

2021-22 Schoolwide Improvement Plan

Table of Contents

| School Demographics | 3 |
|--------------------------------|----|
| Purpose and Outline of the SIP | 4 |
| School Information | 6 |
| Needs Assessment | 9 |
| Planning for Improvement | 17 |
| Positive Culture & Environment | 20 |
| Budget to Support Goals | 21 |

Polk - 0681 - Wahneta Elementary School - 2021-22 SIP

Wahneta Elementary School

205 4TH ST E, Winter Haven, FL 33880

http://schools.polk-fl.net/wahnetael

Demographics

Principal: Dagmariel Perez Mald

Start Date for this Principal: 7/7/2016

| 2019-20 Status (per MSID File) | Active |
|---|--|
| School Type and Grades Served (per MSID File) | Elementary School PK-5 |
| Primary Service Type (per MSID File) | K-12 General Education |
| 2020-21 Title I School | Yes |
| 2020-21 Economically Disadvantaged (FRL) Rate (as reported on Survey 3) | 100% |
| 2020-21 ESSA Subgroups Represented (subgroups with 10 or more students) (subgroups below the federal threshold are identified with an asterisk) | Students With Disabilities* English Language Learners* Hispanic Students* White Students Economically Disadvantaged Students* |
| School Grades History | 2018-19: C (48%) 2017-18: C (46%) 2016-17: B (54%) |
| 2019-20 School Improvement (SI) In | formation* |
| SI Region | Southwest |
| Regional Executive Director | |
| Turnaround Option/Cycle | N/A |
| Year | |
| Support Tier | |
| ESSA Status | |
| As defined under Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code. | For more information, <u>click here</u> . |

School Board Approval

This plan is pending approval by the Polk County School Board.

SIP Authority

Section 1001.42(18), Florida Statutes, requires district school boards to annually approve and require implementation of a Schoolwide Improvement Plan (SIP) for each school in the district that has a school grade of D or F. This plan is also a requirement for Targeted Support and Improvement (TS&I) and Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CS&I) schools pursuant to 1008.33 F.S. and the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA).

To be designated as TS&I, a school must have one or more ESSA subgroup(s) with a Federal Index below 41%. This plan shall be approved by the district. There are three ways a school can be designated as CS&I:

- 1. have a school grade of D or F
- 2. have a graduation rate of 67% or lower
- 3. have an overall Federal Index below 41%.

For these schools, the SIP shall be approved by the district as well as the Bureau of School Improvement.

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) SIP template meets all statutory and rule requirements for traditional public schools and incorporates all components required for schools receiving Title I funds. This template is required by State Board of Education Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code, for all non-charter schools with a current grade of D or F, or a graduation rate 67% or less. Districts may opt to require a SIP using a template of its choosing for schools that do not fit the aforementioned conditions. This document was prepared by school and district leadership using the FDOE's school improvement planning web application located at <u>www.floridacims.org.</u>

Purpose and Outline of the SIP

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

Table of Contents

| Purpose and Outline of the SIP | 4 |
|--------------------------------|----|
| School Information | 6 |
| Needs Assessment | 9 |
| Planning for Improvement | 17 |
| Title I Requirements | 0 |
| Budget to Support Goals | 21 |

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Wahneta Elementary School

205 4TH ST E, Winter Haven, FL 33880

http://schools.polk-fl.net/wahnetael

School Demographics

| School Type and Gr (per MSID F | | 2020-21 Title I School | Disadvant | Economically taged (FRL) Rate ted on Survey 3) |
|--------------------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------------|--|
| Elementary S PK-5 | chool | Yes | | 100% |
| Primary Servic (per MSID F | ••• | Charter School | (Reporte | Minority Rate ed as Non-white Survey 2) |
| K-12 General Ec | ducation | No | | 90% |
| School Grades Histo | ry | | | |
| Year Grade | 2020-21 | 2019-20 C | 2018-19 C | 2017-18 C |
| School Board Approv | val | | | |

This plan is pending approval by the Polk County School Board.

SIP Authority

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Purpose and Outline of the SIP

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

Part I: School Information

School Mission and Vision

Provide the school's mission statement.

The purpose of Wahneta Elementary is to ensure that all students become productive citizens who are life-long learners with choices in life.

Provide the school's vision statement.

Wahneta Elementary students will attend school daily, come to school prepared, and follow school-wide rules and policies. The curriculum and instruction will meet the needs of every individual student, including students with disabilities and limited English proficient students, by providing additional academic assistance through small grouping, tutoring, extended day activities, and differentiated instruction in a challenging and nurturing environment.

School Leadership Team

Membership

Identify the name, email address, position title, and job duties/responsibilities for each member of the school leadership team.:

| Name | Position Title | Job Duties and Responsibilities |
|------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Caraballo, Nildalis | Principal | Write and support with monitoring the implementation of the SIP. |
| Rodriguez, Janira | Reading Coach | Supporting with the ELA goals of the SIP. |
| Taveras, Marlene | Assistant Principal | Write and support with monitoring the implementation of the SIP. |
| Agostnelli, Bethany | | Support teachers with the ELA goals of the SIP. |
| Hall, Susan | Instructional Media | Write and support with monitoring the implementation of the SIP. |
| | | |

Demographic Information

Principal start date

Thursday 7/7/2016, Dagmariel Perez Mald

Number of teachers with a 2019 3-year aggregate or a 1-year Algebra state VAM rating of Highly Effective. *Note: For UniSIG Supplemental Teacher Allocation, teachers must have at least 10 student assessments.*

3

Number of teachers with a 2019 3-year aggregate or a 1-year Algebra state VAM rating of Effective. Note: For UniSIG Supplemental Teacher Allocation, teachers must have at least 10 student assessments.

3

Total number of teacher positions allocated to the school 35

Total number of students enrolled at the school 453

Identify the number of instructional staff who left the school during the 2020-21 school year.

Identify the number of instructional staff who joined the school during the 2021-22 school year. 0

Demographic Data

Early Warning Systems

2021-22

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator listed:

| Indicator | Grade Level | | | | | | | | | | | | | Total |
|--|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|-------|
| indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Number of students enrolled | 43 | 77 | 72 | 90 | 83 | 90 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 455 |
| Attendance below 90 percent | 33 | 23 | 11 | 21 | 18 | 22 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 128 |
| One or more suspensions | 0 | 2 | 0 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 |
| Course failure in ELA | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Course failure in Math | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Level 1 on 2019 statewide FSA ELA assessment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 15 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| Level 1 on 2019 statewide FSA Math assessment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |
| Number of students with a substantial reading deficiency | 0 | 15 | 41 | 49 | 43 | 32 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 180 |

The number of students with two or more early warning indicators:

| Indicator | | | | | G | Grade | e L | eve | el | | | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---|---|----|----|----|-------|-----|-----|----|---|----|----|----|-------|
| indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Students with two or more indicators | 0 | 9 | 16 | 16 | 26 | 35 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 102 |

The number of students identified as retainees:

| Indiantar | Grade Level | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|-------|
| Indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Retained Students: Current Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Students retained two or more times | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |

Date this data was collected or last updated

Tuesday 7/27/2021

2020-21 - As Reported

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

| Indiantar | Grade Level | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|-------|
| Indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Number of students enrolled | 67 | 81 | 88 | 95 | 81 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 495 |
| Attendance below 90 percent | 12 | 7 | 7 | 13 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 |
| One or more suspensions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Course failure in ELA | 3 | 6 | 1 | 22 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| Course failure in Math | 4 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Level 1 on 2019 statewide ELA assessment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 15 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| Level 1 on 2019 statewide Math assessment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |

The number of students with two or more early warning indicators:

| Indicator | | | | | G | Grade | e L | eve | el | | | | | Total |
|--------------------------------------|---|----|---|----|----|-------|-----|-----|----|---|----|----|----|-------|
| Indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Students with two or more indicators | 8 | 10 | 1 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 |

The number of students identified as retainees:

| Indiantas | | | | | | Gra | ade | Le | vel | | | | | Tatal |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|----|---|-----|-----|----|-----|---|----|----|----|-------|
| Indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Retained Students: Current Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Students retained two or more times | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

2020-21 - Updated

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

| Indicator | Grade Level | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|-------|
| indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Number of students enrolled | 67 | 81 | 88 | 95 | 81 | 83 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 495 |
| Attendance below 90 percent | 12 | 7 | 7 | 13 | 9 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 58 |
| One or more suspensions | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 8 |
| Course failure in ELA | 3 | 6 | 1 | 22 | 6 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 43 |
| Course failure in Math | 4 | 7 | 0 | 4 | 3 | 7 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 25 |
| Level 1 on 2019 statewide ELA assessment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15 | 15 | 23 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 53 |
| Level 1 on 2019 statewide Math assessment | 0 | 0 | 0 | 10 | 8 | 16 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 34 |

The number of students with two or more early warning indicators:

| Indicator | Grade Level | | | | | | | | | Total | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|----|---|----|----|----|---|---|---|-------|----|----|----|-------|
| indicator | κ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | TOLAI |
| Students with two or more indicators | 8 | 10 | 1 | 12 | 11 | 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 52 |

The number of students identified as retainees:

| Indiantar | Grade Level | | | | | | | | | | Total | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|---|---|----|---|---|---|---|---|---|-------|----|----|-------|
| Indicator | ĸ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Total |
| Retained Students: Current Year | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 11 |
| Students retained two or more times | | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 2 |

Part II: Needs Assessment/Analysis

School Data Review

Please note that the district and state averages shown here represent the averages for similar school types (elementary, middle, high school, or combination schools).

| Sahaal Grada Component | | 2021 | | | 2019 | | | 2018 | |
|-----------------------------|--------|----------|-------|--------|----------|-------|--------|----------|-------|
| School Grade Component | School | District | State | School | District | State | School | District | State |
| ELA Achievement | | | | 38% | 51% | 57% | 34% | 50% | 56% |
| ELA Learning Gains | | | | 55% | 51% | 58% | 38% | 51% | 55% |
| ELA Lowest 25th Percentile | | | | 47% | 49% | 53% | 41% | 45% | 48% |
| Math Achievement | | | | 61% | 57% | 63% | 60% | 58% | 62% |
| Math Learning Gains | | | | 60% | 56% | 62% | 62% | 56% | 59% |
| Math Lowest 25th Percentile | | | | 31% | 47% | 51% | 50% | 44% | 47% |
| Science Achievement | | | | 46% | 47% | 53% | 39% | 53% | 55% |

Grade Level Data Review - State Assessments

NOTE: This data is raw data and includes ALL students who tested at the school. This is not school grade data.

| | | | ELA | | | |
|-------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Grade | Year | School | District | School- District Comparison | State | School- State Comparison |
| 03 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 29% | 52% | -23% | 58% | -29% |
| Cohort Corr | nparison | | | | | |
| 04 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 38% | 48% | -10% | 58% | -20% |
| Cohort Con | parison | -29% | | | | |
| 05 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 38% | 47% | -9% | 56% | -18% |
| Cohort Corr | nparison | -38% | | | · | |

| | | | MATH | | | |
|-----------|----------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Grade | Year | School | District | School- District Comparison | State | School- State Comparison |
| 03 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 58% | 56% | 2% | 62% | -4% |
| Cohort Co | mparison | | | | | |
| 04 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 69% | 56% | 13% | 64% | 5% |
| Cohort Co | mparison | -58% | | | · · · | |
| 05 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 53% | 51% | 2% | 60% | -7% |
| Cohort Co | mparison | -69% | | | • | |

| | | | SCIEN | CE | | |
|-------------|----------|--------|----------|-----------------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|
| Grade | Year | School | District | School- District Comparison | State | School- State Comparison |
| 05 | 2021 | | | | | |
| | 2019 | 41% | 45% | -4% | 53% | -12% |
| Cohort Corr | nparison | | | | | |

Grade Level Data Review - Progress Monitoring Assessments

Provide the progress monitoring tool(s) by grade level used to compile the below data.

K-2 STAR Early Lit. 2-5 STAR Reading 1-5 STAR Math

| | | Grade 1 | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 52 | 71 | 62 |
| English Language Arts | Economically Disadvantaged | 55 | 68 | 61 |
| | Students With Disabilities | | 67 | 67 |
| | English Language Learners | 29 | 71 | 58 |
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 70 | 81 | 62 |
| Mathematics | Economically Disadvantaged Students With | 71 | 79 | 63 |
| | Disabilities | | 100 | 50 |
| | English Language Learners | 68 | 80 | 62 |
| | | | | |
| | | Grade 2 | | |
| | Number/% Proficiency | Grade 2 Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | Proficiency All Students | | Winter 41 | Spring 43 |
| English Language Arts | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged | Fall | | |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities | Fall 38 | 41 | 43 |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners | Fall 38 35 | 41 42 | 43 41 |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency | Fall 38 35 10 23 Fall | 41 42 18 26 Winter | 43 41 27 29 Spring |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students | Fall 38 35 10 23 | 41 42 18 26 | 43 41 27 29 |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged | Fall 38 35 10 23 Fall | 41 42 18 26 Winter | 43 41 27 29 Spring |
| Arts | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically | Fall 38 35 10 23 Fall 52 | 41 42 18 26 Winter 44 | 43 41 27 29 Spring 41 |

| | | Grade 3 | | |
|--------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 37 | 29 | 25 |
| English Language Arts | Economically Disadvantaged | 35 | 27 | 21 |
| | Students With Disabilities | 6 | 6 | 7 |
| | English Language Learners | 33 | 22 | 16 |
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 40 | 44 | 32 |
| Mathematics | Economically Disadvantaged | 42 | 42 | 29 |
| | Students With Disabilities | 25 | 38 | 13 |
| | English Language Learners | 35 | 35 | 23 |
| | | | | |
| | | Grade 4 | | |
| | Number/% Proficiency | Grade 4 Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | Proficiency All Students | | Winter 27 | Spring 27 |
| English Language Arts | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged | Fall | | |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities | Fall 26 | 27 | 27 |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners | Fall 26 27 | 27 29 | 27 27 |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency | Fall 26 27 5 23 Fall | 27 29 10 24 Winter | 27 27 10 25 Spring |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students | Fall 26 27 5 23 | 27 29 10 24 | 27 27 10 25 |
| | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged | Fall 26 27 5 23 Fall | 27 29 10 24 Winter | 27 27 10 25 Spring |
| Arts | Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically | Fall 26 27 5 23 Fall 53 | 27 29 10 24 Winter 48 | 27 27 10 25 Spring 45 |

| | | Grade 5 | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|--------|--------|
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 24 | 25 | 31 |
| English Language Arts | Economically Disadvantaged | 20 | 24 | 32 |
| | Students With Disabilities | | | 40 |
| | English Language Learners | 15 | 22 | 25 |
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 52 | 44 | 40 |
| Mathematics | Economically Disadvantaged | 54 | 46 | 37 |
| | Students With Disabilities | 50 | 20 | 20 |
| | English Language Learners | 52 | 36 | 38 |
| | Number/% Proficiency | Fall | Winter | Spring |
| | All Students | 33 | 37 | 40 |
| Science | Economically Disadvantaged | 24 | 32 | 39 |
| | Students With Disabilities | 20 | 25 | 20 |
| | English Language Learners | 50 | 38 | 31 |

Subgroup Data Review

| | | 2021 | SCHOO | OL GRAD | E COMF | ONENT | S BY SI | JBGRO | UPS | | |
|-----------|-------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Subgroups | ELA Ach. | ELA LG | ELA LG L25% | Math Ach. | Math LG | Math LG L25% | Sci Ach. | SS Ach. | MS Accel. | Grad Rate 2019-20 | C & C Accel 2019-20 |
| SWD | 10 | 33 | | 17 | 38 | | | | | | |
| ELL | 22 | 34 | 38 | 36 | 33 | 33 | 22 | | | | |
| HSP | 28 | 36 | 44 | 40 | 34 | 40 | 25 | | | | |
| WHT | 33 | 30 | | 31 | 45 | | 20 | | | | |
| FRL | 25 | 37 | 39 | 38 | 32 | 35 | 24 | | | | |
| | | 2019 | SCHO | OL GRAD | E COMF | PONENT | S BY SI | JBGRO | UPS | | |
| Subgroups | ELA Ach. | ELA LG | ELA LG L25% | Math Ach. | Math LG | Math LG L25% | Sci Ach. | SS Ach. | MS Accel. | Grad Rate 2017-18 | C & C Accel 2017-18 |
| SWD | 15 | 20 | | 48 | 56 | | | | | | |
| ELL | 31 | 52 | 39 | 58 | 60 | 32 | 34 | | | | |
| HSP | 38 | 55 | 38 | 62 | 61 | 31 | 46 | | | | |
| WHT | 37 | 40 | | 63 | 50 | | | | | | |
| FRL | 36 | 57 | 54 | 59 | 60 | 33 | 41 | | | | |

| | 2018 SCHOOL GRADE COMPONENTS BY SUBGROUPS | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------|---|-----------|-------------------|--------------|------------|--------------------|-------------|------------|--------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| Subgroups | ELA Ach. | ELA LG | ELA LG L25% | Math Ach. | Math LG | Math LG L25% | Sci Ach. | SS Ach. | MS Accel. | Grad Rate 2016-17 | C & C Accel 2016-17 |
| SWD | 25 | 25 | 18 | 48 | 47 | | 20 | | | | |
| ELL | 26 | 39 | 43 | 60 | 68 | 57 | 32 | | | | |
| HSP | 33 | 39 | 45 | 64 | 64 | 52 | 38 | | | | |
| WHT | 57 | | | 43 | | | | | | | |
| FRL | 35 | 38 | 41 | 60 | 62 | 50 | 39 | | | | |

ESSA Data Review

This data has been updated for the 2021-22 school year as of 10/19/2021.

| ESSA Federal Index | |
|---|-----|
| ESSA Category (TS&I or CS&I) | |
| OVERALL Federal Index – All Students | 36 |
| | |
| OVERALL Federal Index Below 41% All Students | YES |
| Total Number of Subgroups Missing the Target | 5 |
| Progress of English Language Learners in Achieving English Language Proficiency | 45 |
| Total Points Earned for the Federal Index | 286 |
| Total Components for the Federal Index | 8 |
| Percent Tested | 98% |
| Subgroup Data | |
| Students With Disabilities | |
| Federal Index - Students With Disabilities | 29 |
| Students With Disabilities Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | YES |
| Number of Consecutive Years Students With Disabilities Subgroup Below 32% | |
| English Language Learners | |
| Federal Index - English Language Learners | 33 |
| English Language Learners Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | YES |
| Number of Consecutive Years English Language Learners Subgroup Below 32% | |
| Native American Students | |
| Federal Index - Native American Students | |
| Native American Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | N/A |
| Number of Consecutive Years Native American Students Subgroup Below 32% | |

Polk - 0681 - Wahneta Elementary School - 2021-22 SIP

| Asian Students | | | | |
|--|-----|--|--|--|
| Federal Index - Asian Students | | | | |
| Asian Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | N/A | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years Asian Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |
| Black/African American Students | | | | |
| Federal Index - Black/African American Students | | | | |
| Black/African American Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | N/A | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years Black/African American Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |
| Hispanic Students | | | | |
| Federal Index - Hispanic Students | 37 | | | |
| Hispanic Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | YES | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years Hispanic Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |
| Multiracial Students | | | | |
| Federal Index - Multiracial Students | | | | |
| Multiracial Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | N/A | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years Multiracial Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |
| Pacific Islander Students | | | | |
| Federal Index - Pacific Islander Students | | | | |
| Pacific Islander Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | N/A | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years Pacific Islander Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |
| White Students | | | | |
| Federal Index - White Students | 32 | | | |
| White Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | YES | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years White Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |
| Economically Disadvantaged Students | | | | |
| Federal Index - Economically Disadvantaged Students | 35 | | | |
| Economically Disadvantaged Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year? | YES | | | |
| Number of Consecutive Years Economically Disadvantaged Students Subgroup Below 32% | | | | |

Analysis

Data Analysis

Answer the following analysis questions using the progress monitoring data and state assessment data, if applicable.

What trends emerge across grade levels, subgroups and core content areas?

In grades 3-5 proficiency levels are below 29 % in reading; this includes economically disadvantaged students and students with disabilities according to STAR Data.

In grades 3-5 proficiency levels are below 45 % in math; this includes economically disadvantaged students and students with disabilities according to STAR Data.

What data components, based off progress monitoring and 2019 state assessments, demonstrate the greatest need for improvement?

When comparing the 2021 progress monitoring data (STAR) and 2019 state assessment (FSA) in reading, there is a decline of 10% in proficiency in reading.

When comparing the 2021 progress monitoring data (STAR) and 2019 state assessment (FSA) in math, there is a decline of 22% in proficiency in math.

When comparing the 2021 progress monitoring data (Science Quarterly Assessment) and 2019 state assessment (SSA) in science, there is a decline of 6 % in proficiency in science.

What were the contributing factors to this need for improvement? What new actions would need to be taken to address this need for improvement?

Wahneta students struggle with reading in general because we have a significant amount of ELL students. ELL students are more likely than native speakers to lack the background knowledge necessary for understanding text. Additionally, teachers lack the knowledge of differentiating instruction based on students needs and selecting resources that support learning. Most impactful for the decrease across content area was the student and staff attendance this past year due to COVID-19 illnesses and quarantine procedures.

Small Group for reading intervention will focus on building foundational skills, using balanced literacy instruction with a focus on word study and vocabulary, group, and individual story reading, writing activities and progress monitoring.

Small groups for math will focus on math fluency, teach foundational skills, build background for upcoming lessons using manipulatives in a more controlled environment and progress monitoring.

What data components, based off progress monitoring and 2019 state assessments, showed the most improvement?

All core content areas showed a decrease across the board, however, science showed only a 6% decrease.

What were the contributing factors to this improvement? What new actions did your school take in this area?

Data from ongoing assessments was used to reteach concepts, writing was embedded throughout the lessons, and hands on experiences were provided.

What strategies will need to be implemented in order to accelerate learning?

- · Look at data to drive instruction
- Check for understanding throughout the lesson
- Build prior knowledge
- Skill-based small groups
- Collaborative Structures

Based on the contributing factors and strategies identified to accelerate learning, describe the professional development opportunities that will be provided at the school to support teachers and leaders.

Reading and math coaches will support teachers in implementing effective strategies to improve student learning. Teachers will be tiered according to needs and progress monitoring data will be used to provide targeted support.

Provide a description of the additional services that will be implemented to ensure sustainability of improvement in the next year and beyond.

Additionally, staff will engage in professional development centered around motivating students to learn.

Part III: Planning for Improvement

Areas of Focus:

| Area of Focus Description and Rationale: | Based on 2018-19 FSA ELA data 68% of 3-5 grade students scored a level 1 and 2. ESSA students with disabilities were at a 31%. In addition, the FSA Math 4-5 lowest 25% scored a 31% in learning gains, much lower than in previous years. Additionally, our STAR data for Reading reflects that our students are at 30% proficiency and 39% for Math. Wahneta students struggle with reading in general because we have a significant amount of ELL students. ELLs are more likely than native speakers to lack the background knowledge necessary for understanding texts. ELLs' prior educational experiences may have been substandard or interrupted, so reading texts that assume certain prior knowledge becomes difficult. Teachers lack the knowledge of differentiating instruction based on students needs and selecting resources to support learning. |
|--|--|
| Measurable Outcome: | As a result of implementing effective small group instruction in FSA ELA 46% of students will earn a level 3,4 or 5 on the FSA assessment. ESSA subgroup, Students with Disabilities will increase to 41%. Student growth will be monitored using formatives, District Ongoing Assessments, school excel sheets and data chats. Also, FSA Math proficiency will increase to 60%. |
| Monitoring: | Our Reading and Math coaches will build structures and establish procedures to support and monitor progress. They will use data, students samples, walk-through data to develop action plans along with teachers to support with student achievement. |
| Person responsible for monitoring outcome: | Nildalis Caraballo (nildalis.caraballo@polk-fl.net) |
| Evidence- based Strategy: | Small group for reading intervention would focus on building foundational skills, using balanced literacy instruction with a focus on word study and vocabulary, group and individual story reading, writing activities and progress monitoring. Small groups for math with continue with focus on math fluency and building hands on experiences using manipulatives. |
| Rationale for Evidence- based Strategy: | Research shows small group instruction allows teachers to work more closely with each student. This type of instruction provides the opportunity to evaluate students' learning strengths, locate gaps in the development of their reading and tailor lessons focused on specific learning objectives. In addition, small group instruction allows teachers to check for understanding, reinforce skills presented in whole group instruction, and/or change the pacing of a lesson (i.e., teachers may break down concepts not easily understood or quickly pass though lessons that students clearly understand). |

#1. Instructional Practice specifically relating to Small Group Instruction

Action Steps to Implement

1. Review data (ELA, Math FSA/STAR, and ELA, Math Formatives and support teachers with creating their small groups. (Admin.)

2. Select a model classroom and support our teachers as needed (professional development). (Admin., Reading

and Math Coaches)

3. Conduct classroom walk-throughs with all grade levels including our Inclusion and ESE Teachers who service our Students with Disabilities and discuss outcomes during collaborative planning and next steps - provide supplies (chart paper and copies of effective small groups article). (Admin., Reading and Math Coaches, Teachers)

4. Review expectations and support with resources (iPads,iStation and Smarty Ants), LLI, iReady, ELL Reading Wonders, AR libraries and Title 1 Para, ESE Para and Migrant Para Push-in and support from the

Math and Reading Coaches, Media Specialist and Administration).

5.Progress monitor using school excel, District Ongoing Assessments and Formatives. (Admin., Reading and Math Coaches, Teachers, Five Title 1 Paras, ESE Para and Migrant Para will all be participating in data

chats)

6. Supplies (classroom supplies -paper, ink, agendas) will be used to document data results.

Person Responsible Nildalis Caraballo (nildalis.caraballo@polk-fl.net)

| #2. Other sp | ecifically relating to Extended Learning | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Area of Focus Description | 72 students in grades 3-5 have a level 2 on FSA Reading and 69 students are a level 2 in Math grades 3-5. To ensure these students are provided with additional opportunities to become proficient in Reading and Math they will be invited to attend extended learning after school. | | | | |
| and Rationale: | Extended Learning is an important part of school life, contributing to student progress and attainment. It plays a key role in extending the knowledge, understanding and skills that are developed in school and provides opportunities for students to consolidate, enrich and extend their learning. | | | | |
| Measurable Outcome: | As a result of implementing effective small group instruction in FSA ELA 46% of students will earn a level 3,4 or 5 on the FSA assessment. ESSA subgroup, Students with Disabilities will increase to 41%. Student growth will be monitored using formatives, District Ongoing Assessments, school excel sheets and data chats. Also, FSA Math proficiency will increase to 60%. | | | | |
| Monitoring: | Our Reading and Math coaches will build structures and establish procedures to support and monitor progress. They will support teachers with STEM assignments for Math and Reading and will provide support as needed. | | | | |
| Person | | | | | |
| responsible for monitoring outcome: | [no one identified] | | | | |
| Evidence- based Strategy: | STEM education is an experiential learning pedagogy in which the application of knowledge and skills are integrated through in-context projects or problems focused on learning outcomes tied to the development of important college and career readiness proficiencies. | | | | |
| Rationale | | | | | |
| for Evidence- based Strategy: | The District science and Math Coaches are supporting with creating STEM based lesson plans that provide students with hands on experiences and real problem based learning. | | | | |
| Action Steps to Implement | | | | | |
| No action st | No action steps were entered for this area of focus | | | | |

No action steps were entered for this area of focus

Additional Schoolwide Improvement Priorities

Using the <u>SafeSchoolsforAlex.org</u>, compare the discipline data of the school to discipline data across the state and provide primary or secondary areas of concern that the school will monitor during the upcoming school year. Include how the school culture and environment will be monitored through the lens of behavior or discipline data.

The school leadership team will continue to build a solid foundation of developing a transformational teaching staff, which, in turn, is the key to building a positive and vibrant school culture.

Part IV: Positive Culture & Environment

A positive school culture and environment reflects: a supportive and fulfilling environment, learning conditions that meet the needs of all students, people who are sure of their roles and relationships in student learning, and a culture that values trust, respect and high expectations. Consulting with various stakeholder groups to employ school improvement strategies that impact the positive school culture and environment are critical. Stakeholder groups more proximal to the school include teachers, students, and families of students, volunteers, and school board members. Broad stakeholder groups include early childhood providers, community colleges and universities, social services, and business partners.

Stakeholders play a key role in school performance and addressing equity. Consulting various stakeholder groups is critical in formulating a statement of vision, mission, values, goals, and employing school improvement strategies.

Describe how the school addresses building a positive school culture and environment.

Wahneta Elementary uses PBIS school-wide, a proactive approach to improve school safety and promote positive behavior. The focus of PBIS is prevention, not punishment. We teach students positive behavior strategies by rewarding them when good choices are made. All students learn about behavior, including those with IEPs and 504 plans. PBIS recognizes that students can only meet behavioral expectations if they know what the expectations are. Everyone learns what's considered to be appropriate behavior and uses a common language to talk about it. Throughout the school day—in class, at lunch, and on the bus—students understand what's expected of them.

We also take pride in building a positive culture for our wonderful staff. Staff is also rewarded for exceeding expectations. We have a monthly superstar posted in the lunchroom, usually the staff nominated is one who has gone above and beyond the call of duty. We provide treats and passes for JEANS on a monthly basis for perfect attendance and we also have bi-monthly socials to enjoy each other's company outside of the classroom.

Identify the stakeholders and their role in promoting a positive culture and environment at the school.

At Wahneta Elementary we take pride in building relationships with our staff, students, parents and the community. We understand that our school is embedded in the community. When we reach out to the community, especially parents - to involve them in the day-to-day life of the school, we know our parents are more likely to support our teachers and students and help them succeed. Many of our parents and community members are active in our SAC committee and they take pride in supporting the school with decisions that impact learning, the budgets and social activities. In the last four years, we have continued to reach out and engage families and community leaders which has strengthened the school's ability to network within the community to find new supports and resources to partner to meet the needs of students.

This past year Wahneta Elementary has had an opportunity to partner with POLYGLASS a commercial roofing company in the neighborhood who provided the school with a generous grant to purchase books.

Part V: Budget

The approved budget does not reflect any amendments submitted for this project.

| 1 | III.A. | Areas of Focus: Instructional Practice: Small Group Instruction | \$0.00 |
|---|--------|---|--------|
| 2 | III.A. | Areas of Focus: Other: Extended Learning | \$0.00 |
| | | Total: | \$0.00 |