
- Given that one of the main tasks is to monitor student data related to instruction and interventions, the PSLT monitors the effectiveness of instruction and intervention by reviewing student data as well as data related to implementation fidelity (teacher walk-through data).
- The PSLT communicates with and supports the PLCs in implementing the proposed strategies by distributing Leadership Team members across the PLCs to facilitate planning and implementation. Once strategies are put in place, the PLC Leads who are part of the PLCs regularly report on their efforts and student outcomes to the larger PSLT.
- The PSLT and PLCs both use the problem solving process (Problem Identification, Problem Analysis, Intervention Design and Implementation and Evaluation to:
 - Use the problem-solving model when analyzing data:
 - 1. What is the problem? (Problem Identification)
 - 2. Why is it occurring? (Problem Analysis and Barrier Identification)
 - 3. What are we going to do about it? (Action Plan Design and Implementation)
 - 4. Is it working? (Monitor Progress and Evaluate Action Plan Effectiveness)
 - o Identify the problem (based on an analysis of the data disaggregated via data sorts) in multiple areas curriculum content, behavior, and attendance
 - o Develop and test hypotheses about why student/school problems are occurring (changeable barriers).
 - o Develop and target interventions based on confirmed hypotheses.
 - Identify appropriate progress monitoring assessments to be administered at regular intervals matched to the intensity of the level of instructional/intervention support provided.
 - o Develop grading period or units of instruction//intervention goals that are ambitious, time-bound, and measureable (e.g., SMART goals).
 - Review **progress monitoring data at regular intervals** to determine when student(s) need more or less support (e.g., frequency, duration, intensity) to meet established class, grade, and/or school goals (e.g., use of data-based decision-making to fade, maintain, modify or intensify intervention and/or enrichment

support).

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- Each PLC develops PLC action plan for SIP strategy implementation and monitoring.
- Assess the implementation of the strategies on the SIP using the following questions:
 - 1. Does the data show implementation of strategies are resulting in positive student growth?
 - 2. To what extent are we making progress toward the school's SIP goals?
 - 3. If we are making progress, what can we do to sustain what is working?
 - 4. What barriers to implementation are we facing and how will we address them?
 - 5. What should we do next? What should be our plan of action?

MTSS/RtI Implementation

Describe the data source(s) and the data management system(s) used to summarize data at each tier for reading, mathematics, science, writing, and behavior.

The PLCs will work with all data available for the individual student depending on the grade level and accessible data that is available. The use of teacher input and classroom assessments will be combined with District Formatives, FAIR data, SAT and FCAT results.

PLCs and PSLT will strive to provide an overall view of the child's strengths, abilities and weaknesses.

Within each grade level, the teaching teams will work together to provide interventions for all students who are in need. PLCs will analyze grade-wide data during weekly PLC meetings to share strategies and create plans for intervention, and they also include the PSLT suggestions.

Elementary

The following table contains a summary of the assessments used to measure student progress in core, supplemental and intensive instruction and their sources and management:

Core Curriculum (Tier 1)

Data Source	Database	Person (s) Responsible
District generated assessments from the Office of	School Generated Excel Database	Reading Coach/AP
Assessment and Accountability -FCAT released tests		
Baseline and Midyear District Assessments	Scantron Achievement Series	PSLT, PLC Leads & individual teachers
	Data Sorts	
	PLC Logs	
Monthly writing assessments generated by District	Data Spreadsheets	PSLT, PLC Leads & individual teachers
	PLC Logs	
FAIR- Florida Center for Reading Research	Progress Monitoring and Reporting Network	Reading Coach/PLC Leads, individual teachers
FCRR Progress Monitoring - PMRN	Data Sorts	
	PLC Logs	
CELLA	Viewpoint (IPT)	ELL MTSS/RTI TEAM Representative
Teachers' common core curriculum assessments on units of	PLC Database	Individual Teachers/ Team Leaders/ PLC
instruction/big ideas in Math (Go Math) and Science	PLC logs	
(National Geographic)		
DRA-2	School Generated Excel Database	Individual Teacher

Data Source	Database	Person (s) Responsible for Monitoring
Extended Learning Program (ELP)	School Generated Database in Excel	PSLT/PLC Leads/ ELP Facilitator
Ongoing Progress Monitoring (mini-assessments and other		
assessments from adopted curriculum resource materials)		
Differentiated mini assessments based on core curriculum	Individual teacher data base	Individual Teachers/PLCs
assessments.	PLC/Department data base	
FAIR OPM	School Generated Database	Reading Coach/Individual Teachers/ELP
i-Station	Assessments included in computer-based program	Reading Coach/Individual Teachers/ELP

Describe the plan to train staff on MTSS/RtI.

The PLC Leads will continue to work to build consensus with all stakeholders regarding a need for and a focus on school improvement efforts. The PSLT will work to align the efforts of other school teams that may be addressing similar identified issues.

As the District's RtI Facilitators develop(s) resources and staff development trainings on PS/RtI, these tools and staff development sessions will be conducted with staff when they become available. Professional Development sessions, as identified by teacher needs assessment and/or EET evaluation data, will occur during faculty meeting times or rolling faculty meetings. The PSLT will send school team representatives to ongoing PS/RtI trainings/support sessions that are offered district-wide. Our school will invite our area RtI Facilitator to visit quarterly (or as needed) to review our progress in implementation of PS/RtI and provide on-site coaching and support to our Leadership Teams/PLCs. New staff will be directed to participate in trainings relevant to PLCs and PS/RtI as they become available.

Describe plan to support MTSS/RtI.

Response to Intervention (RtI) has also been described in Florida as a Multi-Tiered System of Supports (MTSS) for providing high quality instruction and intervention matched to student needs using learning rate over time and level of performance to inform instructional decisions. In order to support MTSS in our schools, we will:

- Consistently promote the shared vision of one system meeting the needs of ALL students with MTSS as the platform for integrating all school initiatives (i.e., Grade-Level PLCs, PLC Lead meetings, PSLT, Steering, and SAC meetings, lesson study, school-wide behavior management plans).
- Provide designated school personnel with the requisite knowledge and experience to support coordination and implementation of MTSS.
- Provide continued training and support to all school based personnel in problem solving, responding to student data and the use of a systematic method to increase student achievement.

Literacy Leadership Team (LLT)

School-Based Literacy Leadership Team

Identify the school-based Literacy Leadership Team (LLT).

The Literacy Leadership Team serves as the school's literacy Professional Learning Community. The team is comprised of:

- Principal
- Assistant Principal for Curriculum
- Reading Coach

- Reading Teachers
- Media Specialist
- Teachers across content areas (Language Arts, Math, Science, Social Studies) who have demonstrated effective reading instruction as reflected through positive student reading gains
- Language Arts Subject Area Leaders

Describe how the school-based LLT (PLC Lead Committee) functions.

The LLT is a subset of the PSLT. The team provides leadership for the implementation of the reading goals and strategies identified on the SIP. At Roosevelt, this team is referred to as the PLC Lead Committee. This team will meet bi-weekly and will update the grade level PLC data in Roosevelt's Active Directory-PLC folders (school wide database) in order to track the progress of every PLC and the progress monitoring of students in Tiers 2 and 3 MTSS/RtI.

The principal is the LLT chairperson. The reading coach is a member of the team and provides extensive expertise in data analysis and reading interventions. The reading coach and principal collaborate with the team to ensure that data driven instructional support is provided to all teachers.

The principal also ensures that the LLT monitors reading data, identifies school-wide and individual teachers' reading-focused instructional strengths and weaknesses, and creates a professional development plan to support identified instructional needs in conjunction with the PSLT's support plan. Additionally the principal ensures that time is provided for the LLT to collaborate and share information with all site stakeholders including other administrators, teachers, staff members, parents and students.

What will be the major initiatives of the LLT this year?

- Implementation and evaluation of the SIP reading goals/strategies across the content areas
- Development of school wide MTSS/Rti Database within the active directory
- PLC analysis (bi-weekly) using PLC logs
- Implementation of PLC Unit of Instruction Action Plan using Plan-Do-Act-Check logs

NCLB Public School Choice

• Supplemental Educational Services (SES) Notification

PART II: EXPECTED IMPROVEMENTS

Reading Goals

Reading Goals	Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement					
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:		monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool		
	1.1. Common Core Reading Strategy Across all Content Areas	1.1. <u>Who</u> -Principal		1.1. <u>3x per year</u> - FAIR		

Level	Current lof ormance:2013 Expected Level of Performance:77 89%280 (89%)	development. Training for this strategy is being rolled out in 12-13. -Training all content area teachers Lack of common planning time to <i>discuss best practices</i> <i>before the unit of</i> <i>instruction</i> . -Lack of common planning time to <i>identify and analyze</i> <i>core curriculum</i> <i>assessments</i> . -Lack of planning time to <i>analyze data to</i> <i>identify best practices</i> .		-PLC Meeting Notes -PLC student assessment data turned into administration. -Administration provides feedback. -Classroom walk-throughs	0	During the Grading Period - Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit, intervention checks)
		-Teachers knowledge base of this strategy needs professional development. Training for this strategy is being rolled	Common Core Reading Strategy Across all Content Areas Common Core	<u>Who</u> -Principal -AP -Reading Coach -PLC Team Leads	Teacher Level -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this knowledge to drive future instruction. <u>PLC Level</u>	3x per year - FAIR <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> - Common

area teachers Lack of common planning time to discuss best practices before the unit of instruction. -Lack of common planning time to identify and analyze core curriculum assessments. -Lack of planning time to analyze data to identify best practices. -Teachers at varying levels of implementation of higher-order, text-	text-dependent questions at the word/phrase, sentence, and paragraph/passage levels (Webb's, Bloom, Costas). Student reading comprehension improves when students are required to provide evidence to support their answers to text-dependent questions. Scaffolding of students' grappling with complex text through well-crafted text-dependent question assists students in discovering and achieving deeper understanding of the author's meaning. <u>All content area</u> teachers are responsible for implementation. <u>Action Steps</u> Action steps for this strategy are outlined on grade level/content area PLC action plans.	-PLC Meeting Notes -PLC student assessment data turned into administration. -Administration provides feedback. -Classroom walk-throughs -Administrators will use the HCPS Informal Observation Pop-In Form (EET tool).	-Using the individual teacher data, PLCs calculate the SMART goal data across all classes/courses. -PLCs reflect on lesson outcomes and data used to drive future instruction. -For each class/course, PLCs chart their overall progress towards the SMART Goal. Leadership Team Level -PLCs share SMART Goal data with the PSLT. -Data is used to drive teacher support and student supplemental instruction.	assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit, intervention checks)
needs professional development. Training for this strategy is being rolled out in 12-13. -Training all content area teachers	 1.3. <u>Common Core Reading Strategy Across</u> <u>all Content Areas</u> Teachers need to understand how to design and deliver a close reading lesson. Student reading comprehension improves when students are engaged in close reading instruction using complex text. Specific close reading strategies include: 1) multiple readings of a passage 2) 	1.3. <u>Who</u> -Principal -AP -Reading Coach -PLC Team Leads <u>How</u> -PLC Meeting Notes -PLC student assessment data turned into administration.	1.3. Teacher Level -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this knowledge to drive future instruction. PLC Level -Using the individual teacher data, PLCs calculate the SMA PT code data correct off.	1.3 <u>3x per year</u> - FAIR <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> - Common assessments (pre, post, mid, costion end of
planning time to discuss best practices before the unit of instruction. -Lack of common planning time to identify and analyze core curriculum	asking higher-order, text-dependent questions, 3) writing in response to reading and 4) engaging in text-based class discussion. <u>All content area</u> <u>teachers are responsible for</u> <u>implementation.</u> <u>Action Steps</u> Action steps for this strategy are outlined on grade level/content area PLC action	-Administration provides feedback. -Classroom walk-throughs -Administrators will use the HCPS Informal Observation Pop-In Form (EET tool).	SMART goal data across all classes/courses. -PLCs reflect on lesson outcomes and data used to drive future instruction. -For each class/course, PLCs chart their overall progress towards the SMART Goal. <u>Leadership Team Level</u> -PLCs share SMART Goal data	section, end of unit, intervention checks)

	-Lack of planning time to analyze data to identify best practices. -Teachers are at varying levels of design and delivery close reading (both with the low performing and high performing students).	plans.		with the PSLT. -Data is used to drive teacher support and student supplemental instruction.	
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
2. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring Achievement Levels 4 or 5 in reading. Reading Goal #2: The percentage of students scoring a Level 4 or higher on the 2013 FCAT Reading will increase from 69% to 70%.		See Goals 1, 3, & 4			
	2.2.	2.2.	2.2.	2.2.	2.2.
	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring	Process Used to Determine Effectiveness of Strategy	Evaluation Tool
3. FCAT 2.0: Points for students making Learning Gains in reading.	how to structure	3.1. <u>Strategy</u> Student achievement improves through	-Principal	3.1. School has a system for PLCs to record and report during-the-	3.1. <u>3x per year</u> FAIR
Reading Goal #3:Points earned from students making learning gains on the 2013 FCAT Reading will increase from 83 points to 85 points.2012 Current Level of Performance:*2013 Expected Level of Performance:*8385 points	conversations and data analysis to deepen their leaning. To address this barrier, this year PLCs are	teachers working collaboratively to focus on student learning. Specifically, they use the Plan-Do-Check-Act model and log to structure their way of work. Using the backwards design model for units of instruction, teachers focus on the following four questions: 1. What is it we expect them to learn? 2. How will we know if they have	-AP -Reading Coach -PLC Leads <u>How</u> -PLCS turn their logs into administration and/or coach after a unit of instruction is complete. -PLCs receive feedback on their	grading period SMART goal outcomes to PSLT and Administration. Outcomes will be discussed monthly during PLC Lead meetings.	During the Grading Period Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit)

 		-	-		
	log.	 learned it? How will we respond if they don't learn? How will we respond if they already know it? Actions/Details -Grade level/like-course PLCs use a Plan-Do-Check-Act "Unit of Instruction" log to guide their discussion and way of work. Discussions are summarized on log. -Additional action steps for this strategy are outlined on grade level/content area PLC action plans. 	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	3.2. -Teachers tend to only differentiate after the lesson is taught instead of planning how to differentiate the lesson when new content is presented. -Teachers are at varying levels of using Differentiated Instruction strategies. -Teachers tend to give all students the same lesson, handouts, etc. -Lack of planning time for differentiated instruction. -Lack of planning time to gather and analyze data (grade papers).	Actions/Details Within PLCs <u>Before</u> Instruction and <u>During</u> Instruction of New Content -Using data from previous assessments and daily classroom performance/work, teachers plan Differentiated Instruction groupings and activities for the delivery of new content in upcoming lessons. 1. What is it we expect them to learn? 2. How will we know if they have	-PLCs receive feedback on their logs. -Administrators and coaches attend targeted PLC meetings -Progress of PLCs discussed at PSLT -Administration shares the data of PLC visits with staff on a monthly basis.	classes/courses.	3.2. <u>3x per year</u> FAIR <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit)

Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	3.3. Anticipated Barrier	implementation. -Teachers, using a problem-solving question protocol, identify students who need re-teaching/interventions and how that instruction will be provided. -Additional action steps for this strategy will be outlined on Plan-Do-Check-Act 'Unit of Instruction'' log 3.3. Strategy	3.3. Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	33. Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	3.3. Student Evaluation Tool
4. FCAT 2.0: Points for students in Lowest 25% making learning gains in reading. Reading Goal #4: Points earned from students in the bottom quartile making learning gains on the 2013 FCAT Reading will increase from 83 points to 85 points. Points to 85 points.	-Scheduling time for the principal/APC to meet with the academic coach on a regular basis.	 4.1. Strategy Across all Content Areas Strategy/Task Student achievement improves through teachers' collaboration with the Reading Coach in all content areas. Actions/Details Academic Coach The academic coach and administration conducts one-on-one data chats with individual teachers using the teacher's student past and/or present data. The academic coach rotates through all subjects' PLCs to: -Facilitate lesson planning that embeds rigorous tasks -Facilitate development, writing, selection of higher-order, text-dependent questions/activities, with an emphasis on Webb's Depth of Knowledge question hierarchy -Facilitate the identification, selection, development of rigorous core curriculum common assessments -Facilitate the planning for interventions and the intentional grouping of the students. -Using walk-through data, the academic 	4.1. <u>Who</u> Administration <u>How</u> - -Review of coach's log of support to targeted teachers. -Administrative walk-throughs of coaches working with teachers (either in classrooms, PLCs or planning sessions)	4.1. -Tracking of coach's participation in PLCs. -Tracking of coach's interactions with teachers (planning, co-teaching, modeling, de-debriefing, professional development, and walk throughs) -Administrator-Instructional Coach meetings to review log and discuss action plan for coach for the upcoming two weeks	4.1. <u>3x per year</u> - FAIR <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> - Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit)

		1	1		
		coach and administration identify teachers for support in co-planning, modeling, co- teaching, observing and debriefing. -The academic coach trains each subject area PLC on how to facilitate their own PLC using structured protocols. -Throughout the school year, the academic coach/administration conducts one-on-one data chats with individual teachers using the data gathered from walk-through tools. This data is used for future professional development, both individually and as a department. Leadership Team and Coach -The academic coach meets with the principal/APC to map out a high-level summary plan of action for the school year. -Every two weeks, the academic coach meets with the principal/APC to: Review log and work accomplished and -Develop a detailed plan of action for the next two weeks.			
	4.2 -The Extended Learning Program (ELP) does not always target the specific skill weaknesses of the students or collect data on an ongoing basis. -Not always a direct correlation between what the students is missing in the regular classroom and the instruction received during ELP. -Minimal communication between regular and ELP teachers. -Scheduling	Strategy Students' reading comprehension improves through receiving ELP supplemental instruction on targeted skills that are not at the mastery level. Action Steps	Administrators <u>How Monitored</u> Administrators will review the communication logs and data collection used between teachers and ELP teachers outlining skills that need remediation.	4.2 Supplemental data shared during PLCs.	4.2 Curriculum Based Measurement (EasyCBM) Biweekly Fluency Checks Monthly Comprehension Checks

		program.			
				1	
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:					
Based on Ambitious but Achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs), Reading and Math Performance Target		2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015- 2016- 2016 2017
5. Ambitious but Achievable Annual Measurable Objectives (AMOs). In six years Roosevelt will reduce their achievement gap by 50%. Reading Goal #5:	-				
5A. Student subgroups by ethnicity (White, Black, Hispanic, Asian, American Indian) not making satisfactory progress in reading.Reading Goal #5A:2012 Current Level of2013 Expected Level ofThe percentage of White students scoring proficient/satisfactory on the 2013 FCAT/FAA Reading will increase from 92% to 93%.2012 Current Level of Performance2013 Expected Level of PerformanceWhite students scoring proficient/satisfactory and the students scoring proficient/satisfactoryWhite: 8% Black: n/a Hispanic: 26% Asian: 30% Asian: 12%White: 7% Black: n/a Hispanic: 13% American Indian: n/a	White: Black: Hispanic: Asian: American Indian:	See Goals 1, 3, & 4	5A.1.	5A.1.	5A.1.
	5A.2.	5A.2	5A.2	5A.2	5A.2
	5A.3.	5A.3.	5A.3.	5A.3.	5A.3.
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
5B. Economically Disadvantaged students not making satisfactory progress in reading.	5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.

<u>-</u>	Level of Performance		5B.2. 5B.3.	See Goals 1, 3, & 4	5B.2. 5B.3.	5B.2. 5B.3.	5B.2. 5B.3.
The ESOL Resour referred to as ERT below.			Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
N/A	orogress in 2012 Current Level of	reading. 2013 Expected Level of Performance:		5C.1	5C.1	5C.1	5C.1 -FAIR -CELLA <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> -Core curriculum end of core common unit/ segment tests with data aggregated for ELL performance
			proficiency of ELL students in our school is of high priority. -The majority of the teachers are unfamiliar with this strategy. To address this barrier, the	 5C.2. ELLs (LYA, LYB & LYC) comprehension of course content/standards increases in reading, language arts, math, science and social studies through the use of the district's online program <u>A+Rise</u> located on IDEAS under Programs for ELL. <u>Action Steps</u> -ESOL Resource Teacher (ERT) provides 	5C.2. Who -School based Administrators -District Resource Teachers -ESOL Resource Teachers How -Administrative and ERT walk-throughs using the CRISS walkthrough form	5C.2 <u>Teacher Level</u> -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this knowledge to drive future instruction. -Teachers use the on-line grading system data to calculate their students' progress towards their PLC and/or individual ELL SMART	5C.2 -FAIR -CELLA <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> -Core curriculum end of core common unit/ segment tests

by the school's ERT. -Teachers implementation of A+ Rise is not consistent across core courses. -Administrators at varying skill levels regarding use of A+ Rise in order to effectively conduct an A+ Rise fidelity check walk-through.	professional development to all content area teachers on how to access and use A+ Rise Strategies for ELLs at http://arises2s.com/s2s/ into core content lessons. -ERT models lessons using A+ Rise Strategies for ELLs. -ERT observes content area teachers using A+Rise and provides feedback, coaching and support. -District Resource Teachers (DRTs) provide professional development to all administrators on how to conduct walk- through fidelity checks for use of A+ Rise strategies for ELLs.		Goal. <u>PLC Level</u> -Using the individual teacher data, PLCs calculate the ELL SMART goal data across all classes/courses. -PLCs reflect on lesson outcomes and data used to drive future instruction. -ERTs meet with Reading, Language Arts, Social Studies and Science PLCs on a rotating basis to assist with the analysis of ELLs performance data. - For each class/course, PLCs chart their overall progress towards the ELL SMART Goal. Leadership Team Level -PLC facilitator/ Subject Area Leader/ Department Heads shares ELL SMART Goal data with the Problem Solving Leadership Team. -Data is used to drive teacher support and student supplemental instruction. -ERTs meet with RtI team to review performance data and progress of ELLs (inclusive of LFs)	
5C.3	5C.3	5C.3	5C.3	5C.3 <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> -Core curriculum end of core common unit/ segment tests
-Improving the proficiency of ELL	5C.4 ELLs (LYA, LYB & LYC) comprehension of course content/standards improves in reading,	5C.4 Who -School based Administrators -ESOL Resource Teachers	5C.4 <u>Teacher Level</u> -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this	5C.4 -FAIR -CELLA

	88, 9	-PLC Facilitators	knowledge to drive future	During the
	tudies through teachers working	**	instruction.	Grading Period
		How	-Teachers use the on-line	-Core
		PLC logs (with specific ELL	grading system data to	curriculum end
ELL level.		information) when applicable.	calculate their students'	of core
W	vay of work for ELL students.		progress towards their PLC	common unit/
			and/or individual ELL SMART	segment tests
А	Action Steps		Goal.	with data
	ESOL teachers analyze CELLA data to		PLC Level	aggregated for
	dentify ELL students who need assistance			ELL
	n the areas of listening/speaking, reading			performance
	nd writing.		SMART goal data across all	performance
	Teachers use time during PLCs to		classes/courses.	
	einforce and strengthen targeted ELL		-PLCs reflect on lesson	
	ffective teaching strategies (CALLA and		outcomes and data used to	
	A+Rise) in the areas of		drive future instruction.	1
	istening/speaking, reading and writing.		-ERTs meet with Reading,	
-7	Teachers use time during PLCs to		Language Arts, Social Studies	
re	einforce and strengthen targeted ELL		and Science PLCs on a rotating	
	Differentiated Instruction lessons using the		basis to assist with the analysis	
	listrict provided ELL Differentiated		of ELLs performance data.	
	nstruction binders (provided by the ELL		-For each class/course, PLCs	
	Department) in Reading, Language Arts,		chart their overall progress	
	Aath, Science and Social Studies.		towards the ELL SMART	
	PLCs generate SMART goals for ELL		Goal.	
	tudents for upcoming units of instruction.		Leadership Team Level -PLC facilitators share ELL	
	PLCs/teachers plan for upcoming			
	essons/units using targeted CALLA and		SMART Goal data with the	
	A+ Rise strategies and Differentiated		PSLT.	
	nstruction strategies based on ELLs needs		-Data is used to drive teacher	
in	n the areas of listening/speaking, reading		support and student	
ar	nd writing.		supplemental instruction.	
-F	PLCs/teachers plan for accommodations		-ESOL Paraprofessional meets	
fc	or core curriculum content and		with PLC to review	
	ssessment.		performance data and progress	
	When conducting data analysis on core		of ELLs (inclusive of LFs)	
	urriculum assessments, PLCs aggregate		of EEEs (menusive of EFs)	
	he ELL data.			
	Based on the data, PLCs/teachers plan			
	nterventions for targeted ELL students			
	sing the resources from CALLA, A+			
	Rise, and Differentiated instruction			
	binders.			
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check	Strategy Data Check	Student
reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define		Who and how will the fidelity be	How will the evaluation tool data	Evaluation Tool
areas in need of improvement for the following		monitored?	be used to determine the	

subgroup:				effectiveness of strategy?	
5D. Students with Disabilities (SWD) not making satisfactory progress in reading. Reading Goal #5D: 2012 Current Level of Performance: Performance: The percentage of SWD scoring proficient/satisfactory on the 2013 FCAT/FAA Reading will increase from 57% to 61%. 2012 Current Level of Performance: Performance: 57 % 68 %	5D.1. -Need to provide a school organization structure and procedure for regular and on-going review of students' IEPs by both the general education and ESE teacher. To address this barrier, the PSLT will put a system in place for this school year.	5D.1. Strategy SWD student achievement improves through the effective and <u>consistent</u> implementation of students' IEP goals, strategies, modifications, and accommodations. -Throughout the school year, teachers of SWD review students' IEPs to ensure that IEPs are implemented consistently and with fidelity. -Teachers (both individually and in PLCs) work to improve upon both individually and collectively, the ability to effectively implement IEP/SWD strategies and modifications into lessons.	5D.1. <u>Who</u> Principal, Site Administrator, Assistance Principal ESE Specialist <u>How</u> IEP Progress Reports reviewed by PSLT	5D.1. <u>Teacher Level</u> -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this knowledge to drive future instruction. -Teachers use progress monitoring data to calculate their students' progress towards their PLC and/or individual SMART Goal. <u>PLC Level</u> -Using the individual teacher data, PLCs calculate the SMART goal data across all classes/courses. -PLCs reflect on lesson outcomes and data used to drive future instruction. -For each class/course, PLCs chart their overall progress towards the SMART Goal. <u>Leadership Team Level</u> -PLC facilitators, ESE teacher and general education teachers share SMART Goal data with the PSLT. -Data is used to drive teacher supplemental instruction.	5D.1. -FAIR <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> -Core curriculum assessments with data aggregated for SWD performance
	our school is of high priority. -Teachers need support	5D.2. Strategy/Task SWD student achievement improves through <u>teachers' implementation of the</u> <u>Plan-Do-Check-Act model</u> in order to plan/carry out lessons/assessments with appropriate strategies and modifications. <u>Actions</u> <i>Plan</i> For an upcoming unit of instruction determine the following:	5D.2 <u>Who</u> -School based Administrators -PLC Facilitators <u>How</u> PLC logs (with specific SWD information) for like courses/grades.	5D.2 <u>Teacher Level</u> -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this knowledge to drive future instruction. -Teachers use the on-line grading system data to calculate their students' progress towards their PLC and/or individual SWD SMART Goal.	5D.2 -FAIR <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> -Core curriculum end of core common unit/ segment tests with data aggregated for

consistent, on-going	-What do we want our SWD to learn by	PLC Level	SWD
co-planning time.	the end of the unit?	-Using the individual teacher	performance
eo praning time.	-What are standards that our SWD need to	data, PLCs calculate the SWD	periormanee
	learn?	SMART goal data across all	
	-How will we assess these skills/standards	classes/courses.	
	for our SWD?	-PLCs reflect on lesson	
	-What does mastery look like?	outcomes and data used to	
		drive future instruction.	
	-What is the SMART goal for this unit of		
	instruction for our SWD?	-For each class/course, PLCs	
		chart their overall progress	
	Plan for the "Do"	towards the SWD SMART	
	What do teachers need to do in order to	Goal.	
	meet the SWD SMART goal?	Leadership Team Level	
	-What resources do we need?	-PLC facilitator/ Subject Area	
	-How will the lessons be designed to	Leader/ Department Heads	
	maximize the learning of SWD?	shares SWD SMART Goal data	
	-What checks-for-understanding will we	with the Problem Solving	
	implement for our SWD?	Leadership Team.	
	-What teaching strategies/best practices	-Data is used to drive teacher	
	will we use to help SWD learn?	support and student	
	-Specifically how will we implement the	supplemental instruction.	
	strategy during the lesson?		
	-What are teachers going to do during the		
	lesson for SWD?		
	-What are SWD going to do during the		
	lesson to maximize learning?		
	Reflect on the "Do"/Analyze Checks for		
	Understanding and Student Work during		
	the unit.		
	For lessons that have already been taught		
	within the unit of instruction, teachers		
	reflect and discuss one or more of the		
	following regarding their SWD:		
	-What worked within the lesson? How do		
	we know it was successful? Why was it		
	successful?		
	-What didn't work within the lesson?		
	Why? What are we going to do next?		
	-For the implementation of the		
	strategy, what worked? How do we know		
	it was successful? Why was it successful?		
	What checks for understanding were used		
	during the lessons?		
	-For the implementation of the		
	strategy, what didn't work? Why? What		
	sualegy, what drun t work? why? what	L	

Act on the Data After data analysis, develop a plan to act on the data. -What are we going to do about SWD not learning? -What are the skills/concepts/standards that need re-teaching/interventions (either to individual SWD or small groups)? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How are we going? 5D.3	 -What were the outcomes of the checks for understanding? And/or analysis of student performance? -How do we take what we have learned and apply it to future lessons? Reflect/Check – Analyze Data Discuss one or more of the following: -What is the SWD data? -What is the data telling us as individual teachers? -What is the data telling us as a grade level/PLC/department? -What are SWD not learning? Why is this occurring? -Which SWD are learning? 		
	After data analysis, develop a plan to act on the data. -What are we going to do about SWD not learning? -What are the skills/concepts/standards that need re-teaching/interventions (either to individual SWD or small groups)? -How are we going to re-teach the skill differently? -How we will know that our re-		

Reading Professional Development

Profession	Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity									
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator	ease note that each Strategy does not rec PD Participants (e.g. , PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	ure a professional development of Target Dates and Schedules (e.g., Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	r PLC activity. Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring				
Differentiated Instruction	K-5	rainings	Faculty Professional Development	-On-going -Demonstration classrooms		Administration Team Reading Coach				

The 3 S's of Complex Text: Selecting /Identifying Complex Text, Shifting to Increased Use of Informational Text, and Sharing of Complex Text with All Students (K-12)		-District	All teachers Faculty Professional Development and on-going PLCs	On-going		Administration Team Reading Coach
Identifying and Creating Text- Dependent Questions to Deepen Reading Comprehension (K-12)	K-5	Trainings	All teachers Faculty Professional Development and on-going PLCs	On-going		Administration Team Reading Coach
Designing and Delivering a Close Reading Lesson Using in-Depth Questioning (K-12)	K-5	Trainings (PDS)	All teachers Faculty Professional Development and on-going PLCs	On-going		Administration Team Reading Coach
IEP Training	K-5		ESE Teachers General Ed Teachers PLCs	On-going	('asa Managar	Administrative Team ESE Specialist

End of Reading Goals

PART II: EXPECTED IMPROVEMENTS

Elementary Mathematics Goals

Elementary School Mathemati Goals	cs	Problem-Solving Process	s to Increase Student Ac	chievement	
Based on the analysis of student achievement da and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify a define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	· ·	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
1. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring proficient/satisfactory performance in mathematics (Level 3-5). Mathematics Goal #1: 2012 Current Level of Performance 2013 Expecter Level of Performance	1.1 -Lack of infrastructure to support technology -Lack of technology hardware -Teachers at varying understanding of the	Students' math achievement improves through the use of technology and hands-	-PSLT	1.1 PLCs will review unit assessments and chart the increase in the number of students reaching at least 75% mastery on units of instruction.	1.1 <u>2x per year</u> District Baseline and Mid-Year Testing
The percentage of students scoring a Level 3 or higher on the 2013 FCAT Math will increase from 87% to 89%.	intert of the CCSS -Lack of common planning time to discuss best practices before the unit of instruction. -Lack of planning time to analyze data to identify	Prepare for on-line state testing. <u>Action Steps</u> -PLCs use their core curriculum information to learn more about hands-on and technology activities	How Monitored -PLCS turn their logs into administration after a unit of instruction is complete. -PLCs receive feedback on their logs. -Classroom walk-throughs	PLC facilitator will share data with the PLC Leads and PSLT. The PSLT will review assessment data for positive trends.	

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	are outlined on grade level/content area PLC action plans.	observing this strategy. -Administrator aggregates the walk-through data school-wide and shares with staff the progress of strategy implementation		etc.)
skill levels with higher order questioning techniques. -PLC meetings need to focus on identifying and writing higher order questions to deliver during the lessonsLack of common planning time to discuss best practices before the unit of instruction. -Lack of planning time to analyze data to identify best practices. -Teachers not always available to attend training at the district.	new understandings of complex material. Actions/Details Within PLCs -Teachers work to improve upon both individually and collectively, the ability to effectively use higher order questions/activities. -Teachers plan higher order questions/activities for upcoming lessons to increase the lessons' rigor and promote student achievement.	-AP -PSLT -PLC Leads -Classroom Math Teachers <u>How Monitored</u>	The PSLT will review	1.1 <u>2x per year</u> District Baseline and Mid-Year Testing <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> -Core Curriculum Assessments (pre, mid, end of unit, chapter, interventions etc.)

		before asking questions.			
		-Provide students with wait time.			
		-Use probing questions to encourage			
		students to elaborate and support			
		assertions and claims drawn from the			
		text/content.			
		-Allow students to "unpack their thinking"			
		by describing how they arrive at an			
		answer.			
		-Encourage discussion by using open-			
		ended questions.			
		-Ask questions with multiple correct			
		answers or multiple approaches.			
		-Scaffold questions to help students with			
		incorrect answers.			
		-Engage all students in the discussion and			
		ensure that all voices are heard.			
		During the lessons, students:			
		-Have opportunities to formulate many of			
		the high-level questions based on the			
		text/content.			
		-Have time to reflect on classroom			
		discussion to increase their understanding			
		(and without teacher mediation).			
		School Leadership			
		-Administrator collects higher order			
		questioning walk-through data			
		-Quarterly, PSLT/RtI have data chats with			
		grade-level PLCs using the data gathered			
		from walk-through tools. These quarterly			
		PSLT/RtI data chats guide the leadership's			
		team professional development plan (both			
		individually and whole faculty).			
	1.3.	1.3.			
Based on the analysis of student achievement data,	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check	Strategy Data Check	Student
and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and			Who and how will the fidelity be	How will the evaluation tool data	Evaluation Tool
define areas in need of improvement for the			monitored?	be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	
following group: 2. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring	2.1.		2.1.	2.1.	2.1.
Achievement Levels 4 or 5 in		2.1.			
mathematics.					
mamemanes.					

Mathematics Goal2012 Current Level of Performance2013 Expected Level of PerformanceThe percentage of students scoring a Level 4 or higher on the 2013 FCAT Math will increase from 62% to 65%.2012 Current Level of Performance2013 Expected Level of Performance 62%65%		See Goals 1, 3 & 4			
	2.2.	2.2. 2.3	2.2. 2.3	2.2. 2.3	2.2. 2.3
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	Anticipated Barrier		Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
3. FCAT 2.0: Points for students making learning gains in mathematics. Mathematics Goal #3: 2012 Current Level of Performance:* Points earned from students making learning gains on the 2013 FCAT Math will increase from 81 points to 83 points. 81 83 points to 83 points. 83 1	-PLCs struggle with how to structure curriculum and data analysis	Students' math achievement improves through teachers working collaboratively to focus on student learning. Specifically, they use the <u>Plan- Do-Check-Act mode</u> l and log to structure their way of work. Using the backwards	 3.1. Who Principal -AP-PLC Leads-Classroom Math Teachers How PLCS turn their logs into administration and/or coach after a unit of instruction is complete. -PLCs receive feedback on their logs. -Administrators and teacher representatives attend targeted District Math Trainings/Meeting -Progress of PLCs discussed at biweekly PLC Lead meeting -Administration shares the data of PLC visits with staff on a monthly basis. 	3.1. School has a system for PLCs to record and report during-the- grading period SMART goal outcomes to administration.	 3.1. <u>2x per year</u> District Baseline and Mid-Year Testing <u>During the</u> <u>Grading Period</u> Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit)

	3.2. -Teachers tend to only differentiate after the lesson is taught instead of planning how to differentiate the lesson when new content is presented. -Teachers are at varying levels of using Differentiated Instruction strategies. -Teachers tend to give all students the same lesson, handouts, etc.	Strategy/Task Students' math achievement improves when teachers use on-going student data to differentiate instruction. <u>Actions/Details</u> <u>Within PLCs Before</u> Instruction and <u>During</u> Instruction of New Content -Using data from previous assessments and daily classroom performance/work, teachers plan Differentiated Instruction groupings and activities for the delivery of new content in upcoming lessons. In the classroom -During the lessons, students are involved in flexible grouping techniques PLCs <u>After</u> Instruction -Teachers reflect and discuss the outcome of their DI lessons. -Use student data to identify successful DI techniques for future implementation. -Using a problem-solving question protocol, identify students who need re- teaching/interventions and how that instruction will be provided. (Questions are listed in the 2012-2013 Technical Assistance Document under the Differentiation Cross Content strategy). -Additional action steps for this strategy	3.2. Who -Principal -AP -Subject Area Leaders -PLC Leads How PLC logs turned into administration. Administration provides feedback. -Classroom walk-throughs observing this strategy. Administrators will use the HCPS Informal Observation Pop-In Form (EET tool). -Evidence of strategy in teachers' lesson plans seen during administration walk- throughs. Monitoring data will be reviewed every nine weeks.	3.2. <u>Teacher Level</u> -Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this knowledge to drive future instruction. -Teachers maintain their assessments. -Teachers use data to calculate their students' progress towards the development of their individual/PLC SMART Goal. <u>PLC Level</u> -Using the individual teacher data, PLCs calculate the SMART goal data across all classes/courses. -PLCs reflect on lesson outcomes and data used to drive future instruction. - For each class/course, PLCs chart their overall progress towards the SMART Goal. <u>Leadership Team Level</u> -PLC facilitator/PLC shares SMART Goal data with the Problem Solving Leadership Team. -Data is used to drive teacher support and student supplemental instruction.	3.2. 2x per year District Baseline and Mid-Year Testing During the <u>Grading Period</u> Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit)
		are outlined on grade level/content area PLCs.	3.3.	supplemental instruction. 33.	3.3.
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool

4. FCAT 2.0: Pc	oints for stu	dents in	4.1.	4.1.	4.1.	4.1.	4.1.
Lowest 25% ma					Who	-PLC logs turned into	2x per year
	iking learnin	ig gains in	skill levels with the		Principal		District Baseline
mathematics.			GoMath curriculum		AP	provides feedback.	and Mid-Year
		2013 Expected	- Teachers'	-	Teacher	-Evidence of strategy in	Testing
	evel of	Level of		using the higher order thinking strategies		teachers' lesson plans seen	resung
	erformance	Performance:	implementation of		PLC Leaders	during administration walk-	
Points earned	2.4	~	GoMath model is not	on identified tested benchmarks.	FLC Leaders		Dunin a tha
from students in	K 1	83	consistent across math		TT	throughs.	During the
the bottom			classes.		How	- PSLT will review the	Grading Period
quartile making learning gains on	nointe	nointe	 Lack of common 		PLC logs turned into	calendars/logs and make	- Common
learning gains on	pomes	pomes	planning time to	baseline data, classroom assessments and	administration. Administration	progress statements at the end	assessments
the 2013 FCAT			develop/identify PLC	student performance, PLCs identify	provides feedback.	of each nine weeks	(pre, post, mid,
Math will			based mini lessons and		-Evidence of strategy in		section, end of
increase from 81			mini assessments (using		teachers' lesson plans seen		unit)
points to 83			curriculum based		during administration walk-		
points.			materials) geared toward	day projected timeline/calendar for re-	throughs.		
points.			on-going progress	teaching the essential skills and/or	-Classroom walk-throughs		
			monitoring.	standards covered in the core curriculum.	observing this strategy.		
			- Lack of common	3. As a Professional Development activity	Monitoring data will be		
				in their PLCs, teachers identify and/or	reviewed every nine weeks.		
			mini lesson data.	develop mini lessons and mini	Another fidelity tool will be the		
			- Lack of understanding		PLC calendars/timeline/ logs of		
			of when and how to	combination of District and school-	targeted skills reviewed by the		
			implement the mini		administration and/or PLC		
			lassons within the District	4. Teachers implement the mini lessons	Leads.		
			pacing guide.	and mini assessments.	Leads.		
			pacing guide.	5. Teachers bring assessment data back to			
				the PLCs.			
				6. As a Professional Development activity			
				in their PLCs, teachers use the mini			
				assessment data and classroom			
				assessments to adjust the			
				timeline/calendar. Based on mini			
				assessment data, skills are moved to a			
				maintenance or re-teaching schedule.			
				7. As a PLC, teachers develop a school-			
				based assessment that covers all mini			
				lesson skills taught within the nine week			
				period. (or schools use unit or semester			
				test, identifying the specific skills)		1	
				8. PLCs record their work in logs.			
			4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.2
			-The Extended Learning	Strategy	Who	Supplemental data shared with	Curriculum
				Students' math achievement improves	Administrators	leadership and classroom	Based
				through receiving ELP supplemental		teachers who have students.	Measurement
				instruction on targeted skills that are not	How Monitored		(CBM) (From
			sin in cultilesses of the	not setter on the geten shind that are not		1	(CDIII) (170m

		correlation between what the students is missing in the regular classroom and the instruction received during ELP. -Minimal communication between regular and ELP teachers.	Action Steps -Classroom teachers communicate with the ELP teachers regarding specific skills that students have not mastered. -ELP teachers identify lessons for students that target specific skills that are not at the mastery level. - Students attend ELP sessions. - Progress monitoring data collected by the ELP teacher on a weekly or biweekly basis and communicated back to the regular classroom teacher. -When the students have mastered the specific skill, they are exited from the ELP program.			District RtI/Problem Solving Facilitators.)
		4.3	4.3.	4.3.	4.3.	4.3.
and reference to define areas i	Usis of student achievement data, "Guiding Questions", identify and in need of improvement for the ollowing subgroup:	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
Based on Amb	itious but Achievable Annual tives (AMOs), Reading and Math		2012-2013	2013-2014	2014-2015	2015- 2016 2016
Measurable O	out Achievable Annual bjectives (AMOs). In six ll reduce their achievement					
(White, Black, I	Hispanic, Asian, American king satisfactory progress s 2012 Current 2013 Expected		5A.1. See goals 1, 3 & 4	5A.1.	5A.1.	5A.1.

White_students scoring proficient/ satisfactory on the 2013 FCAT/FAA Math will increase from 90% to 91%.	White: 10% Black: n/a Hispanic:30% Asian: 10% American Indian: n/a		5A.2.	5A.2.	5A.2.	5A.2.	5A.2.
			5A.3.	5A.3.	5A.3.	5A.3.	5A.3.
	uiding Question eed of improver wing subgroup:	s", identify and nent for the	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
Goal #5B: The percentage of Economically Disadvantaged students scoring proficient/ satisfactory on the 2013 FCAT/FAA	actory prog 2012 Current Level of Performance:		5B.1.	See goals 1, 3 & 4	5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.
Math will increase from 61% to 63%.			5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.	5B.1.
			5B.3.	5B.3.	5B.3.	5B.3.	5B.3.
			Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
5C. English Lang not making satisf mathematics.)	^{5C.1}	5C.1	5C.1	5C.1	5C.1

Mathematics Goal #5C: 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance: N/A-Subgroup Ineligible (too small)	5C.2. 5C.3	5C.2. 5C.3	5C.2. 5C.3	5C.2 5C.3.	5C.2 5C.3
Based on the analysis of student achievement data and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify an define areas in need of improvement for the following subgroup:	1	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
5D. Student with Disabilities (SWD) not making satisfactory progress in mathematics. <u>Mathematics Goal</u> 2012 Current <u>#5D:</u> The percentage of Students with Disabilities scoring proficient/ satisfactory on the 2013 FCAT/FAA		See goals 1, 3 & 4	5D.1.	5D.1.	5D.1
Math will increase from 57% to 64%.	5D.2. 5D.3	5D.2. 5D.3	5D.2.	5D.2.	5D.2. School has a system for PLCs to record and report during- the-grading period of SWD SMART goal outcomes to administration, coach, SAL, and/or leadership team.

Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.								
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g. , PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates and Schedules (e.g. , Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring		
PLC Collaboration and Vertical Team Meetings	K-5	PLC Lead Teachers Math Teacher Representative	Schoolwide	As scheduled by individual teams	Quarterly PSLT/RtI Team visits to grade-level PLCs	Administration		
GoMath Florida	K-5	District PD Trainer	Schoolwide	Dates & Times Vary/ Check PDS	Professional Development Prinouts	Administration		
Ongoing professional development in math as made available from the district will be communicated and available to all staff. PLC meetings will have time to share strategies for the curriculum areas.	K-5	Math Resources Teacher Representatives	All Teachers	Vertical PLC meetings Staff meetings Team meetings PLC meetings	Administrator instructional walk throughs	Administration		

Mathematics Professional Development

End of Mathematics Goals

Elementary Science Goals

Science Goals	Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement					
Based on the analysis of student achievement data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	Anticipated Barrier		fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool	
(Level 5-5) in science.	varying skill levels in	1 0		-Teachers reflect on lesson outcomes and use this	1.1 <u>2x per year</u> District-level baseline and mid- year tests	

The percentage of students scoring a	Level of Performance	-Lack of resources to conduct labs.	teams/PLCs-As a Professional Development activity in their team meetings/PLCs, teachers spend time collaboratively building 5E Instructional Model for upcoming lessons. -Science teachers instruct students using the 5E Instructional Model. -At the end of the unit, teachers give a common assessment identified from the core curriculum material. -Teachers bring assessment data back to the team/PLCs. -Based on the data, teachers discuss effectiveness of the 5E Lesson Plans to drive future instruction.		outcomes and data used to drive future instruction. -For each class/course, PLCs chart their overall progress towards mastery of science concepts. Leadership Team Level -PLC facilitator/ Subject Area Leader shares SMART Goal data with the Problem Solving Leadership Team. -Data is used to drive teacher support and student supplemental instruction.	During the Grading Period -Core Curriculum Assessments (pre, mid, end of unit, chapter, intervention checks, etc.) -Authentic Assessments during labs, class discussions and science notebooks.
		how to structure curriculum conversations and data analysis to deepen their leaning. To address this barrier, this year PLCs are being trained to use the Plan-Do-Check-Act "Instructional Unit" log.	 use the Plan-Do-Check-Act model to structure their way of work. Using the backwards design model for unit of instruction, teachers focus on the following four questions: What is it we expect them to learn? How will we know if they have learned it? How will we respond if they don't learn? How will we respond if they already know it? 	-Subject Area Leaders -PLC Leads	grading period SMART goal outcomes to administration, coach, SAL, and/or leadership team.	 1.2. <u>2x per year</u> District Baseline and Mid-Year Testing <u>During the Grading</u> <u>Period</u> Common assessments (pre, post, mid, section, end of unit)

î.		1		1		r
			Plan upcoming lessons/units using the 5E			
			Instructional Model.			
			Reflect on the outcome of lessons taught			
			Analyze checks for understanding and core			
			curriculum assessments.			
			Act on the core curriculum data by planning			
			interventions for the whole class or small group.			
		1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3
				Who	Teacher Level	2x per year
		varying skill levels in	Student understanding of the nature of science and	Principal	-Teachers reflect on lesson	District-level
		using appropriate	scientific inquiry improves when students are	APC	outcomes and use this	baseline and mid-
		instructional,	intellectually active in learning important and	Science Resource	knowledge to drive future	year tests
		scientific and	challenging science content through the use of	Teachers (where	instruction.	-
			appropriate instructional methods, scientific	available)	-Teachers use the grading	
			processes, laboratory experiences, and uses of		system data to calculate their	During the Grading
			technology (animations, probeware, digital	How Monitored		Period
		microscopy)	microscopy).	-Classroom walk-	PLC and/or individual SMART	-Unit assessments
		A during the second second second		throughs observing this	Goal.	
		varying skill levels in	Action Steps -As a Professional Development activity in their	strategy.	PLC Level	
					-Using the individual teacher	
		in stan stice of	PLCs, teachers spend time sharing, researching,		data, PLCs calculate the	
		scientific and	teaching, and modeling technology and hands-on		SMART goal data across all	
		laboratory technology	strategies.		classes/courses.	
		(animations,	strategies. -Within PLCs, teachers plan for engaging		-PLCs reflect on lesson	
		much arrivana di aital	exploration of science content using nands-on		outcomes and data used to drive	
			learning experiences, inquiry, labs, technology (such		future instruction.	
			as probeware, simulations and animations) within		- For each class/course, PLCs	
			the		chart their overall progress	
			-Teachers implement the 5E Instructional Model to		Leadership Team Level	
			promote learning experiences that cause students to		-PLC facilitator/ Team Leader	
			think, make connections, formulate and test		shares data with the	
			hypotheses and draw conclusions.		administration.	
			-Teachers facilitate student-centered learning		-Data is used to drive teacher	
			through the use of the 5E Instructional Model.		support and student	
			-Common Core Literacy Standards for both Reading		supplemental instruction.	
			and Writing are appropriately embedded throughout		supplemental instruction.	
			the 5E Instruction Model.			
			-Each teacher maintains a record of the number of			
			occurrences of engagement tasks (hands-on-learning			
			experiences, labs, and technology) per week. This			
			data is then reported on the Science PLC log.			
			-Monthly, school leaders conduct one-on-one data			
			chats with individual teachers using the data			
			gathered from walk-through tools and engagement			
			task records. These teacher data/chats guide the			
			leadership's team professional development plan			
			(both individually and whole faculty).			
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Based on the analysis of student achievement	Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check	Strategy Data Check	Student Evaluation
data, and reference to "Guiding Questions",			Who and how will the	How will the evaluation tool data be	Tool
identify and define areas in need of improvement			fidelity be monitored?	used to determine the effectiveness	
for the following group:				of strategy?	
2. FCAT 2.0: Students scoring	2.1		2.1	Quarterly Science PLC Resource	
Achievement Levels 4 or 5 in science.	-Not all teachers have		Who	Teacher meetings	District level
			Principal		baseline, mid-year,
			AP		and pre-
Science Goal #2: 2012 Current 2013Expected	-Not all teachers		Reading Coach		assessments
Level of Level of	understand how to	(textbooks and other supplemental texts). Science			
The percentage of <u>Performance</u> <u>Performance</u> :	integrate close	teachers engage students in the close reading model	How Monitored		
students scoring a	reading with the 5E	(appropriately placed within the 5E instructional	-Administration walk-		During the Grading
Level 4 or higher 44% 49%	instructional model.		throughs		Period
on the 2013	-Not all PLCs	high-Lexile, complex supplemental texts at least	-PLC logs turned into		-mini-assessments
FCAT Science	routinely look at		administration.		-unit assessments
will increase from	curriculum materials	Action Steps	-Administration provides		-authentic
44% to 49%.	beyond those posted	Professional Development	feedback.		assessments
++/0 10 +9/0.	on the curriculum	-The Reading Coach along with the Science Teacher			
	guide	Leads conduct small group trainings to develop			
		teachers' ability to use the close reading model.			
		-The Reading Coach attends science departmental			
		PLCs to co-plan with teachers, developing lessons			
		using the close reading model as needed.			
		-Classroom teachers attend professional			
		development provided by the district/school on text			
		complexity and close reading models that are most			
		applicable to science classrooms and support the 5E			
		instructional model.			
		In PLCs/Department			
		-Teachers work in their PLCs to locate, discuss, and			
		disseminate appropriate texts to supplement their			
		textbooks.			
		-PLCs review Close Reading Selections to			
		determine word count and high-Lexile.			
		-PLCs assign appropriate NGSSS benchmark to			
		Close Reading passage			
		-To increase stamina, teachers select high-Lexile,			
		complex and rigorous texts that are shorter and			
		progress throughout the year to longer texts that are			
		high-Lexile, complex and rigorous			
		- Teachers debrief lesson implementation to			
		determine effectiveness and level of student			
		comprehension and retention of the text. Teachers			
		use this information to build future close reading			
		lessons.			

		 Using questions to check for understanding. Using question to engage students in discussion. Requiring oral and written responses to text. -Ask text-based questions that require close reading of the text and multiple reads of the text. During the lessons, students: -Grapple with complex text. -Re-read for a second purpose and to increase comprehension. -Engage in discussion to answer essential question using textual evidence. -Write in response to essential question using textual evidence. 2.2. 		2.2.	2.2.
	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3

Science Professional Development

Profess	sional Develo		aligned with Strategies the Please note that each Strategy does not re		earning Community (PLC) o or PLC activity.	r PD Activity
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates and Schedules (e.g., Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Technology and Hands- On Activities	K-5	Science Teacher Representative Technology Resource Teacher		meetings and/or vertical	Administrators targeted walk-throughs to monitor Hands-On Activity implementation.	Administration
Inquiry and the 5E Instructional Model	K-5	PD Facilitator	Science Teachers	On-going through PDS	Administrators conduct targeted walk- throughs to monitor 5 E Instructional Model lessons.	Administration
Close Reading	K-5	Reading Coach	All Teachers	On-going during faculty meetings, Professional days, Early Release days	Reading Coach walk-throughs	Administration Team & Reading Coach

End of Science Goals

PART II: EXPECTED IMPROVEMENTS

Writing/Language Arts Goals

Writing/Language Arts Goals	Problem-Solving Process	to Increase Student Ac	chievement	
Based on the analysis of student achievement data and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement for the following group:	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
1. Students scoring at Achievement Level <u>3.0</u> or higher in writing. Writing/LA Goal #1: 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance: The percentage of students scoring Level 3.0 or higher on the 2013 FCAT Writes will increase from 95% to 97%. 2012 Current Level of Performance: 2013 Expected Level of Performance: Not required if school scores 90% or higher 3.0 97.9% 97.9%	Strategy Students' use of mode-specific writing will improve through use of Writers' Workshop/daily instruction with a focus on mode-specific writing. Action Steps -Based on baseline data, PLCs write SMART goals for each Grading Period. (For example, during the first Grading Period, 50% of the students will score 4.0 or above on the end-of-the Grading Period writing prompt.) Plan: -Professional Development for updated rubric courses -Professional Development for instructional delivery of mode-specific writing -Training to facilitate data-driven PLCs -Using data to identify trends and drive instruction -Lesson planning based on the needs of students Do: -Daily/ongoing models and application of appropriate mode-specific writing based on teaching points -Daily/ongoing conferencing Check: Review of daily drafts and scoring monthly	Who Principal AP District (Writing Teacher Representatives) <u>How Monitored</u> -PLC logs -Classroom walk-throughs Observation Form -Monthly Demand Writes Data Spreadsheet for grades 3-5	See "Check" & "Act" action steps in the strategies column	-Student monthly demand writes -Student daily drafts -Student revisions -Student portfolios

-	-					
			demand writes			
			-PLC discussions and analysis of student			
			writing to determine trends and needs			
			<u>Act:</u>			
			-Receive additional professional			
			development in areas of need			
			Seek additional professional knowledge			
			through book studies/research			
			-Spread the use of effective practices across			
			the school based on evidence shown in the			
			best practice of others			
			-Use what is learned to begin the cycle			
			again, revise as needed, increase scale if			
			possible, etc.			
			-Plan ongoing monitoring of the solution(s)			
		1.2.	1.2	1.2.	1.2.	1.2.
		1.3.	1.3.	1.3.	1.3	1.3.
				Who		During the Grading
				-Principal	to record and report during-	Period
			teachers working collaboratively to focus on		the-grading period using the	Monthly Demand
			student learning. Specifically, they use the	-Team Leads	Active Directory PLC folders	Writes
			Plan-Do-Check-Act model and log to			Daily Drafts
				How	for every grade level.	Star Interviews
			backwards design model for units of	-Grade-level teams turn their		Star Interviews
			instruction, teachers focus on the following	Monthly Demand Writes		
			four questions:	scores into administration.		
			1. What is it we expect them to learn?	-Teams receive feedback on		
			2. How will we know if they have learned			
			it?			
			3. How will we respond if they don't			
			learn?			
			4. How will we respond if they already			
			know it?			
			KHOW It?			
			Actions/Details			
			-Grade level/like-course PLCs use a Plan -			
			Do-Check-Act "Unit of Instruction" log			
			to guide their discussion and way of work.			
			Discussions are summarized on log.			
			-Additional action steps for this strategy are			
			outlined on grade level/content area PLC			
			action plans.			

Writing/Language Arts Professional Development

Profess	ional Develo		aligned with Strategies the Please note that each Strategy does not re		earning Community (PLC) of or PLC activity.	r PD Activity
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates and Schedules (e.g., Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Writing Holistic Scoring Training	3-5	PD Facilitatorss	Language Arts Teachers PLC-grade level and vertical teams		-Administration walk-throughs -PDS Summary/Teacher Report	Administration
Mode-based Writing Training	3-5	PD Facilitators	Language Arts Teachers PLC-grade level and vertical teams	On-going	-Administration walk-throughs -PDS Summary/Teacher Report	Administration

End of Writing/Language Arts Goals

PART II: EXPECTED IMPROVEMENTS

Attendance Goal(s)

Attend	ance Goal(s)			Problem-solvin	ng Process to Inc	rease Attendance	
Based on the analysis of attendance data, and reference to "Guiding Questions", identify and define areas in need of improvement:			Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
1. Attendance			1.1 Family vacations that take	00	1.1 Administrative team	1.1 The rate will increase	1.1 Instructional Planning
Attendance Goal #1: 1. The attendance rate will increase from 97% in 2011- 2012 to 98% in 2012-2013.		2013 Expected Attendance Rate:* 98% 2013 Expected Number of Students with Excessive Absences (10 or more) 10	unnecessarily	communication through the newsletter about the importance of being in school every day.	and data processor	attendance each year.	Tool Attendance/Tardy data Ed Connect

2. The number of students with excessive tardies will remain at <10.	2012 Current Number of Students with Excessive Tardie (10 or more)	2013 Expected Number of Students with Excessive Tardies (10 or more)							
			reinforce parents for facilitating improvement in attendance.	1.2 1.3 Tier 2 Beginning at the 5th unexcused absence, the Attendance Committee (which is a subgroup of the Leadership Team) collaborate to ensure that a letter is sent home to parent: outlining the state statute the requires parents send students to school. If a students's attendance improves (no absences in a 20 day period) a positive letter is sent home to the parent regarding the increas in their child's attendance.	Guidar MTSS/	Worker nee Counselor /RTI TEAM	1.2 1.3 The attendance committe (which is a subset of the leadership Team) will disaggregate attendance for the "Tier 2" group al- with the guidance counse and maintain communica about these children.	ee data ong elor ation	1.2 Instructional Planning Tool Attendance/Tardy data
Profess	sional Develo			ies through Professi bes not require a professional de			mmunity (PLC) o	r PD .	Activity
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade lev school-wide)	rel, or Target Dates and Scl (e.g. , Early Release Schedules (e.g., frequ meetings)	e) and	Strategy for	Follow-up/Monitoring	Persor	n or Position Responsible for Monitoring
EdConnect	K-5	Technology Resource Teacher	School-wide as needed	On-going		District Reports	5	Admini processo	strative team and data

End of Attendance Goals

Suspension Goal(s)

Suspension Goal(s))	Problem-solving Process to Decrease Suspension					
Based on the analysis of suspension data, and reference identify and define areas in need of impro	Anticipated Barrier		fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?			
 I. The total number of In-School Suspensions will decrease by 10%. 2. The total number of students receiving In-School Suspension throughout the school year will decrease by 10%. 3. The total number of Out-of-School Suspensions will decrease by 10%. 4. The total number of students receiving Out-of-School Suspensions throughout the school year will decrease by 10%. 2012 Num Students receiving Out-of-School Suspensions throughout the school year will decrease by 10%. 100 2012 Out-of-School Suspensions throughout the school year will decrease by 10%. 	2 Total 2013 Expected nber of Number of School In- School pensions Suspensions 0 2 2 Total 2013 Expected nber of Number of dents Students pended Suspended School In -School 0 0 2 Number of 2013 Expected -of-School Number of pensions Out-of-School Suspensions Suspensions	transfer in from a very different learning environment. -Not all teachers are willing to implement the Conscious Discipline technique for behavior management	<u>Tier 1</u> -Provide Conscious Discipline training for all teachers. -All teachers and students will work to create a community where all respect one another and problem- solve situations as a community. -Monthly school-wide program featuring each of the "Seven Skills" as part of the Student of the Month award -Quarterly Pep Rally featuring Conscious Discipline skits	-All faculty & staff -Character Development Committee	End of year data from the district will be compared from year to year. Research Conscious Discipline as a school wide strategy	Instructional Planning Tool Ed Connect Discipline Reports	
			1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.	
		1.5.	1.J.	1.3.	1.3.	1.3.	

Profess	sional Develo		aligned with Strategies the Please note that each Strategy does not r		earning Community (PLC) o or PLC activity.	r PD Activity
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates and Schedules (e.g., Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
	K-5, Support Staff, Special Area Teachers, Administration	District Trainer			Faculty Meeting follow-up Classroom Walk-throughs	Administration
Character and Cafeteria committee will focus on one of the "Seven Skills" each month through use of common language, morning show announcements, and after school training videos	afeteria ocus on en Skills" Igh use of ge, and after		Monthly committee meetings	Faculty Meeting follow up Quarterly Pep Rallies	Administration	

Suspension Professional Development

End of Suspension Goals

Health and Fitness Goal(s)

Health and Fitness GOAL	<i>μ</i> (S)	Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement						
Based on the analysis of school data, identify a areas in need of improvement:	Anticipated Barrier		Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool			
1. Health and Fitness Goal <u>Health and Fitness Goal #1:</u>		active outside of school will have more difficulty than those who participate	-Elementary students will engage in 150 minutes of physical education per week	1.1. Principal Coach	Class schedules Classroom walk-throughs Walking Club Cards	 1.1. -Classroom teachers will document in their lesson plans the ninety (90) minutes of "Teacher Directed" physical education that students have per week. 		
scoring in the "Healthy	2013 Expected Level: 72% (72)		participating in the daily walking club before school			This is also reflected in the Master Schedule. -Physical Education teachers' schedules will reflect the remaining sixty (60) minutes of		

62% on the Pretest to 72% on the Posttest.						the mandated 150 Minutes of Elementary Phys. Ed -Students may earn rewards for every 5 miles walked according to Walking Club Cards (tallies)
		1.2. Health and physical activity initiatives developed and implemented by the school's H.E.A.R.T. team	1.2. H.E.A.R.T. team.	notes/agendas	PACER test component of the	2. PACER test component of the FITNESSGRAM -PACER for assessing cardiovascular health.
		equipment; walk/jog/run	Physical Education Teacher Lesson plans of Physical Education Teacher	Education Teacher		3. PACER test component of the FITNESSGRAM PACER for assessing cardiovascular health.

Professi	ional Develo		ligned with Strategies the lease note that each Strategy does not re		earning Community (PLC) of or PLC activity.	r PD Activity
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	and/or PLC Focus Grade PD Facilitator PD Participants (e.g. Farly Release) and				Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Physical Education teachers will participate in on-going staff development provided by the district		District PD Trainer	K-5 Physical Education Teachers	On-going	Administrative Walk-through	Administrative Team
Daily Walking Club	K-5 Phys. Ed	K-5 PE Coach	All Teachers	Before School Monday-Friday from 7:30-7:50	Walking Club Cards	Classroom Teachers PE Coach

ADDITIONAL GOAL(S)		Problem-Solving Process to Increase Student Achievement					
Based on the analysis of school data, identify and define areas in need of improvement:			Anticipated Barrier		fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
		how to conduct PLCs that are focused on deepening the knowledge base of teachers and improving student performance by the	Dia Davis, will train all PLCs and the PSLT on effective implementation of Tier 2 interventions through PLC data discussions.	PLC Leads District Resource-Dia Davis	The PLC Lead will aggregate the data and share outcomes of the school-wide results with		
The percentage of teachers who strongly agree with the indicator that "teachers meet on a regular basis to discuss their students' learning, share best practices, problem solve and develop lessons/assessments that improve student performance (under Teaching and Learning)" will increase from 88% in 2012 to 90% in 2013.	Level :	<u>Level :</u> 90%	-Still confusion on how the Plan-Do-Check-Act model works. -Still some resistance to staff members attending PLCs and/or arriving on time to meetings. -Teachers asking for more PLC collaboration time. (Possibility of waiver will be explored.) -Not enough time to meet in PLCs.	- PLC Leads will guide their PLCs through the Plan-Do- Check-Act model for units of instruction. The work will be recorded on PLC logs that are reviewed by the Leadership Team.		their PLCs. The data will provide direction for future PLC training.	
			1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2	1.2

Continuous Improvement Goal(s)

Profess	Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity Please note that each Strategy does not require a professional development or PLC activity.								
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g., PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates and Schedules (e.g., Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring			
MTSS/RtI Implementatior during PLCs	K-5 All Staff	District RtI Trainer	School-wide	Quarterly RtI focus with	1	Administative Team PSLT PLC Leads			
Plan-Do-Check-Act Model	PLC Leads All teachers	Leadership Team Subject Area Leaders PLC Facilitators	School-wide	PLCs implement & review		Administative Team PSLT PLC Leads			
Steering Committee will communicate from administration to individual and teams as needed to receive input.	K-5	Team Leaders	School-wide	Steering Committee Meetings on the first Monday of each month.	Monthly Team Meeting Notes (additional as needed per grade levels)	Administrative Team			

Continuous Improvement Goals Professional Development

End of Continuous Improvement Goal(s)

NEW Goal(s) For the 2012-2013 School Year

Comprehensive English Language Learning Assessment (CELLA) Goals

CELLA Goals	Problem-Solving Process to Increase Language Acquisition					
Students speak in English and understand spoken English at grade level in a manner similar to non- ELL students.	Anticipated Barrier		Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool	
C. Students scoring proficient/satisfactory performance in Listening/Speaking. CELLA Goal #C: Listening/Speaking:	1.1.	See Reading Goal 4 & 5	1.1.	1.1.	1.1.	

The percentage of students scoring proficient on the 2013 Listening/Speaking section of the CELLA will increase from 50% to 52%.		1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.	1.2. 1.3.
Students read in English at gr manner similar to non-E		Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
D. Students scoring proficient/satisfactory pe <u>Reading.</u> <u>CELLA Goal #D:</u> The percentage of students scoring proficient on the 2013 Reading section of the CELL. will increase from 30% to 32%.	2012 Current Percent of Students Proficient in Beneficia :		See Reading Goals 4 & 5	2.1.	2.1.	2.1.
			2.2. 2.3	2.2. 2.3	2.2. 2.3	2.2. 2.3
Students write in English at manner similar to non-E		Anticipated Barrier	Strategy	Fidelity Check Who and how will the fidelity be monitored?	Strategy Data Check How will the evaluation tool data be used to determine the effectiveness of strategy?	Student Evaluation Tool
E. Students scoring proficient/satisfactory pe Writing. CELLA Goal #E: The percentage of students scoring proficient on the 2013 Writing section of the CELLA will increase from 40% to 42%.	2012 Current Percent of Students Proficient in Writing :		See Writing Goal 1	2.1.	2.1.	2.1.

		2.2.	2.2.	2.2.	2.2.	2.2.
		2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3

Comprehensive English Language Learning Assessment (CELLA) Goals PD

Professional Development (PD) aligned with Strategies through Professional Learning Community (PLC) or PD Activity

		F	Please note that each Strategy does not re	quire a professional development	or PLC activity.	
PD Content /Topic and/or PLC Focus	Grade Level/Subject	PD Facilitator and/or PLC Leader	PD Participants (e.g. , PLC, subject, grade level, or school-wide)	Target Dates and Schedules (e.g., Early Release) and Schedules (e.g., frequency of meetings)	Strategy for Follow-up/Monitoring	Person or Position Responsible for Monitoring
Project-based learning	K-5		Science, math, reading and technology teachers PLCs	On-going	Administrator walk-throughs	Administration

School Advisory Council (SAC)

SAC Membership Compliance

The majority of the SAC members are not employed by the school district. The SAC is composed of the principal and an appropriately balanced number of teachers, education support employees, students (for middle and high school only), parents, and other business and community members who are representative of the ethnic, racial, and economic community served by the school. Please verify the statement above by selecting "Yes" or "No" below.

Yes No

If No, describe the measures being taken to comply with SAC requirements. N/A

Describe the activities of the School Advisory Council for the upcoming year.

Date	Торіс
Back to School Packet	Nominations for New SAC Members
September 1, 2012	Deadline for Nominations
TBD- First PTA Board Meeting	Vote for SAC Members

September 18, 2012	Welcome Orientation for New SAC Members
October 16, 2012	Response to Intervention Part II, Primary Speaker
October 26, 2012	Bedtime Story Night-SAC Volunteer Opportunity
November 27, 2012	TBD
December 11, 2012 at 7:45 am	SAC Holiday Breakfast
January 2013	No SAC Meeting
February 19, 2013	TBD
March 2013	TBD
April 16, 2013	TBD
April 23, 2013	A+ Funds Faculty Survey Begins
April 30, 2013	A+ Funds Faculty Survey Ends
May 2, 2013	A+ Funds Ad Hoc Committee Meets
May 14, 2013	A+ Funds Faculty Vote
May 21, 2013	Recognition of Outgoing SAC Members A+ Funds Vote SAC Willingness to Serve 2012-2013 End of Year Wrap Up
Note: All meetings will take place at 2:45 PM in	the media center unless otherwise noted.

Describe the use of SAC funds.

Name and Number of Strategy from the School Improvement Plan	Description of Resources that improves student achievement or student engagement	Projected Amount	Final Amount
Suspension Goal 1.1	<u>Conscious Discipline:</u> School-wide plan to encourage positive behavior management skills for teachers and life-long brain-building skills for students; establish a culture of respect for yourself and others through quarterly pep rallies, morning show announcements, breathing techniques, guidance lessons, and staff training.	\$ To Be Determined	\$
Reading and Math Goals 1 & 2	Materials and Professional Books/Resources for Differentiation or Higher Order Thinking Strategies	\$ To Be Determined	\$
		Final Amount Spent	\$ Using District pilot funding