

Hillsborough County Public Schools

# Burns Middle School



## 2018-19 Schoolwide Improvement Plan

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**Burns Middle School**

615 BROOKER RD, Brandon, FL 33511

[ no web address on file ]

**School Demographics**

School Type and Grades Served (per MSID File)	2017-18 Title I School	2017-18 Economically Disadvantaged (FRL) Rate (as reported on Survey 3)
Middle School 6-8	No	45%
Primary Service Type (per MSID File)	Charter School	2018-19 Minority Rate (Reported as Non-white on Survey 2)
K-12 General Education	No	46%

**School Grades History**

Year	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Grade	A	A	A	A*

**School Board Approval**

This plan is pending approval by the Hillsborough County School Board.

**SIP Authority**

Section 1001.42(18), Florida Statutes, requires district school boards to annually approve and require implementation of a school improvement plan (SIP) for each school in the district that has a school grade of D or F.

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) SIP template meets all statutory and rule requirements for traditional public schools and incorporates all components required for schools receiving Title I funds. This template is required by State Board of Education Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code, for all non-charter schools with a current grade of D or F (see page 4). For schools receiving a grade of A, B, or C, the district may opt to require a SIP using a template of its choosing. This document was prepared by school and district leadership using the FDOE's school improvement planning web application located at

<https://www.floridacims.org>.

**Purpose and Outline of the SIP**

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

## Part I: School Information

### School Mission and Vision

#### Provide the school's mission statement.

The students at Burns Middle School will acquire the attributes of good and successful citizens by becoming independent thinkers and problem solvers who exhibit honesty and integrity. They will practice personal responsibility, both towards other people and the environment. They will become life-long learners who contribute to society.

#### Provide the school's vision statement.

All Burns Middle School students will become productive, responsible, and compassionate citizens.

### School Leadership Team

#### Membership

Identify the name, email address and position title for each member of the school leadership team.:

Name	Title
DiPrima, Matthew	Principal
Riley, Phillip	Assistant Principal
Harvin, Vanessa	Teacher, K-12
Lowe, David	Teacher, K-12
Palmer, Marilyn	Assistant Principal
Comas, Jacqueline	Teacher, K-12
Ducker, Karla	Teacher, K-12
Ortega, Diane	Teacher, K-12
Rodriguez, Nadine	Teacher, K-12

#### Duties

##### Describe the roles and responsibilities of the members, including how they serve as instructional leaders and practice shared decision making.

Leadership team meetings can include the following:

Principal

Assistant Principal / ELP Coordinator

Guidance Counselor

SAC Chairs

School Psychologist/ Behavior team Representative

School Social Worker/ Attendance Committee Representative

Academic Coaches (Reading, Math, etc. and other specialists on an ad hoc basis)

ESE teachers

PLC Liaisons for each grade level and/or content area

District support (including Area Superintendents, Support Specialist, District Coaches)

The Leadership team meets regularly (e.g., bi-weekly/monthly). The purpose of the core Leadership Team is to:

1. Collaborate and problem solve to ensure the implementation of high quality instructional practices

- utilizing the RtI/MTSS process: at the core (Tier 1) and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels.
- 2. Support the implementation of high quality instructional practices at the core (Tier 1) and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels.
- 3. Review ongoing progress monitoring data at the core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains.
- 4. Communicate school-wide data to PLCs and facilitate problem solving within the content/grade level teams.

A collaborative culture of shared responsibility is established through Leadership Team Meetings and PLCs.

Research consistently bears out that the school leader is the most important element in teachers choosing to go to, and then remain at, a school site. To that end, HCPS works to ensure that principals are selected and placed with great care. HCPS works to develop strong leaders through the Hillsborough Principal Pipeline. As stated above, The Hillsborough Principal Pipeline offers unique and valuable opportunities for teachers to experience and prepare for a school leadership position by helping them gain the skills, experience and confidence that are crucial to becoming a high-performing leader. Pursuing school leadership provides the opportunity to make a direct impact on school culture and positively influence instructional quality, which will result in improved outcomes and higher long-term success rates for students in Hillsborough County.

HCPS' vision for instructional improvement is to have a highly effective teacher in every classroom and a highly effective principal in every school. This vision is founded in the research-based tenet that teacher quality has a larger impact on student achievement than any other schooling factor. Further research demonstrates the impact of a principal's leadership on outcomes for students and teachers. Over the past decade, HCPS has developed a Human Capital Management System (HCMS) to further the district's vision of instructional improvement.

Several Teacher Interview Days and Recruitment Fairs occur throughout the summer months, under the oversight of Human Resources. All applicants must be pre-approved by the District to attend these events. Certified teachers with an Effective or Highly Effective performance evaluation, teaching in field, at our highest needs schools are eligible for salary differential. This program was established with the purpose of helping to create stability and equity in harder to staff schools, recruiting and retaining highly qualified instructional staff, increasing student achievement, and promoting a culture of ongoing professional development.

Compensation is grounded in a performance-based salary structure that explicitly ties salary increases to sustained high-level performance, while career ladder positions, such as Instructional Mentors, are available to effective educators. The base teacher salary schedule is designed to provide substantial increases in compensation to teachers who have demonstrated positive student impact.

Once hired, teacher induction and teacher retention are supported through fully-released instructional mentors assigned to every new educator for up to two years to increase effectiveness and decrease recidivism. Educator effectiveness ratings that differentiate educator quality are used to assist principals in determining teachers' transfer options and promotion into leadership positions. HCPS has linked PD opportunities to HR functions so that school-level and district-level trainings are developed and deployed in response to areas of need identified by educator evaluations. Training course completions can also be tracked by HR Partners to inform human capital decisions.

## Early Warning Systems

**Year 2017-18**

**The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:**

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Attendance below 90 percent	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	41	58	0	0	0	0	135
One or more suspensions	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	24	48	0	0	0	0	79
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	26	63	0	0	0	0	110
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	0	0	0	93	86	109	0	0	0	0	288

**The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:**

Indicator	Grade Level												Total	
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		12
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	32	63	0	0	0	0	111

**The number of students identified as retainees:**

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Retained Students: Current Year	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	5	0	0	0	0	10
Retained Students: Previous Year(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	10	6	0	0	0	0	19

**Date this data was collected**

Thursday 8/30/2018

**Year 2016-17 - As Reported****The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:**

Indicator	Grade Level														Total
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12		
Attendance below 90 percent	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	26	32	0	0	0	0	94	
One or more suspensions	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	55	56	0	0	0	0	117	
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	25	40	0	0	0	0	68	
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	80	79	0	0	0	0	246	

**The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:**

Indicator	Grade Level												Total	
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11		12
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	40	51	0	0	0	0	112

**Year 2016-17 - Updated****The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:**

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Attendance below 90 percent	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	26	32	0	0	0	0	94
One or more suspensions	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	55	56	0	0	0	0	117
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	25	40	0	0	0	0	68
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	0	0	0	87	80	79	0	0	0	0	246

**The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:**

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	40	51	0	0	0	0	112

## Part II: Needs Assessment/Analysis

### Assessment & Analysis

Consider the following reflection prompts as you examine any/all relevant school data sources, including those in CIMS in the pages that follow.

#### Which data component performed the lowest? Is this a trend?

We see trends within our test data. Certain sub groups performed the lowest. The percent of ELL, ESE and Black students earning a level 3 and above on all tests is significantly lower than other groups. The overall percent proficient in math, civics and science decreased since 2016/2017 school year. Learning gains for the bottom quartile in math is below the district and state average on the FSA math test.

#### Which data component showed the greatest decline from prior year?

Math did not make the gains like in years past. Learning gains in math were 6% lower than the previous year and 8% lower for our bottom quartile. Our bottom quartile is below the district and state average on the math FSA. Science achievement declined 7% on the SSA from the 16-17 school year to the 17-18 school year. Our African American students had a decline of 23% on the SSA.

#### Which data component had the biggest gap when compared to the state average?

All areas proficient are above the state average. Learning gains for our bottom quartile in math(FSA) were 7% below the state average. Civics had the largest positive gap with a 15% difference above the state average on the EOC.

#### Which data component showed the most improvement? Is this a trend?

Learning gains of bottom quartile on FSA - ELA increased 4% since 16-17. The trend is growth in FSA - ELA. Sub-group data improved in ELA (6 sub-groups increased)and in Civics EOC. Civics EOC data improved for our African American population by 14%, free and reduced lunch population by 8% and our ELLs(English Language Learners) by 8%.

#### Describe the actions or changes that led to the improvement in this area.

A focus on lesson design, differentiation, unpacking standards, and increased teacher collaboration has helped improve student achievement in the areas tested by the FSA-ELA test, Civic EOC, Math EOC/ FSA, SSA, etc.

### School Data

Please note that the district and state averages shown here represent the averages for similar school types (elementary, middle, high school, or combination schools).

School Grade Component	2018			2017		
	School	District	State	School	District	State
ELA Achievement	66%	52%	53%	63%	49%	52%
ELA Learning Gains	59%	53%	54%	59%	53%	53%
ELA Lowest 25th Percentile	49%	48%	47%	43%	46%	45%
Math Achievement	68%	56%	58%	71%	54%	55%
Math Learning Gains	64%	59%	57%	70%	57%	55%
Math Lowest 25th Percentile	44%	52%	51%	59%	49%	47%
Science Achievement	59%	47%	52%	67%	46%	50%
Social Studies Achievement	87%	66%	72%	83%	66%	67%

### EWS Indicators as Input Earlier in the Survey

Indicator	Grade Level (prior year reported)			Total
	6	7	8	
Attendance below 90 percent	36 (36)	41 (26)	58 (32)	135 (94)
One or more suspensions	7 (6)	24 (55)	48 (56)	79 (117)
Course failure in ELA or Math	21 (3)	26 (25)	63 (40)	110 (68)
Level 1 on statewide assessment	93 (87)	86 (80)	109 (79)	288 (246)

### Grade Level Data

**NOTE:** This data is raw data and includes ALL students who tested at the school. This is not school grade data.

ELA						
Grade	Year	School	District	School-District Comparison	State	School-State Comparison
06	2018	63%	52%	11%	52%	11%
	2017	59%	49%	10%	52%	7%
Same Grade Comparison		4%				
Cohort Comparison						
07	2018	63%	52%	11%	51%	12%
	2017	64%	54%	10%	52%	12%
Same Grade Comparison		-1%				
Cohort Comparison		4%				
08	2018	67%	54%	13%	58%	9%
	2017	66%	53%	13%	55%	11%
Same Grade Comparison		1%				
Cohort Comparison		3%				



MATH						
Grade	Year	School	District	School-District Comparison	State	School-State Comparison
06	2018	53%	48%	5%	52%	1%
	2017	58%	47%	11%	51%	7%
Same Grade Comparison		-5%				
Cohort Comparison						
07	2018	71%	61%	10%	54%	17%
	2017	73%	61%	12%	53%	20%
Same Grade Comparison		-2%				
Cohort Comparison		13%				
08	2018	30%	29%	1%	45%	-15%
	2017	32%	28%	4%	46%	-14%
Same Grade Comparison		-2%				
Cohort Comparison		-43%				

SCIENCE						
Grade	Year	School	District	School-District Comparison	State	School-State Comparison
08	2018	58%	48%	10%	50%	8%
	2017					
Cohort Comparison						

BIOLOGY EOC					
Year	School	District	School Minus District	State	School Minus State
2018	0%	62%	-62%	65%	-65%
2017					
CIVICS EOC					
Year	School	District	School Minus District	State	School Minus State
2018	84%	65%	19%	71%	13%
2017	85%	67%	18%	69%	16%
Compare		-1%			
HISTORY EOC					
Year	School	District	School Minus District	State	School Minus State
2018					
2017					
ALGEBRA EOC					
Year	School	District	School Minus District	State	School Minus State
2018	95%	63%	32%	62%	33%

ALGEBRA EOC					
Year	School	District	School Minus District	State	School Minus State
2017	95%	63%	32%	60%	35%
Compare		0%			
GEOMETRY EOC					
Year	School	District	School Minus District	State	School Minus State
2018	100%	56%	44%	56%	44%
2017	100%	56%	44%	53%	47%
Compare		0%			

## Subgroup Data

2018 SCHOOL GRADE COMPONENTS BY SUBGROUPS											
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2016-17	C & C Accel 2016-17
SWD	27	42	34	31	41	33	22	65	73		
ELL	35	52	53	45	49	45	35	56			
ASN	72	68		85	69		64		100		
BLK	47	56	44	44	48	41	18	83	75		
HSP	61	57	50	65	61	46	51	79	87		
MUL	70	67	59	62	56	30	79	95	84		
WHT	71	59	47	73	68	45	68	92	93		
FRL	55	54	46	59	58	40	44	84	86		
2017 SCHOOL GRADE COMPONENTS BY SUBGROUPS											
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2015-16	C & C Accel 2015-16
SWD	21	38	37	28	47	43	19	63			
ELL	21	33	32	34	59	52	7	48			
ASN	91	87		91	88		88	91	100		
BLK	41	46	38	49	62	58	41	69	76		
HSP	53	53	38	63	66	51	58	78	88		
MUL	69	59	36	81	82	80	62	100	90		
WHT	70	60	49	76	71	49	70	92	90		
FRL	50	51	37	58	64	50	53	76	85		

## Part III: Planning for Improvement

Develop specific plans for addressing the school's highest-priority needs by identifying the most important areas of focus based on any/all relevant school data sources, including the data from Section II (Needs Assessment/Analysis).

## Areas of Focus:

Activity #1	
<b>Title</b>	By creating meaningful relationships and using teaching strategies for specific subgroups, we will increase the performance of our underperforming subgroups on content specific year-end measures.
<b>Rationale</b>	We see trends within our test data. Certain subgroups performed the lowest. The percent of ELL, ESE and Black students earning a level 3 and above on all tests is significantly lower than other groups. The overall percent proficient in math, civics, and science decreased since 2016/2017 school year. Learning gains for the bottom quartile in math is below the district and state average on the FSA math test.
<b>Intended Outcome</b>	Close the performance gap between subgroups; increase student achievement and motivation, foster positive relationships.
<b>Point Person</b>	Matthew DiPrima (matthew.diprima@hcps.net)
Action Step	
<b>Description</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Content groups – subgroup focused book studies, trainings, and Inquiry cycles to research/implement strategies.</li> <li>2. Collect formative data throughout the year (student performance/walkthrough observations)</li> <li>3. Use AVID WICOR Strategies with others in various subgroups to promote rigor in academic courses.</li> </ol>
<b>Person Responsible</b>	Matthew DiPrima (matthew.diprima@hcps.net)
Plan to Monitor Effectiveness	
<b>Description</b>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Teacher inquiry (Plan, Do, Check, Act) - Using their action plan teachers will have monitoring plans built within their inquiry plan. The check part of the process should provide a specific monitoring tool to see progress.</li> <li>2. Centralized PLC meetings to provide Administration support.</li> <li>3. PLC representative reports to ILT monthly.</li> <li>4. Teacher PLC groups creating "look fors" to show implementation and practice of new learning.</li> <li>5. Learning walks with teachers to provide real-time data to monitor progress.</li> </ol>
<b>Person Responsible</b>	Matthew DiPrima (matthew.diprima@hcps.net)

Activity #2	
<b>Title</b>	STUDENT TARDINESS (HCPS POLICY 5230) - Per policy 5230 schools will submit their tardy policy through their schools improvement plan. This is not an area which needs improvement. This entry was recommended by District.
<b>Rationale</b>	The changing of the passing times from 5 minutes to 4 minutes.
<b>Intended Outcome</b>	To increase instructional time by minimizing disruptions caused by tardiness.
<b>Point Person</b>	Matthew DiPrima (matthew.diprima@hcps.net)
<b>Action Step</b>	
	Burns' Tardy Policy 2018-2019 Tardy Per Period Per Quarter # of Tardies
<b>Description</b>	Warning 1-2 Parent Notification by Teacher: add into Behavior Tracker 3 Conferences with Guidance or Admin & Parent Link 4 Work Detail: Parent Link 5-6 Lunch Detention & Parent Link 7-9 Conference: Admin, Student & Parent 8 ISS for that Period; Parent notified by Admin 10
<b>Person Responsible</b>	Matthew DiPrima (matthew.diprima@hcps.net)
<b>Plan to Monitor Effectiveness</b>	
<b>Description</b>	Teachers will mark tardies daily through Ed Connect. Once a student has reached 4 cumulative tardies then the Guidance Counselor or assigned Assistant Principal will call the parent. This will be noted in the Behavior Tracker.
<b>Person Responsible</b>	Matthew DiPrima (matthew.diprima@hcps.net)

## Part IV: Title I Requirements

### Additional Title I Requirements

This section must be completed if the school is implementing a Title I, Part A schoolwide program and opts to use the Pilot SIP to satisfy the requirements of the schoolwide program plan, as outlined in the Every Student Succeeds Act, Public Law No. 114-95, Â§ 1114(b). This section is not required for non-Title I schools.

### Describe how the school plans to build positive relationships with parents, families, and other community stakeholders to fulfill the school's mission and support the needs of students.

We utilize the district school webpage, Edsby, Peachjar, social media and the parentlink system to communicate. We have open house, parent night, and conference night. Our PTSA has their own facebook page. We use social media to report on our highlights and to help build a bridge with our parents. Our 6th grade team leader uses facebook, twitter and Edsby to continuous communicate to large groups and individual families to assist in the transition to middle school. Our media specialist is highly engaged with the student body and community to support the varying needs of teachers, parents and students. We have a parent information meeting for incoming 6th grade parents, ice cream social

and orientation. We also have a dads group that supports the PTSA and school wide functions. Student participation in extramurals, clubs and extra-curricular activities create a positive school culture and provides social, competitive and service-oriented opportunities.

### **PFEF Link**

The school completes a Parental Involvement Plan (PFEF), which is available at the school site.

**Describe how the school ensures the social-emotional needs of all students are being met, which may include providing counseling, mentoring and other pupil services.**

#### **Social and Emotional Learning (SEL) Program**

Students are engaged in SEL programs based on their needs and within the HCPS “Building Strong School Culture” framework. This framework includes: Mission and Vision; Procedures & Routines; Promoting & Modeling Great Character; Service Learning; Student Leadership; Conflict Resolution; Mentoring; and Behavior Management Plan. In this way, SEL becomes a part of the fabric of a school’s culture.

Hillsborough County Public Schools has partnered with Frameworks of Tampa Bay to integrate SEL into all middle schools. Students will be engaged with LifeSkills training, an evidence-based program that is designed to improve social, emotional, and academic skills and strengthen relationships between students and teachers.

#### **Behavior Management Plan**

Included in the HCPS “Building Strong School Culture” framework is the need for a behavior management plan. A comprehensive behavior management plan is an important part of the social/emotional framework. It is expected that all settings will be structured for success, expectations for student behavior will be explicitly taught, students will be consistently supervised, teachers will build positive relationships with students, and that students will be corrected fluently, calmly, consistently, respectfully, briefly, and immediately.

Comprehensive behaviors plans should address a behavior support team, faculty/stakeholder commitment, school-wide expectations with a plan for teaching those expectations, effective processes for tracking and documenting behavior incidents and interventions, plan progress monitoring, location-based rules, effective reward/recognition program that includes restorative practices, and a focus on data-based decision making.

It is an expectation that behavior management plans for all DA and Achievement Schools include the 10 Critical Elements for Effective School Wide Management Plans, Restorative Practices, the use of Behavior Tracker to track minor incidences (in classroom), and a separate tool to track ALL interventions (admin/ student services). There may additionally be a need for a Behavior Intervention Team (may choose to use PSLT).

**Describe the strategies the school employs to support incoming and outgoing cohorts of students in transition from one school level to another.**

The School Board of each Florida district is required by state law to establish a comprehensive program for student progression that is based on an evaluation of each student’s performance including an assessment of how well the student masters the performance standards approved by the state board. The district’s program for student progression is based on mastery of the English language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies standards. (F.S. 1008.25)

The HCPS Student Progression Plan includes information on initial placement, reporting student progress, reading remediation, academic acceleration, grade promotion and retention, graduation requirements, transfer credits, student recognition, accommodations, dual enrollment, and extended learning opportunities.

For complete information, please visit our Student Progression Plan at: <http://www.sdhc.k12.fl.us/docs/00/00/21/33/studentprogressionplan.pdf>

HCPS utilizes a variety of strategies for assisting students as they transition from one school to another.

HCPS employs multiple strategies for preparing children for entry into kindergarten. Over 6,000 children participate in one of several preschool programs offered by the School District (Head Start, VPK and PreK-ESE). Developmental screenings are available for all families prior to entry into kindergarten through Child Find, a service within the Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resources System (FDLRS). Additionally, the district works closely with School Readiness providers to share information.

HCPS utilizes multiple strategies for preparing students for their next school, including transitioning from elementary to middle school, middle school to high school, or simply moving to a new school mid-year. Examples include:

- Bring 6th/9th graders back early for orientation
- Train a cadre of student ambassadors to help orient other students
- Parent information and/or education opportunities
- Hold articulation meetings between 5th and 6th grade teachers
- Campus visits
- Shadow days
- Middle school students visit, tutor and or perform at elementary schools
- High school students visit, tutor, or perform at middle schools.

**Describe the process through which school leadership identifies and aligns all available resources (e.g., personnel, instructional, curricular) in order to meet the needs of all students and maximize desired student outcomes. Include the methodology for coordinating and supplementing federal, state and local funds, services and programs. Provide the person(s) responsible, frequency of meetings, how an inventory of resources is maintained and any problem-solving activities used to determine how to apply resources for the highest impact.**

To ensure efficient/systematic allocation and use of resources, the PSLT/ILT utilizes an RtI/MTSS framework to improve learning for all. Resources allocated support a continuum of academic and behavioral supports, ensuring all students have fluid access to instruction (varying intensity levels matched to most appropriate available resources).

An annual inventory of resource materials, staff, and funds allocated determines necessary resource materials and personnel available to meet student needs through a resource map.

To ensure support systems, small group, and individual needs are met, the PSLT:

- Reviews school-wide data on an ongoing basis, identifying instructional needs across the school;
- Supports the implementation of high quality instructional practices during core and intervention blocks;
- Reviews progress monitoring data of core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains; Communicates school-wide data to PLCs, facilitating problem solving within the content/grade level teams.

The PSLT meets regularly (bi-weekly/monthly). The PSLT meeting calendar is structured around the district's assessment calendar, ensuring opportunities to review assessments, outcome data, and

engage in the problem solving process for appropriate data-driven decisions. Team members include administrator(s), guidance counselor(s), school psychologist, ESE specialist, content area coaches/specialists, PLC teacher liaisons, others as needed

#### Title I:

##### PartA

Funding enriches eligible schools with additional instructional staff, PD, ELP, and supplemental resources for raising student achievement in high-poverty schools.

##### PartC- Migrant

The migrant advocate provides services and support to students, parents, teachers and other programs to ensure that students' needs are met. Supplementary services include identification and recruitment, advocacy, health/social services, academic support, parental involvement and family literacy.

##### PartD

Funds support the Alternative Education Program, providing transition services from alternative education to school of choice, and includes mentoring, intervention services and educational support using transition specialists, teachers, paras and tutors.

#### TitleII

Funds for PD to provide/promote high quality professional learning that supports improved job performance for all resulting in increased student achievement. PD includes alternative certification, instructional support training and teacher induction program.

#### TitleIII

Services are provided to ensure ELLs have access to academic content that is equal in scope, sequence, breadth, and depth to the curricular offerings available to all. Services include educational materials and ELL district supported services such as interpreters, translators, bi-lingual support services, teachers, parent involvement and community outreach programs, improving education of immigrant and ELLs.

#### TitleX- Homeless

Coordinated with Title I funds to provide summer school, reading coaches, and extended learning opportunities. Federal funds are "braided" to support supplemental academic resource teachers at district school sites and to support selected professional learning opportunities for teachers.

#### TitleIV

Funds used provide academic enrichment activities for high-needs students including college and career counseling, STEM, arts, civics, IB/AP. Funds also support safe and healthy students through mental health services, drug and violence prevention and PE. Effective use of classroom technology is supported through PD.

#### HeadStart

Appropriate assessments identify a child's strengths, interests, needs and learning styles. Schools utilize information from students to transition into kindergarten.

**Describe the strategies the school uses to advance college and career awareness, which may include establishing partnerships with business, industry or community organizations.**

HCPS strategies to advance college and career awareness include: Career interest inventory offered to students through Florida Shines; District College Nights; District Financial Aid Nights; Postsecondary representative visits at high schools; Fieldtrip opportunities for career awareness; Fieldtrip opportunities

to technical colleges; and Opportunities for students to take courses within their area of interest at their high school, via virtual school, and through dual enrollment.

ALL of our 8th grade students create / link CollegeBoard and Khan Academy online accounts in order to receive official SAT practice skills that are personalized based on their PSAT scores. The account creation and linking was done through ELA or reading classes.

**Part V: Budget**

**Total:**

**\$0.00**