Hillsborough County Public Schools

Bryan Elementary School



2018-19 Schoolwide Improvement Plan

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Bryan Elementary School

2006 W OAK AVE, Plant City, FL 33563

[no web address on file]

School Demographics

School Type and Grades Served (per MSID File)	2017-18 Title I School	2017-18 Economically Disadvantaged (FRL) Rate (as reported on Survey 3)
Elementary School PK-5	Yes	96%
Primary Service Type (per MSID File)	Charter School	2018-19 Minority Rate (Reported as Non-white on Survey 2)

School Grades History

K-12 General Education

Year	2017-18	2016-17	2015-16	2014-15
Grade	D	D	С	F*

No

91%

School Board Approval

This plan is pending approval by the Hillsborough County School Board.

SIP Authority

Section 1001.42(18), Florida Statutes, requires district school boards to annually approve and require implementation of a school improvement plan (SIP) for each school in the district that has a school grade of D or F.

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) SIP template meets all statutory and rule requirements for traditional public schools and incorporates all components required for schools receiving Title I funds. This template is required by State Board of Education Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code, for all non-charter schools with a current grade of D or F (see page 4). For schools receiving a grade of A, B, or C, the district may opt to require a SIP using a template of its choosing. This document was prepared by school and district leadership using the FDOE's school improvement planning web application located at https://www.floridaCIMS.org.

Purpose and Outline of the SIP

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

Part I: School Information

School Mission and Vision

Provide the school's mission statement.

Setting high expectations and raising the standards for all students, staff and parents.

Provide the school's vision statement.

We support the District's Vision of Preparing Students for Life, and are working to ensure that our students leave our school equipped with the tools they need to graduate on time. Our District's graduation rate goal is 90% by 2020. With that in mind, we have developed the following Vision for our school:

Preparing today's learners for tomorrow's challenges.

School Leadership Team

Membership

Identify the name, email address and position title for each member of the school leadership team.:

Name	Title
Simmons, Tamethea	Principal

Duties

Describe the roles and responsibilities of the members, including how they serve as instructional leaders and practice shared decision making.

Leadership team meetings can include the following:

Principal

Assistant Principal / ELP Coordinator

Guidance Counselor

SAC Chairs

School Psychologist/ Behavior team Representative

School Social Worker/ Attendance Committee Representative

Academic Coaches (Reading, Math, etc. and other specialists on an ad hoc basis)

ESE teachers

PLC Liaisons for each grade level and/or content area

District support (including Area Superintendents, Support Specialist, District Coaches)

The Leadership team meets regularly (e.g., bi-weekly/monthly). The purpose of the core Leadership Team is to:

- 1. Collaborate and problem solve to ensure the implementation of high quality instructional practices utilizing the Rtl/MTSS process: at the core (Tier 1) and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels.
- 2. Support the implementation of high quality instructional practices at the core (Tier 1) and intervention/enrichment (Tiers 2/3) levels.
- 3. Review ongoing progress monitoring data at the core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains.
- 4. Communicate school-wide data to PLCs and facilitate problem solving within the content/grade level teams.

A collaborative culture of shared responsibility is established through Leadership Team Meetings and PLCs.

Research consistently bears out that the school leader is the most important element in teachers choosing to go to, and then remain at, a school site. To that end, HCPS works to ensure that principals are selected and placed with great care. HCPS works to develop strong leaders through the Hillsborough Principal Pipeline. As stated above, The Hillsborough Principal Pipeline offers unique and valuable opportunities for teachers to experience and prepare for a school leadership position by helping them gain the skills, experience and confidence that are crucial to becoming a high-performing leader. Pursuing school leadership provides the opportunity to make a direct impact on school culture and positively influence instructional quality, which will result in improved outcomes and higher long-term success rates for students in Hillsborough County.

HCPS' vision for instructional improvement is to have a highly effective teacher in every classroom and a highly effective principal in every school. This vision is founded in the research-based tenet that teacher quality has a larger impact on student achievement than any other schooling factor. Further research demonstrates the impact of a principal's leadership on outcomes for students and teachers. Over the past decade, HCPS has developed a Human Capital Management System (HCMS) to further the district's vision of instructional improvement.

Several Teacher Interview Days and Recruitment Fairs occur throughout the summer months, under the oversight of Human Resources. All applicants must be pre-approved by the District to attend these events. Certified teachers with an Effective or Highly Effective performance evaluation, teaching in field, at our highest needs schools are eligible for salary differential. This program was established with the purpose of helping to create stability and equity in harder to staff schools, recruiting and retaining highly qualified instructional staff, increasing student achievement, and promoting a culture of ongoing professional development.

Compensation is grounded in a performance-based salary structure that explicitly ties salary increases to sustained high-level performance, while career ladder positions, such as Instructional Mentors, are available to effective educators. The base teacher salary schedule is designed to provide substantial increases in compensation to teachers who have demonstrated positive student impact.

Once hired, teacher induction and teacher retention are supported through fully-released instructional mentors assigned to every new educator for up to two years to increase effectiveness and decrease recidivism. Educator effectiveness ratings that differentiate educator quality are used to assist principals in determining teachers' transfer options and promotion into leadership positions. HCPS has linked PD opportunities to HR functions so that school-level and district-level trainings are developed and deployed in response to areas of need identified by educator evaluations. Training course completions can also be tracked by HR Partners to inform human capital decisions.

Early Warning Systems

Year 2017-18

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator	Grade Level														
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	
Attendance below 90 percent	0	19	22	21	14	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	84	
One or more suspensions	0	0	0	2	4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	26	35	64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	125	

The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator		Grade Level												
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	0	0	0	5	8	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20

The number of students identified as retainees:

Indicator	Grade Level													
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Retained Students: Current Year	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Retained Students: Previous Year(s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

Date this data was collected

Monday 8/13/2018

Year 2016-17 - As Reported

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator					(Grad	e L	eve	l					Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Attendance below 90 percent	11	15	7	8	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49
One or more suspensions	0	1	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	4	43	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99

The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	0	1	0	1	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9

Year 2016-17 - Updated

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator	Grade Level													
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Attendance below 90 percent	11	15	7	8	3	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49
One or more suspensions	0	1	3	4	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12
Course failure in ELA or Math	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0	0	0	4	43	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99

The number of students identified by the system as exhibiting two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
Indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Students exhibiting two or more indicators	0	1	0	1	2	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9

Part II: Needs Assessment/Analysis

Assessment & Analysis

Consider the following reflection prompts as you examine any/all relevant school data sources, including those in CIMS in the pages that follow.

Which data component performed the lowest? Is this a trend?

The Lowest data component from the 17-18 data is ELA Proficiency. This has been the lowest category of the overall school grade for 2 out of the past 3 years. When looking at subgroup data, black student scores in proficiency went down 7% in math and went down 7% in ELA. This subgroup data is a historical trend.

Which data component showed the greatest decline from prior year?

The data component showing the greatest decline from the 17-18 school year is Math learning gains, from 41% making gains to 38% making learning gains.

Which data component had the biggest gap when compared to the state average?

The data component with the biggest gap from the 17-18 school year is Math proficiency which is 26% below the state average, 36% proficient versus 62% at the state level.

Which data component showed the most improvement? Is this a trend?

The data component showing the most improvement from the 17-18 school year is ELA bottom quartile learning gains, which was 1% better than the state average. This category of improvement is not a trend from previous data.

Describe the actions or changes that led to the improvement in this area.

Bi-Quarterly data reviews of all ELA bottom quartile students, each ELA bottom quartile student was assigned a site based mentor, all students received the Ready LAFS student books, all students received 45 minutes per week of I-Ready computer lab time, bottom quartile students in 4th and 5th grades had 2 hours of extended reading time on Monday afternoons, MTSS for 30 minutes on non-computer lab days, reading resource teacher held daily small group lessons using LAFS materials,

School Data

Please note that the district and state averages shown here represent the averages for similar school types (elementary, middle, high school, or combination schools).

School Grade Component		2018		2017						
School Grade Component	School	District	State	School	District	State				
ELA Achievement	34%	52%	56%	37%	48%	52%				
ELA Learning Gains	46%	52%	55%	50%	49%	52%				
ELA Lowest 25th Percentile	49%	46%	48%	47%	44%	46%				
Math Achievement	36%	55%	62%	40%	52%	58%				
Math Learning Gains	38%	57%	59%	52%	53%	58%				
Math Lowest 25th Percentile	37%	44%	47%	49%	43%	46%				
Science Achievement	35%	51%	55%	48%	51%	51%				

EWS Indicators as Input Earlier in the Survey									
Indicator	Grade Level (prior year reported)								
malcator	K	1	2	3	4	5	Total		
Attendance below 90 percent	0 (11)	19 (15)	22 (7)	21 (8)	14 (3)	8 (5)	84 (49)		
One or more suspensions	0 (0)	0 (1)	0 (3)	2 (4)	4 (0)	1 (4)	7 (12)		
Course failure in ELA or Math	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)		
Level 1 on statewide assessment	0 (0)	0 (0)	0 (0)	26 (4)	35 (43)	64 (52)	125 (99)		

Grade Level Data

NOTE: This data is raw data and includes ALL students who tested at the school. This is not school grade data.

ELA							
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison	
03	2018	35%	53%	-18%	57%	-22%	
	2017	28%	56%	-28%	58%	-30%	
Same Grade Comparison		7%					
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison						
04	2018	33%	55%	-22%	56%	-23%	
	2017	30%	54%	-24%	56%	-26%	
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison						
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison						
05	2018	33%	51%	-18%	55%	-22%	
	2017	31%	52%	-21%	53%	-22%	
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison						
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison						

	MATH							
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison		
03	2018	40%	55%	-15%	62%	-22%		
	2017	36%	54%	-18%	62%	-26%		
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison							
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison							
04	2018	33%	57%	-24%	62%	-29%		
	2017	34%	56%	-22%	64%	-30%		
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison							
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison							
05	2018	31%	54%	-23%	61%	-30%		
	2017	35%	53%	-18%	57%	-22%		
Same Grade C	Same Grade Comparison							
Cohort Com	Cohort Comparison				•			

SCIENCE							
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison	
05	2018	33%	52%	-19%	55%	-22%	
	2017						
Cohort Comparison							

Subgroup Data

		2018	SCHOO	DL GRAD	E COMP	ONENT	S BY SI	JBGRO	UPS		
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2016-17	C & C Accel 2016-17
SWD	13	33	48	18	27	40	14				
ELL	22	40	49	32	32	38	23				
BLK	14	20		7	20						
HSP	34	45	49	37	38	40	32				
WHT	42	62		38	44		54				
FRL	33	45	47	35	37	37	33				
		2017	SCHOO	DL GRAD	E COMF	ONENT	S BY SI	JBGRO	UPS		
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2015-16	C & C Accel 2015-16
SWD	10	31	30	17	36	40	10				
ELL	20	33	36	32	38	36	7				
BLK	21			14							
HSP	28	38	35	38	41	35	25				
WHT	58	80		37	37						
FRL	29	41	42	36	42	38	24				

Part III: Planning for Improvement

Develop specific plans for addressing the school's highest-priority needs by identifying the most important areas of focus based on any/all relevant school data sources, including the data from Section II (Needs Assessment/Analysis).

Areas of Focus:

Activity #1

Title Standard-Based Planning

Rationale Student achievement will increase when there is alignment between Florida Standards,

Learning Targets (how and why), and lesson tasks.

Intended Outcome

Learning Targets will be aligned with the standards and learning task.

Point Person

Tamethea Simmons (tamethea.simmons@hcps.net)

Action Step

Create a structure for standards-based planning sessions, utilizing resource teachers,

planning time, clear expectations, definition of roles, and protocols.

Develop a common language around assessment and performance structure.

Teachers will develop rubrics that are aligned to performance tasks that can be used to

Description evaluate student performance.

Teachers will be able to reflect on student work and make adjustments to instruction by

incorporating Kagan Strategies

Provide teachers with additional time for planning, and resources for professional

development.

Person Responsible

Tamethea Simmons (tamethea.simmons@hcps.net)

Plan to Monitor Effectiveness

Develop Look-Fors to use during instructional walk-throughs.

Conduct regular checks for effective transfer of planning to instructional practice:

standards-based and aligned task.

DescriptionReview student work as evidence of implementation of standards-based planning.

Regularly meet with Resource Teachers and Coaches to discuss trends in school wide

data.

Progress monitor student achievement data, including iReady and district formative

assessments

Person Responsible

Tamethea Simmons (tamethea.simmons@hcps.net)

Part IV: Title I Requirements

Additional Title I Requirements

This section must be completed if the school is implementing a Title I, Part A schoolwide program and opts to use the Pilot SIP to satisfy the requirements of the schoolwide program plan, as outlined in the Every Student Succeeds Act, Public Law No. 114-95, § 1114(b). This section is not required for non-Title I schools.

Describe how the school plans to build positive relationships with parents, families, and other community stakeholders to fulfill the school's mission and support the needs of students.

School staff, students, parents, and the community will work together to develop skills and habits for personal and academic success. We work hard at building positive relationships with our families and community partners. We encourage parents to participate in all of our events by sending home flyers, making parent link phone calls and posting everything on our website and social media. We make every effort to communicate every child's progress to the parents by sending home quarterly progress alerts and having parent teacher conferences.

We will have our computer lab available during specified hours to assist parents with filling out volunteer forms and accessing student data in Edsby.

We are working with our local high school, Plant City High Schoo. to collaborate around providing additional learning opportunities for our parents, Plant City Jr. Women's club, Oasis, SEEDS, Hispanic Services Council, and Youman's Praise & Worship Center. Two of our resource teachers are trained in the Parent/Teacher Home Visit Project.

PFEP Link

The school completes a Parental Involvement Plan (PFEP), which is available at the school site.

Describe how the school ensures the social-emotional needs of all students are being met, which may include providing counseling, mentoring and other pupil services.

Social and Emotional Learning (SEL) Program

Students are engaged in SEL programs based on their needs and within the HCPS "Building Strong School Culture" framework. This framework includes: Mission and Vision; Procedures & Routines; Promoting & Modeling Great Character; Service Learning; Student Leadership; Conflict Resolution; Mentoring; and Behavior Management Plan. In this way, SEL becomes a part of the fabric of a school's culture.

We utilize PBS, Positive Behavior and Intervention Supports, to support positive student behaviors. Our Guidance Counselor provides several different mentoring opportunities for students, including Friday Club and Student Council, checking in on targeted students, and offering tutoring referrals for interested parents.

Behavior Management Plan

Included in the HCPS "Building Strong School Culture" framework is the need for a behavior management plan. A comprehensive behavior management plan is an important part of the social/ emotional framework. It is expected that all settings will be structured for success, expectations for student behavior will be explicitly taught, students will be consistently supervised, teachers will build positive relationships with students, and that students will be corrected fluently, calmly, consistently, respectfully, briefly, and immediately.

We utilize our psychologist to provide support to teachers for intervention for student behaviors, both internal and external behaviors, through the new mental health tracker.

Comprehensive behaviors plans should address a behavior support team, faculty/stakeholder commitment, school-wide expectations with a plan for teaching those expectations, effective processes for tracking and documenting behavior incidents and interventions, plan progress monitoring, location-based rules, effective reward/recognition program that includes restorative practices, and a focus on

data-based decision making.

It is an expectation that behavior management plans for all DA and Achievement Schools include the 10 Critical Elements for Effective School Wide Management Plans.

Describe the strategies the school employs to support incoming and outgoing cohorts of students in transition from one school level to another.

The School Board of each Florida district is required by state law to establish a comprehensive program for student progression that is based on an evaluation of each student's performance including an assessment of how well the student masters the performance standards approved by the state board. The district's program for student progression is based on mastery of the English language arts, mathematics, science, and social studies standards. (F.S. 1008.25)

The HCPS Student Progression Plan includes information on initial placement, reporting student progress, reading remediation, academic acceleration, grade promotion and retention, graduation requirements, transfer credits, student recognition, accommodations, dual enrollment, and extended learning opportunities.

For complete information, please visit our Student Progression Plan at: http://www.sdhc.k12.fl.us/docs/00/00/21/33/studentprogressionplan.pdf

HCPS utilizes a variety of strategies for assisting students as they transition from one school to another.

HCPS employs multiple strategies for preparing children for entry into kindergarten. Over 6,000 children participate in one of several preschool programs offered by the School District (Head Start, VPK and PreK-ESE). Developmental screenings are available for all families prior to entry into kindergarten through Child Find, a service within the Florida Diagnostic and Learning Resources System (FDLRS). Additionally, the district works closely with School Readiness providers to share information.

HCPS utilizes multiple strategies for preparing students for their next school, including transitioning from elementary to middle school, middle school to high school, or simply moving to a new school mid-year. Examples include:

Bring 6th/9th graders back early for orientation
Train a cadre of student ambassadors to help orient other students
Parent information and/or education opportunities
Hold articulation meetings between 5th and 6th grade teachers
Campus visits
Shadow days
Middle school students visit, tutor and or perform at elementary schools
High school students visit, tutor, or perform at middle schools.

Describe the process through which school leadership identifies and aligns all available resources (e.g., personnel, instructional, curricular) in order to meet the needs of all students and maximize desired student outcomes. Include the methodology for coordinating and supplementing federal, state and local funds, services and programs. Provide the person(s) responsible, frequency of meetings, how an inventory of resources is maintained and any problem-solving activities used to determine how to apply resources for the highest impact.

To ensure efficient and systematic allocation and use of resources, the school's PSLT/ILT utilizes an Rtl/MTSS framework to improve learning for all. Resources allocated support a continuum of academic and

behavioral supports, ensuring all students have fluid access to instruction (varying intensity levels matched to most appropriate available resources)

Analyze student outcomes and make data-driven decisions: What is the problem?
Why is it occurring?
What are we going to do about it?
Is it working?

Assess the implementation of the SIP:
Does the data show positive student growth?
Are we making progress toward the SIPs intended outcomes?
What can we do to sustain what's working?
What barriers to implementation are we facing?
What should be our plan of action?

Annually, schools take inventory of resource materials, staff, and funds allocated to determine necessary resource materials and personnel available to meet the needs of students. Resource maps identify gaps, ensuring resources are available and allocated for use by all.

To ensure support systems, small group, and individual needs are met, the PSLT: Reviews school-wide assessment data on an ongoing basis in order to identify instructional needs across the school and all grade levels; Supports the implementation of high quality instructional practices during core and intervention blocks; Reviews progress monitoring data at the core to ensure fidelity of instruction and attainment of SIP goal(s) in curricular, behavioral, and attendance domains; Communicates school-wide data to PLCs and facilitate problem solving within the content/grade level teams.

The PSLT meets regularly (bi-weekly/monthly). The PSLT meeting calendar is structured around the district's assessment calendar, ensuring opportunities to review assessment outcome data and engage in the problem solving process for appropriate data-driven decisions. Team members include administrator(s), guidance counselor(s), school psychologist, ESE specialist, content area coaches/specialists, PLC liaisons, others as needed

Describe the strategies the school uses to advance college and career awareness, which may include establishing partnerships with business, industry or community organizations.

HCPS strategies to advance college and career awareness include: Career interest inventory offered to students through Florida Shines; District College Nights; District Financial Aid Nights; Postsecondary representative visits at high schools; Fieldtrip opportunities for career awareness; Fieldtrip opportunities to technical colleges; and Opportunities for students to take courses within their area of interest at their high school, via virtual school, and through dual enrollment.

	Part V: Budget
Total:	\$330,315.00