Duval County Public Schools

San Mateo Elementary School



2021-22 Schoolwide Improvement Plan

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San Mateo Elementary School

600 BAISDEN RD, Jacksonville, FL 32218

http://www.duvalschools.org/sanmateo

Demographics

Principal: Caroline Wells L

Start Date for this Principal: 7/27/2021

2019-20 Status (per MSID File)	Active
School Type and Grades Served (per MSID File)	Elementary School KG-5
Primary Service Type (per MSID File)	K-12 General Education
2020-21 Title I School	No
2020-21 Economically Disadvantaged (FRL) Rate (as reported on Survey 3)	77%
2020-21 ESSA Subgroups Represented (subgroups with 10 or more students) (subgroups below the federal threshold are identified with an asterisk)	Students With Disabilities* Black/African American Students Hispanic Students Multiracial Students White Students Economically Disadvantaged Students
School Grades History	2018-19: B (59%) 2017-18: B (59%) 2016-17: B (59%)
2019-20 School Improvement (SI) Info	rmation*
SI Region	Northeast
Regional Executive Director	<u>Cassandra Brusca</u>
Turnaround Option/Cycle	N/A
Year	
Support Tier	
ESSA Status	
* As defined under Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code. Fo	or more information, click here.

School Board Approval

This plan is pending approval by the Duval County School Board.

SIP Authority

Section 1001.42(18), Florida Statutes, requires district school boards to annually approve and require implementation of a Schoolwide Improvement Plan (SIP) for each school in the district that has a school grade of D or F. This plan is also a requirement for Targeted Support and Improvement (TS&I) and Comprehensive Support and Improvement (CS&I) schools pursuant to 1008.33 F.S. and the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA).

To be designated as TS&I, a school must have one or more ESSA subgroup(s) with a Federal Index below 41%. This plan shall be approved by the district. There are three ways a school can be designated as CS&I:

- 1. have a school grade of D or F
- 2. have a graduation rate of 67% or lower
- 3. have an overall Federal Index below 41%.

For these schools, the SIP shall be approved by the district as well as the Bureau of School Improvement.

The Florida Department of Education (FDOE) SIP template meets all statutory and rule requirements for traditional public schools and incorporates all components required for schools receiving Title I funds. This template is required by State Board of Education Rule 6A-1.099811, Florida Administrative Code, for all non-charter schools with a current grade of D or F, or a graduation rate 67% or less. Districts may opt to require a SIP using a template of its choosing for schools that do not fit the aforementioned conditions. This document was prepared by school and district leadership using the FDOE's school improvement planning web application located at www.floridacims.org.

Purpose and Outline of the SIP

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

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San Mateo Elementary School

600 BAISDEN RD, Jacksonville, FL 32218

http://www.duvalschools.org/sanmateo

School Demographics

School Type and Gr (per MSID I		2020-21 Title I Schoo	I Disadvant	Economically taged (FRL) Rate ted on Survey 3)
Elementary S KG-5	School	No		67%
Primary Servio (per MSID I		Charter School	(Reporte	Minority Rate ed as Non-white Survey 2)
K-12 General E	ducation	No		55%
School Grades Histo	ory			
Year	2020-21	2019-20	2018-19	2017-18
Grade		В	В	В

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SIP Authority

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Purpose and Outline of the SIP

The SIP is intended to be the primary artifact used by every school with stakeholders to review data, set goals, create an action plan and monitor progress. The Florida Department of Education encourages schools to use the SIP as a "living document" by continually updating, refining and using the plan to guide their work throughout the year. This printed version represents the SIP as of the "Date Modified" listed in the footer.

Part I: School Information

School Mission and Vision

Provide the school's mission statement.

San Mateo Accelerated Academy fosters academic excellence for all students emphasizing basic subjects, enrichment, and real life experiences. We believe this foundation prepares students for success in advanced studies.

Provide the school's vision statement.

The Vision of San Mateo Elementary is to empower students to reach their highest potential, develop a love of learning, and create socially responsible and productive citizens.

School Leadership Team

Membership

Identify the name, email address, position title, and job duties/responsibilities for each member of the school leadership team.:

Name	Position Title	Job Duties and Responsibilities
Wells, Caroline	Principal	Provides a common vision for the use of data-based decision making with literacy and math, ensures the school-based team is implementing Rtl with fidelity, conducts assessment of Rtl skills of school staff, ensures implementation of intervention support and documentation, ensures adequate professional development to support Rtl implementation, and communicates with parents regarding school-based Rtl plans and activities. Inspires, motivates and collaborates with all stakeholders to ensure there is instructional efficacy and that our school's vision and mission guides our daily work.
Thomas , Shaakera	Assistant Principal	Provides a common vision for the use of data based decision making with literacy and math, ensures the school-based team is implementing RtI, conducts assessment of RtI skills of school staff, ensures implementation of intervention support and documentation, ensures adequate professional development to support RtI implementation, and communicates with parents regarding school-based RtI plans and activities. Fosters an environment wherein teachers, staff, students and parents are able to collaborate and contribute to the success of San Mateo through data- driven decisions, collective feedback, and innovative instructional practices.
Poag, Melanie	Teacher, K-12	Provides information about core instruction, participates in student data collection, delivers Tier 1 instruction/ intervention, collaborates with other staff to implement Tier 2 interventions, and integrates Tier 1 materials/instruction with Tier 2/3 activities.
Mendoza, Guadalupe	School Counselor	Provides quality services and expertise on issues ranging from program design to assessment and intervention with individual students. Links community agencies to schools and families to support the child's academic, emotional, behavioral, and social success. Provides consultation services to general and special education teachers, parents, and administrators; provides group and individual student interventions; and conducts direct observation of student behavior. Provides information about school wide and class wide behavior curriculum and instruction; participates in behavioral data collection; provides professional development.
Erickson, Erin	Teacher, K-12	Provides information about core instruction, participates in student data collection, delivers Tier 1 instruction/intervention, collaborates with other staff to implement Tier 2

Name	Position Title	Job Duties and Responsibilities
		interventions, and integrates Tier 1 materials/instruction with Tier 2/3 activities.
Rush, Emily	Teacher, K-12	Provides information about core instruction, participates in student data collection, delivers Tier 1 instruction/ intervention, collaborates with other staff to implement Tier 2 interventions, and integrates Tier 1 materials/instruction with Tier 2/3 activities.

Demographic Information

Principal start date

Tuesday 7/27/2021, Caroline Wells L

Number of teachers with a 2019 3-year aggregate or a 1-year Algebra state VAM rating of Highly Effective. Note: For UniSIG Supplemental Teacher Allocation, teachers must have at least 10 student assessments.

2

Number of teachers with a 2019 3-year aggregate or a 1-year Algebra state VAM rating of Effective. Note: For UniSIG Supplemental Teacher Allocation, teachers must have at least 10 student assessments.

7

Total number of teacher positions allocated to the school

35

Total number of students enrolled at the school

555

Identify the number of instructional staff who left the school during the 2020-21 school year. 3

Identify the number of instructional staff who joined the school during the 2021-22 school year.

Demographic Data

Early Warning Systems

2021-22

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator listed:

Indicator					Gı	rade	Le	/el						Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Number of students enrolled	90	79	84	97	93	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	573
Attendance below 90 percent	1	21	14	22	18	29	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	105
One or more suspensions	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Course failure in ELA	1	2	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8
Course failure in Math	1	2	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7
Level 1 on 2019 statewide FSA ELA assessment	0	6	26	25	22	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	141
Level 1 on 2019 statewide FSA Math assessment	1	9	23	30	28	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133
Number of students with a substantial reading deficiency	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

The number of students with two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator	Grade Level														
mulcator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	
Students with two or more indicators	1	7	16	26	23	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	115	

The number of students identified as retainees:

Indicator		Grade Level													
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	
Retained Students: Current Year	1	2	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	
Students retained two or more times	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		

Date this data was collected or last updated

Tuesday 7/27/2021

2020-21 - As Reported

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indiantar	Grade Level													
Indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Number of students enrolled	85	99	100	106	88	109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	587
Attendance below 90 percent	9	12	10	13	13	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80
One or more suspensions	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Course failure in ELA	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Course failure in Math	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Level 1 on 2019 statewide ELA assessment	24	49	51	40	13	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	210
Level 1 on 2019 statewide Math assessment	23	58	57	46	18	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	432

The number of students with two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator		Grade Level													
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	
Students with two or more indicators	18	40	44	32	13	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	169	

The number of students identified as retainees:

Indicator		Grade Level													
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total	
Retained Students: Current Year	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	
Students retained two or more times	0	0	2	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	

2020-21 - Updated

The number of students by grade level that exhibit each early warning indicator:

Indicator	Grade Level													Total
indicator	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	TOLAI
Number of students enrolled	85	99	100	106	88	109	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	587
Attendance below 90 percent	9	12	10	13	13	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	80
One or more suspensions	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Course failure in ELA	1	1	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Course failure in Math	2	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5
Level 1 on 2019 statewide ELA assessment	24	49	51	40	13	33	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	210
Level 1 on 2019 statewide Math assessment	23	58	57	46	18	230	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	432

The number of students with two or more early warning indicators:

Indicator		Grade Level												Total
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Students with two or more indicators		40	44	32	13	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	169

The number of students identified as retainees:

In dia atau	Grade Level													Total
Indicator		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Retained Students: Current Year	0	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3
Students retained two or more times	0	0	2	3	1	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9

Part II: Needs Assessment/Analysis

School Data Review

Please note that the district and state averages shown here represent the averages for similar school types (elementary, middle, high school, or combination schools).

School Grade Component		2021			2019		2018			
School Grade Component	School	District	State	School	District	State	School	District	State	
ELA Achievement				60%	50%	57%	61%	50%	56%	
ELA Learning Gains				57%	56%	58%	48%	51%	55%	
ELA Lowest 25th Percentile				48%	50%	53%	38%	46%	48%	
Math Achievement				69%	62%	63%	74%	61%	62%	
Math Learning Gains				69%	63%	62%	68%	59%	59%	
Math Lowest 25th Percentile				37%	52%	51%	45%	48%	47%	
Science Achievement				75%	48%	53%	77%	55%	55%	

Grade Level Data Review - State Assessments

NOTE: This data is raw data and includes ALL students who tested at the school. This is not school grade data.

			ELA			
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison
03	2021					
	2019	54%	51%	3%	58%	-4%
Cohort Co	mparison					
04	2021					
	2019	54%	52%	2%	58%	-4%
Cohort Co	mparison	-54%				
05	2021					
	2019	72%	50%	22%	56%	16%
Cohort Co	mparison	-54%			•	

			MATH			
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison
03	2021					
	2019	69%	61%	8%	62%	7%
Cohort Com	nparison					
04	2021					
	2019	62%	64%	-2%	64%	-2%
Cohort Con	nparison	-69%				
05	2021					
	2019	75%	57%	18%	60%	15%
Cohort Com	nparison	-62%				

	SCIENCE												
Grade	Year	School	District	School- District Comparison	State	School- State Comparison							
05	2021												
	2019	74%	49%	25%	53%	21%							
Cohort Com	nparison				•								

Grade Level Data Review - Progress Monitoring Assessments

Provide the progress monitoring tool(s) by grade level used to compile the below data.

The progress monitoring tools utilized to compile the data below includes IReady Reading and Math diagnostics for 1st and 2nd grade and district created PMA's, based on content, for 3rd through 5th grade.

		Grade 1		
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	26/27%	45/48%	61/64%
English Language Arts	Economically Disadvantaged	7/14%	15/33%	24/49%
	Students With Disabilities	3/23%	7/54%	8/62%
	English Language Learners	0/0%	0/0%	0/0%
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	9/9%	32/36%	64/67%
Mathematics	Economically Disadvantaged	4/8%	10/23%	28/57%
	Students With Disabilities	1/8%	5/45%	9/64%
	English Language Learners	0/0%	0/0%	1/50%
		Grade 2		
	Number/%	Fall	Winter	Spring
	Proficiency			
	All Students	34/36%	56/62%	70/78%
English Language Arts	All Students Economically Disadvantaged	34/36% 5/13%	56/62% 13/37%	70/78% 20/61%
	All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities			
	All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners	5/13%	13/37%	20/61%
	All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language	5/13% 2/15%	13/37% 3/27%	20/61% 5/45%
	All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students	5/13% 2/15% 0/0%	13/37% 3/27% 1/33%	20/61% 5/45% 1/50%
	All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged	5/13% 2/15% 0/0% Fall	13/37% 3/27% 1/33% Winter	20/61% 5/45% 1/50% Spring
Arts	All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically	5/13% 2/15% 0/0% Fall 9/10%	13/37% 3/27% 1/33% Winter 39/44%	20/61% 5/45% 1/50% Spring 65/73%

		Grade 3		
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	52/54%	43/45%	55/59%
English Language Arts	Economically Disadvantaged	16/42%	12/32%	14/39%
	Students With Disabilities	4/27%	2/14%	6/43%
	English Language Learners	1/33%	0/0%	2/67%
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	54/57%	65/72%	55/60%
Mathematics	Economically Disadvantaged	15/41%	18/51%	14/40%
	Students With Disabilities	5/38%	7/70%	7/54%
	English Language Learners	1/33%	2/67%	2/67%
		Grade 4		
	Number/% Proficiency	Grade 4 Fall	Winter	Spring
	Proficiency All Students		Winter 70/69%	Spring 63/64%
English Language Arts	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged	Fall		
	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities	Fall 59/57%	70/69%	63/64%
	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners	Fall 59/57% 12/35%	70/69% 17/53%	63/64% 13/43%
	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency	Fall 59/57% 12/35% 1/8% 0/0% Fall	70/69% 17/53% 3/27% 0/0% Winter	63/64% 13/43% 3/27% 0/0% Spring
	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students	Fall 59/57% 12/35% 1/8% 0/0%	70/69% 17/53% 3/27% 0/0%	63/64% 13/43% 3/27% 0/0%
	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged	Fall 59/57% 12/35% 1/8% 0/0% Fall	70/69% 17/53% 3/27% 0/0% Winter	63/64% 13/43% 3/27% 0/0% Spring
Arts	Proficiency All Students Economically Disadvantaged Students With Disabilities English Language Learners Number/% Proficiency All Students Economically	Fall 59/57% 12/35% 1/8% 0/0% Fall 71/70%	70/69% 17/53% 3/27% 0/0% Winter 76/77%	63/64% 13/43% 3/27% 0/0% Spring 68/72%

		Grade 5		
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	56/65%	61/69%	59/71%
English Language Arts	Economically Disadvantaged	18/56%	20/59%	21/68%
	Students With Disabilities	4/36%	3/25%	3/38%
	English Language Learners	0/0%	0/0%	0/0%
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	53/62%	52/59%	40/49%
Mathematics	Economically Disadvantaged	13/42%	11/33%	7/23%
	Students With Disabilities	3/27%	3/25%	1/14%
	English Language Learners	0/0%	1/100%	1/100%
	Number/% Proficiency	Fall	Winter	Spring
	All Students	60/73%	52/59%	53/65%
Science	Economically Disadvantaged	17/59%	15/45%	17/57%
	Students With Disabilities	2/33%	4/33%	2/29%
	English Language Learners	0/0%	0/0%	1/100%

Subgroup Data Review

		2021	SCHOO	DL GRAD	E COMF	PONENT	S BY SU	JBGRO	UPS		
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2019-20	C & C Accel 2019-20
SWD	26	55		38	40		10				
BLK	59	62		55	45		45				
HSP	63			84							
MUL	75			71							
WHT	62	59	58	72	62		49				
FRL	43	63	50	48	47	38	31				
		2019	SCHO	DL GRAD	E COMF	ONENT	S BY SI	JBGRO	UPS		
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2017-18	C & C Accel 2017-18
SWD	18	28	17	28	23	6	45				
BLK	68	59	50	71	72	38	78				
HSP	48	53		76	76						
MUL	71	69		62	54						

		2019	SCHO	DL GRAD	E COMP	ONENT	S BY SU	JBGRO	UPS				
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2017-18	C & C Accel 2017-18		
WHT	53	55	44	67	64	33	71						
FRL	52	51	39	56	57	29	68						
2018 SCHOOL GRADE COMPONENTS BY SUBGROUPS													
Subgroups	ELA Ach.	ELA LG	ELA LG L25%	Math Ach.	Math LG	Math LG L25%	Sci Ach.	SS Ach.	MS Accel.	Grad Rate 2016-17	C & C Accel 2016-17		
SWD	33	40	40	48	47								
BLK	66	56	35	71	70	39	66						
HSP	68			79									
MUL	45	25		74	64								
WHT	57	44	40	74	65	42	81						
FRL	56	47	38	70	65	50	71						

ESSA Data Review

This data has been updated for the 2021-22 school year as of 10/19/2021.

ESSA Federal Index	
ESSA Category (TS&I or CS&I)	
OVERALL Federal Index – All Students	59
OVERALL Federal Index Below 41% All Students	NO
Total Number of Subgroups Missing the Target	1
Progress of English Language Learners in Achieving English Language Proficiency	
Total Points Earned for the Federal Index	414
Total Components for the Federal Index	7
Percent Tested	99%

Subgroup Data

Subgroup Bata	
Students With Disabilities	
Federal Index - Students With Disabilities	34
Students With Disabilities Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	YES
Number of Consecutive Years Students With Disabilities Subgroup Below 32%	
English Language Learners	

English Language Learners	
Federal Index - English Language Learners	
English Language Learners Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	N/A
Number of Consecutive Years English Language Learners Subgroup Below 32%	

Native American Students	
Federal Index - Native American Students	
Native American Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	N/A
Number of Consecutive Years Native American Students Subgroup Below 32%	
Asian Students	•
Federal Index - Asian Students	
Asian Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	N/A
Number of Consecutive Years Asian Students Subgroup Below 32%	
Black/African American Students	
Federal Index - Black/African American Students	53
Black/African American Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	NO
Number of Consecutive Years Black/African American Students Subgroup Below 32%	
Hispanic Students	
Federal Index - Hispanic Students	74
Hispanic Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	NO
Number of Consecutive Years Hispanic Students Subgroup Below 32%	
Multiracial Students	
Federal Index - Multiracial Students	73
Multiracial Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	NO
Number of Consecutive Years Multiracial Students Subgroup Below 32%	
Pacific Islander Students	
Federal Index - Pacific Islander Students	
Pacific Islander Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	N/A
Number of Consecutive Years Pacific Islander Students Subgroup Below 32%	
White Students	
Federal Index - White Students	60
White Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	NO
Number of Consecutive Years White Students Subgroup Below 32%	
Economically Disadvantaged Students	
Federal Index - Economically Disadvantaged Students	46
Foonemically Diagdyontogod Studente Subgroup Bolow 410/ in the Current Voor?	NO
Economically Disadvantaged Students Subgroup Below 41% in the Current Year?	

Analysis

Data Analysis

Answer the following analysis questions using the progress monitoring data and state assessment data, if applicable.

What trends emerge across grade levels, subgroups and core content areas?

The trends that have emerged across grade levels, subgroups and content areas are evident within our population of students with disabilities as their present levels of performance was far below grade level standards and our economically disadvantaged. It is imperative for V.E. teachers to collaborate with general education teachers to identify focus areas. In an effort to increase bottom quartile gains in this area, the administrative team will continue to plan standards based instruction with teachers, ensure that student work and

assessments are aligned to standards, and monitor to ensure it is implemented with fidelity.

What data components, based off progress monitoring and 2019 state assessments, demonstrate the greatest need for improvement?

The data components that demonstrate the greatest need for improvement, based on progress monitoring data and 2019 state assessments, include the economically disadvantaged and students with disabilities for 4th grade and 5th grade. This improvement is needed in both Reading and Math, with the exception of 5th grade reading economically disadvantaged subgroup. PMA data reflects proficiency for both subgroups and grade levels drastically below 50%. The three lowest areas include 4th grade reading at 27% (SWD), 5th grade math at 23% (ED), and 5th grade math at 13% (SWD). The 2019 state assessment indicated only 37% making gains for math. Fourth grade math showed the greatest decreases with 5/23 (22%) of the lowest performing students making gains.

What were the contributing factors to this need for improvement? What new actions would need to be taken to address this need for improvement?

A contributing factor is lack of consistency with the alignment of student work to the rigor of the standards. Weekly walkthroughs indicate that teachers are not utilizing the standard to drive strategic instruction. Also, timely feedback to students on formal and informal assessments to remediate error patterns was implemented inconsistently. In addition, a contributing factor for a decrease in gains for 2019 state assessment (4th grade) was the high number of SWD (23) children in this cadre. To address this need for improvement, administrations will ensure that tier II small group instruction is being provided with an explicit focus on identified standards. This will ensure that students will receive individualized instruction in mastering prerequisite skills and expanding standards that have been mastered. Differentiated instruction provides students with the opportunity to meet and exceed grade level proficiency.

What data components, based off progress monitoring and 2019 state assessments, showed the most improvement?

The data components that showed the most improvement, based on progress monitoring data and 2019 state assessments, include a PMA reading proficiency increase of 16% and 19% for students with disabilities in 3rd and 4th grade, respectively. Consistent collaboration, differentiation and explicit standard-based instruction is needed to increase the proficiency of this subgroup to at least 50%. For the 2019 state assessments, the data component that shows the most improvement is within literacy with an increase of 9 percentage points of student gains from 48% to 57%. The bottom quartile of students increased from 38% to 48% which is a 10 percentage point increase.

What were the contributing factors to this improvement? What new actions did your school take in this area?

The contributing factors to this improvement included reviewing student work as aligned to standards, intentional planning and consistency with guided reading, differentiated Tier 2 plans, bite size and immediate feedback to students. We will continue with these actions to increase proficiency and gains across intermediate grades.

What strategies will need to be implemented in order to accelerate learning?

The strategies that will continue to be implemented include purposeful and intentional collaboration within content areas, explicit instruction based on the standard and alignment to objective, differentiated Tier II plans, consistent monitoring and immediate feedback to student work, and cooperative learning with peers/student groups. In addition, school leaders will continue to plan with teachers during admin-led common planning, consistently conduct standards-based walkthroughs, and provide teachers with immediate and specific feedback and next steps.

Based on the contributing factors and strategies identified to accelerate learning, describe the professional development opportunities that will be provided at the school to support teachers and leaders.

The professional development opportunities that will be provided to support teachers will continue to be admin-led common planning with an intentional focus on standards, alignment of student work, teacher feedback to student work and differentiated Tier 2 plans. In addition, the support of a standards coach, along with the administrative team, will ensure that teachers participate in tiered professional development.

Provide a description of the additional services that will be implemented to ensure sustainability of improvement in the next year and beyond.

The additional services that will be implemented to ensure sustainability of improvement include:

- 1. Ambitious instruction aligned to the rigors of the standards.
- 2. Ensuring a safe and secure learning environment that maximizes student learning.
- 3. Intentional and strategic common planning focused on student work and aligned assessments.
- 4. Cultivate a culture and climate that provides a positive, trusting, and interactive environment

for all stakeholders.

5. Increase teacher retention by fostering teacher leaders and building capacity.

Part III: Planning for Improvement

Areas of Focus:

#1. Leadership specifically relating to Instructional Leadership Team

More than a decade of research suggests that improving the quality of instruction and student learning requires leaders to set a vision for instruction, promote teacher learning around that vision, and foster organizational conditions for teacher collaboration and growth (Louis, Dretzke, & Wahlstrom, 2010). Yet designing professional learning that enhances instructional leadership has proven challenging. Previous attempts may have been unsuccessful because they targeted only school principals rather than teams of leaders or because they were conducted away from school sites rather than being job-embedded. Increasing school leaders' knowledge of curriculum, instruction, and assessment is insufficient. Improving instructional leadership requires increasing school leaders' direct involvement with teachers in these core areas. A team-based approach to professional learning is more effective in enhancing the instructional leadership. (Elizabeth Leisy Stosich, Michelle L. Forman, and Candice Bocala JUNE 2019)

Area of **Focus Description** and Rationale:

In schools with Effective Leaders, principals and teachers work together to implement a shared vision. In such schools, people, programs, and resources are focused on a vision for sustained improvement. School leaders: practice shared leadership, set high goals for quality instruction, maintain mutually trusting and respectful relationships, support professional advancement for faculty and staff. On San Mateo's 2019 5Essentials Survey, Effective Leadership scored a 34 which falls into the weak category. For a school to continuously improve, the leadership team should be an active and skilled group that sets high standards for teaching and student learning. It is critical to positively impact student learning that teachers have influence in a broad range of decisions regarding school policies and practices in an environment that promotes trust, respect and encouragement so that all voices can be heard.

Measurable Outcome:

On 5Essentials Teacher Survey, the category of Effective Leadership will change from the measure of 34 to 61.

Schedule quarterly "reset" conversations with individual teachers to get personal feedback

about school improvement and send out brief monthly surveys to monitor progress

Monitoring:

towards goals.

Person responsible for

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

monitoring outcome:

Evidencebased Strategy:

According to the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation article, 4 Ways that Leadership Teams Create Conditions for Success in Schools, when teachers are involved in examining data and making important decisions based on data that inform how they continuously improve their schools, leadership teams can ensure that everyone in the building is focused on the core business of the school—improving student learning outcomes.

Rationale for Evidencebased

San Mateo will initiate a school-based Leadership Team that will focus on data, instructional practices, and drive the vision and mission of our school to improve

communication and allow staff members the opportunity to

Strategy: participate in school based decisions. According to the 2019 5Essentials Teacher Survey, teachers do not feel they are a part of the decision making process at San Mateo and the survey also indicates a need to provide opportunities for teachers to work together as school leaders to strengthen mutual trust and respect.

Action Steps to Implement

Analyze data with Leadership Team to determine SME's goals for school improvement.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Create and assign measurable action steps with a timeline.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Verify progress by regularly reviewing the outcomes.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Continued analysis of data and progress towards school goals and adjust plan as needed for continuous improvement.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

#2. Instructional Practice specifically relating to Differentiation

Area of **Focus Description** and Rationale:

San Mateo Elementary's highest-priority area of focus is ensuring that all teachers strategically plan differentiated learning opportunities for all students to increase learning gains and lower performing quartile gains. Tier II small group instruction provides students with explicit instruction focusing on identified areas of need. Through tier II instruction students will receive more individualized instruction in mastering prerequisite skills and expanding standards that have been mastered. Differentiated instruction provides students with the opportunity to meet and exceed grade level proficiency. On San Mateo's 5 Essentials Survey, Reflective Dialogue scored an 8 which falls in the very weak category.

This indicates that discussions around

student work, how students learn best, and differentiation are not consistently occurring during teacher-lead common planning. In order to increase gains for the lower performing quartile students and increase gains

for proficient students, continuity must be evident from admin-led common planning, professional learning communities and early release professional development.

Increase reading learning gains by 5 points from 57% to 62%.

Measurable Outcome:

Increase reading lower performing quartile gains by 5 points from 48% to 53%.

Increase math learning gains by 5 points from 69% to 74%.

Increase math lower performing quartile gains by 13 points from 37% to 50%.

Monitoring:

Administration will conduct on-going data chats with teachers to review current data, student groupings, monitor student progress, and identify next steps for academic growth.

Person responsible for

monitoring outcome:

based

Strategy:

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Evidence-

According to Carol Tomlinson and Tonya Moon's Assessment in a differentiated classroom published in Better Evidence- Based Education from John Hopkins School of Education, Volume 3, Issue 3, teachers have a diverse population of learners that includes readiness, culture, motivation, access to technology, language and other contributing factors. With this in mind, teachers are able to utilize informal and formal data to gauge where students are academically and create fluid groupings based on identified standards. In a differentiated classroom, teachers would use this data to make decisions about individualized instruction for student groups and measure the effectiveness of the instruction. Collaboration between teachers and administration to plan purposeful lessons to address standards of deficiency. Consistent implementation with differentiated Tier 2 plans by all stakeholders, providing students immediate feedback to clarify possible

misconceptions.

Rationale for Evidencebased

Strategy:

The evidence-based strategy was identified to allow teachers time to plan differentiated instruction with established systems for progress monitoring of student work and data. This will allow teachers, general education and V.E. teacher, the opportunity to utilize the data and make necessary instructional shifts towards standards mastery. The administrative team will observe evidence of this strategy through lesson plans, tier 2 plans, student work samples, formal and informal data and conversations with students.

Action Steps to Implement

Teachers will utilize common planning to review identified standards, student data, content area strengths and weaknesses, and student work samples. The team will devise a plan to actively monitor academic growth of students with based on specific standards.

Person Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Administrators will conduct on-going classroom observations and walkthroughs to monitor implementation of standards based instruction, aligned standards based activities, and informal and formal assessments based on identified standards.

Person

Responsible Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Evidence of the use of the District Instructional Framework, collaborative learning strategies, meta-cognitive strategies, scaffolded instruction, higher level questioning techniques, and checks for understanding will be utilized to document implementation within reading and math. Professional Development, coaching, and modeling will be provided to support individual teacher needs.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Students will be actively engaged in their own learning with accountability pieces to document student learning and growth.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

#3. Instructional Practice specifically relating to Standards-aligned Instruction

In the article, Unpacking instructional alignment: The influence of teachers' use of assessment data on instruction by Abrams, Varier & Jackson: Alignment of instruction and assessment is fundamental for the accurate measurement of student learning. As such, the alignment or coherence among curriculum standards, instruction, and assessment is essential for standards based assessment and evidenced-based instructional programmes. Assessment data are intended to inform instruction and broader school improvement efforts and guide administrative and instructional decisions in an effort to raise student achievement. According to Turner and Coburn (2012: 3), the use of data is "one of the most central reform ideas in contemporary school policy and practice".

Area of Focus Description and Rationale:

On San Mateo's Standards Based Walkthrough data dashboard, the sum of Averages for Assessing Student Learning was a 2.1. Determining Mastery rated 0.7, Learning Arc Alignment rated 0.8 and FSA Alignment rated 1.4. This data indicates that students are not engaged in student work and assessments that is aligned to the rigors of grade level standards. There is disconnect in teacher perception of instructional activities as evidenced on the 5Essentials Teacher Survey. On this survey, the area that scored the highest was Ambitious Instruction which includes: English Instruction, Math Instruction, Academic Press and Quality of Student Discussion. Our four year historical state assessment data shows that our student gains and Lowest Performing Quartile students are not growing academically in Math and Reading. It is necessary that students are provided with opportunities to engage in grade level activities and assessments that are aligned to instruction so that students can master grade level standards.

Measurable Outcome:

As measured on the Standards Based Walkthrough Tool Dashboard, San Mateo will rate

4.0 on Assessing Student Learning during the 2021-22 school.

Administrators will have reflected data from the Walkthrough Dashboard, completed

Monitoring: lea

learning arcs, common planning minutes, admin/teacher data chats, and district and state

assessment data.

Person responsible

for

[no one identified]

monitoring outcome:

San Mateo will use the Learning Arc Creation document to train teachers to fully understand the outcomes of standards and plan for instruction so that students have the opportunity to participate in activities that will lead them

Evidencebased

to standards mastery.

Strategy: The principal and assistant principal will monitor Assessing Student Learning,

Student Work, Learning Arc Alignment, and FSA alignment using the

Standards Based Walkthrough Tool to monitor progress and plan for next steps.

Rationale for

To move students academically, teachers need to be able to interact confidently with grade level standards to plan appropriate grade level student activities and assessments. Using the Learning Arc Creation document will facilitate this process. Monitoring implementation

Evidencebased

in the classroom will allow our leadership team to develop next steps for teacher

Strategy: development.

Action Steps to Implement

Engage in purposeful planning: Train teachers to use Learning Arc as a tool towards standards mastery, Leverage OneNote Resources and provide on-grade level instruction.

Person

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Monitor classroom instruction using Standards Based Walkthrough Tool, analyze progress of aligning assessment to the rigors of the standard, analyze data, and develop next steps for teacher development.

Person Responsible

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

With teachers, analyze student work to determine standard mastery and planning for instructional next steps.

Person

Responsible Caro

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Use data collected from Standards Based Instruction reviews to make revisions as necessary and to focus on next steps.

Person

Responsible

Caroline Wells (wellsc@duvalschools.org)

Additional Schoolwide Improvement Priorities

Using the <u>SafeSchoolsforAlex.org</u>, compare the discipline data of the school to discipline data across the state and provide primary or secondary areas of concern that the school will monitor during the upcoming school year. Include how the school culture and environment will be monitored through the lens of behavior or discipline data.

The discipline data for San Mateo Elementary reported 1 incident per 100 students. When compared to all elementary schools statewide, we fall into the high category. Within the district, we ranked #62 out of 97 elementary schools. A primary area of concern is ensuring the School Counselor collaborates and guides teachers with supporting strategies with students that are exhibiting extreme behaviors. Administrators, teachers, parents and school-based team will provide additional support and concrete data that can be tracked. This valuable information will be utilized if Tier 2 and Tier 3 support is needed with behavior. The goal is to redirect the off task behavior for the identified students with positive reinforcements, incentives and accountability. The school culture and environment will be monitored through monthly meetings to review discipline data. This data will be shared with teachers in an effort to problem solve and decrease the amount of referrals. In addition, the school will continue to use school-wide Champs and PBIS.

Part IV: Positive Culture & Environment

A positive school culture and environment reflects: a supportive and fulfilling environment, learning conditions that meet the needs of all students, people who are sure of their roles and relationships in student learning, and a culture that values trust, respect and high expectations. Consulting with various stakeholder groups to employ school improvement strategies that impact the positive school culture and environment are critical. Stakeholder groups more proximal to the school include teachers, students, and families of students, volunteers, and school board members. Broad stakeholder groups include early childhood providers, community colleges and universities, social services, and business partners.

Stakeholders play a key role in school performance and addressing equity. Consulting various stakeholder groups is critical in formulating a statement of vision, mission, values, goals, and employing school improvement strategies.

Describe how the school addresses building a positive school culture and environment.

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Describe how the school addresses building a positive school culture and environment ensuring all stakeholders are involved.

Identify the stakeholders and their role in promoting a positive culture and environment at the school.

Celebrating successes, two-way communication and building strong collaborative partnerships with all stakeholders are priorities at San Mateo Accelerated Academy. The School Advisory Council participates in the development, implementation and evaluation of school level plans that include the School Improvement Plan. Over 50% of the SAC members are non-employees.

All parents are given the opportunity to review all plans and offer suggestions prior to approval. Their input is documented through the sign-in sheets and the minutes from the planning meetings. School Advisory Council meetings are held monthly and general PTA meetings are held bimonthly. Our goal is to increase participation by all parent support groups. Parent survey results are reviewed by the SAC, staff and PTA members for continuous improvement at SME.

San Mateo actively seeks new business partners annually to assist with instructional and mentoring support. Working collaboratively with our PTA and SAC, San Mateo has established many business partnerships with local business and churches in and around our immediate neighborhood. Our business partners provide support to our staff and students during preplanning, Orientation, Open House, Reading Celebrations, Parent Nights and FSA Celebrations. We also have a business partner that provides monetary support for students who are unable

afford field trips and supplies. Recognition in our weekly newsletter, website and social media is shared in support of our business partners.

San Mateo strongly believes in providing students with a well-rounded educational experience. We have several teacher sponsored student groups that are involved in leadership roles and opportunity to participate in school-based decisions. We are very proud of our student leaders who participate in groups such as National Elementary Honor Society, Student Council, Teachers of Tomorrow, Morning Announcers and Safety Patrol.

Students are encouraged to participate in voting for Teacher of the Month, Daily Inspirational Quotes, book recommendations, content based trivia and yearbook design to name a few activities to provide opportunities for be a proud Loyal Lion!

All students at San Mateo are valued and encouraged to share their ideas, questions and concerns to be actively engaged.

Part V: Budget

The approved budget does not reflect any amendments submitted for this project.

1	III.A.	Areas of Focus: Leadership: Instructional Leadership Team	\$0.00
2	III.A.	Areas of Focus: Instructional Practice: Differentiation	\$0.00
3	III.A.	Areas of Focus: Instructional Practice: Standards-aligned Instruction	\$0.00
		Total:	\$0.00